



ENVIRONMENTAL/ GREEN AUDIT REPORT



Submitted by

INSTITUTIONAL GREEN COMMITTEE (IGC)

The University of Burdwan

West Bengal, India

July, 2024

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

Internal Green Committee (IGC) of the University of Burdwan is pleased to prepare the Environmental/Green Audit Report for the years 2022-2023 and 2023-24 in association with the Departments of the University of Burdwan.

The Environmental/Green Audit and analysis provides a good understanding of the development and improvement of overall green campus of the University. The present consolidated report shows the different aspects of green and safe environment such as waste management, water conservation, carbon neutrality and overall sustainability of the University. Maintenance of CRSMF is worthy to be mentioned as it serves the local farmers in sustainable agriculture with high yield crop production.

The Internal Green Committee (IGC) team members sincerely thank the Hon'ble Vice Chancellor, Prof. Goutam Chandra for the encouragement to conduct this study.

The entire team members thank the respected Deans of FC of Science and Arts, Commerce, *etc.*, and they are grateful to the Registrar, B.U. for supporting in conducting and preparing the report.

The team is grateful for the cooperation received from the Administrative Offices, Departments and all Faculty members as they have supported us in updating data in every possible way.

The major Goals of Sustainable Development for protection of Environment and sustainability criteria have been addressed in the present consolidated Environmental/Green Audit Report.

IQAC wishes to express sincere thanks to the all the Expert Members who are involved in the audit process.



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Institutional Green Committee (IGC) members

| Sl. No. | Name | Designation | Department |
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| 1. | Dr J P Keshri | Professor | Botany, BU |
| 2. | Dr A R Ghosh | Professor | Environmental Sciences, BU |
| 3. | Dr A Mazumdar, | Professor & Coordinator | Zoology, BU |
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| 8. | Dr P Saha | Assistant Professor | Microbiology, BU |
| 9. | Dr A Ghosh | Assistant Professor | Botany, BU |
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ANNEXURE

| Sl. No | Annexure No. | Item |
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| 1. | 1.1 to 1.6 | History and campus details |
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| 3. | 1.7.2 | Institutional Green Committee members |
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| 15. | 1.18.7 | Field visits and survey records |
| 16. | 1.18.8 | Campus flora and fauna biodiversity register |
| 17. | 1.19.1 | NSS Campus cleaning |
| 18. | 1.19.2 | Rainwater harvesting |
| 19. | 1.19.4 | Sustainable campus through carbon dioxide neutrality (https://www.buruniv.ac.in/Notices/20240739_IQAC.pdf) |
| 20. | 1.19.12 | No vehicle day |
| 21. | 2.1 | Water storage |
| 22. | 3.1.1 | University Electricity consumption |
| 23. | 3.1.15 | No. of computers and peripherals purchased |
| 24. | 4.1.9 | Report of fertilizer and pesticides usage |
| 25. | 5.5 | E-waste management awareness programme |
| 26. | 6.3 | Biodiversity monitoring and fostering |
| 27. | 6.5 | Biodiversity mapping (flora and fauna) |
| 28. | 6.6 | Records of plantation programmes |

1. GENERAL INFORMATION

- 1.1 Year of Establishment: 1960
- 1.2 History behind the establishment: The Maharaja of Burdwan established Golapbag, meaning the rose garden including other sites such as Rajbati (Mehtab Manzil), Tarabag, Udaykanan and Krishnasayer with a massive lake in the center. In 1960, the entire establishment over 356 acres had been converted into the University of Burdwan by legislation, courtesy Dr. Bidhan Chandra Roy, Chief Minister of West Bengal (Annexure - 1.2)
- 1.3 Total campus area: 356 acres
- 1.4 Total built up area: 20.40 acres (5.72%)
- 1.5 Total open space area: 166.91 acres (46.82%)
- 1.6 Total green area: 103.06 acres (28.91%)
Total water area: 66.12 acres (18.55%)
- 1.7 Whether the institute has framed any "Institutional Green Policy"/OR for the first time: YES, 2021
- 1.7.1 Name of Committees formed: **Institutional Green Committee (IGC)** was formed and approved on 22.12.21
- 1.7.2 Name of the Committee members:

| Sl. No. | Name | Designation | Department |
|---------|----------------------|-------------------------|----------------------------|
| 1. | Dr J P Keshri | Professor | Botany, BU |
| 2. | Dr A R Ghosh | Professor | Environmental Sciences, BU |
| 3. | Dr A Mazumdar, | Professor & Coordinator | Zoology, BU |
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| 11. | Dr S N Chattopadhyay | Professor | Zoology, BU |
| 12. | Dr I Chandra | Assistant Professor | Biotechnology, BU |

- 1.7.3 Number of meetings conducted so far: 03
- 1.7.4 Resolution of the meetings: Annexure - 1, 74

- 1.7.5 Action taken by the Committee: Annexure - ~~1.7.5~~ 1.7.5
- 1.7.6 Future programmes of the Committee: Annexure - ~~1.7.6~~ 1.7.6
- 1.7.7 Policy enforcement strategies:
- 1.8 Whether green audit is followed annually, if so, please produce the year-wise recommendations of the auditor along with report (as Annexure): No
- 1.9 Whether institute has constituted the "Institutional Environmental Committee":
Not applicable, since IGC supervises and recommends all environmental activities of the Institutes
- 1.9.1 Name of the Committee members: same as IGC
- 1.9.2 Number of meetings conducted so far:
- 1.9.3 Resolution of the meetings:
- 1.9.4 Action taken by the Committee
- 1.9.5 Future programmes of the Committee
- 1.9.6 Policy enforcement strategies
- 1.9.7 Whether institute has conducted any awareness/responsibility programme among the staff members: **Yes**
- 1.10 Whether institute has framed any "Institutional Biosafety Committee": **Yes**

Vide, Department of Biotechnology, Govt of India Order No. BT/BS/17/320/2008 - PID, Dated: 28/09/2018.

- 1.10.1 Name of the Committee members:
1. Prof. Nimai Chandra Saha, (Chairman IBSC)
 2. Prof. Sudit Sekhar Mukhopadhaya, NIT Durgapur, (DBT nominee)
 3. Prof. Anupam Basu, Dept. of Zoology, BU(Member Secretary)
 4. Prof. Subrata Dey, Vivekanadya University, (External Expert member)
 5. Prof. Apurba Ratan Ghosh, Dept. of Environmental Science, BU (Member)
 6. Prof. T.K.Maity, Dept. of Botany, BU(Member)
 7. Prof. Anandyamay Barik, Dept. of Zoology, BU(Member)
 8. Dr. Indrani Chandra, Dept. of Biotechnology, BU (Member)
 9. Dr. Gispanti Chakraborty, University Health Centre, BU (Biosafety Officer)
 10. Dr. Pradipta Saha, Dept. of Microbiology, BU(Member)
- 1.10.2 Number of meetings conducted so far: **4 (four)** (02/04/2019,28/04/2020, 03/02/2022 and 26/05/2023)
- 1.10.3 Resolution of the meetings: As per minutes recorded in the IBSC file
- 1.10.4 Action taken by the Committee:

(i) Biosafety and Laboratory Disposal Guideline has been prepared, circulated and **posted in the University website**

- (ii) Committee members visited the different Depts and meet with the faculty members, appraise the biosafety guideline for obeying biosafety norms
- (iii) Different Research project has been evaluated for Biosafety and contentment purpose and accordingly approved:

| Sl No. | Dept | Total Number of Project Reviewed |
|--------|-----------------------|----------------------------------|
| 1 | BOTANY | 52 |
| 2 | ZOOLOGY | 52 |
| 3 | MICROBIOLOGY | 16 |
| 4 | ENVIRONMENTAL SCIENCE | 08 |
| 5 | BIOTECHNOLOGY | 05 |

- (iv) Committee recommends for radio safety permission for research work using low ionizing compounds and others,. Accordingly, Dept of Physics and chemistry have been entrusted for getting licence from Atomic Energy Regulatory Board (AERB) and Radio safety officer (RSO) and necessary compliance by the Respective Dept.
- (v) Committee recommends University for waste disposal planning and accordingly it is in the process of planning of the different types of waste disposal including, Chemical waste, Biological waste, and E waste. Talk with local municipality and other stakeholders is in the process

1.10.5 Future programmes of the Committee:

- i) Conduct periodical site monitoring
- ii) Conduct biosafety training among the Research fellows
- iii) Meeting for review any project proposal

1.10.6 Policy enforcement strategies:

- (i) Preparation of any draft policy and feasibility study
- (ii) Meeting with university highest body like Executive Council for necessary policy enactment

1.10.7 Whether institute has conducted any awareness/responsibility programme among the staff members: **Yes**

The Committee does continuous awareness among the faculty members and research scholars. The Committee periodically sends mail to the different Dept. Some time Visit to the different dept, and so on.

- 1.11 Whether all the departments/teachers/non-teaching members/students are aware about the need of the environmental protection and audit: **Yes**
- 1.12 Whether institute has involved the students as volunteers in greening programmes: **Yes**
- 1.13 Whether construction/demolition/repairing are in compliances with green standard: **Yes**, as per PWD schedule and guidelines
- 1.14 Whether institute has conducted any workshop/seminar/lecture on environmental awareness programme inside and/or outside the campus: **Yes** (Annexure 1.14)
- 1.15 Whether the institute has department of Law/Environmental Science/3-Year degree Course/Course curriculum: **Yes**, (if so, how does it takes part in greening programmes) (Annexure 1.15)
- 1.16 Whether institute provides any community services, if so, give details (as Annexure): **Yes**, by NSS (Annexure 1.16)
- 1.17 Whether the students are aware about the use of medicinal plants (any lecture/seminar/conference organized on it): **Yes** (Annexures 1.17.a and 1.17.b)
- 1.18 Comments on the following:
- 1.18.1.1 Plantation program: **Yes**
- 1.18.1.2 Formation of Natural club/Eco club: **No**
- 1.18.3 Management of natural resources, wildlife, conservation of species: **Yes**
- 1.18.4.1 Any project sponsored by national funding agency/NGO, independent project related to environmental issues: **Yes**
- 1.18.5 Is there any incidence of burning of plastics containing garbage within the campus for necessary reduction: **No**, disposed through own mechanism. In order to avoid any plastic burning incidence, university authority has taken initiative to aware students in different programmes such as world environment day, save forest day etc. University also declared "No plastic zone".
- 1.18.6 Celebration of 5th June, Ozone day, Earth Day etc.: **Yes** (Annexure 1.18.6)

1.18.7 Number of field visits/survey records: **Yes (1) (Annexure 1.18.7)**

1.18.8 Campus biodiversity register: **Yes (Annexure 1.18.8)**

1.19 General aspects (express in statements)

1.19.1 Campus cleanliness: The Estate Department looks after the cleanliness of the campus, buildings and other premises.

1.19.2 Rainwater harvesting: **Yes (Annexure 1.19.2)**

1.19.3 Solar street lamps: **NIL**

1.19.4 Carbon dioxide neutrality on the campus by developing greenery: **Yes (Annexure 1.19.4)**

1.19.7 Man-made nest to attract some birds to maintain ecological balance: **No**

1.19.8 Restriction in use of plastic and plastic products: The entire campus has been declared as plastic free campus

1.19.9 Culture of some ducks, swans etc., for scenic beauty in pond or any water body resources (if available): **No**

1.19.10 Green monitoring by green committee/volunteers/team: **No**

1.19.11 Training on vermicomposting: **proposed by BKRTC**

1.19.12 Celebration of 'No vehicle Day' on a particular day: This year it was celebrated on 3 July, 2024. (Annexure 1.19.12)

1.19.13 Dams inside the campus to meet the demand for water: **No**

1.19.14 Installation of fire safety instruments in all the buildings/departments: **Yes.**

1.19.15 Toilets/separate toilets for differently abled students: **Yes**

1.20 Over all noise level

| | | | | | | |
|--------------------|----------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|
| Inside campus area | Outside campus | Class room | Lawn | Office | Laboratory | Canteen |
| 70.2-79.3 dB | 75.4-83.7 dB | 52.6-63.7 dB | 52.3-61.3 dB | 60.8-72.1 dB | 48.4-62.2 dB | 57.6-69.2 dB |

1.21 Is there any device (preferably HVS: High Volume Sampler) for measuring ambient air quality in the campus (if so, pl mention the data month wise): YES,

Table Air quality parameters (Sampling station: outside the academic campus)

| Location | Time | PM10 | PM2.5 | PM1 | HCHO | TVOC | NO2 | SO2 | O3 | AQI |
|--------------------|------------|--------|-------|-------|--------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-----|
| January-February | <i>EM</i> | | | | | | | | | |
| | <i>LM</i> | 45.76 | 28.12 | 19.42 | 13.15 | 21.15 | 21.17 | 10.57 | 11.11 | 46 |
| | <i>AN</i> | 83.63 | 53.14 | 34.76 | 18.18 | 32.63 | 43.91 | 11.36 | 15.53 | 84 |
| | <i>EN</i> | 88.82 | 46.71 | 26.47 | 12.66 | 29.42 | 34.53 | 9.06 | 15.79 | 76 |
| | <i>Avg</i> | 75.95 | 52.15 | 15.61 | 9.23 | 26.17 | 25.44 | 8.22 | 12.38 | 72 |
| March-April | <i>EM</i> | 69.29 | 45.03 | 24.07 | 13.31 | 27.34 | 31.26 | 9.80 | 13.70 | 69 |
| | <i>LM</i> | 58.51 | 36.14 | 22.25 | 19.17 | 25.16 | 34.38 | 11.26 | 13.27 | 59 |
| | <i>AN</i> | 98.66 | 51.43 | 23.3 | 42.57 | 32.63 | 55.95 | 8.27 | 26.18 | 99 |
| | <i>EN</i> | 84.35 | 43.87 | 19.00 | 34.29 | 35.34 | 48.12 | 10.13 | 23.18 | 74 |
| | <i>Avg</i> | 98.79 | 47.61 | 18.8 | 38.34 | 31.04 | 37.37 | 12.77 | 22.39 | 89 |
| May-June | <i>EM</i> | 80.07 | 44.76 | 20.83 | 33.59 | 31.04 | 43.95 | 10.60 | 21.25 | 80 |
| | <i>LM</i> | 49.58 | 28.17 | 16.76 | 11.12 | 25.16 | 23.34 | 10.21 | 16.21 | 50 |
| | <i>AN</i> | 73.66 | 37.90 | 23.92 | 28.24 | 38.73 | 36.56 | 11.73 | 21.48 | 74 |
| | <i>EN</i> | 89.36 | 34.75 | 20.39 | 22.18 | 30.51 | 28.85 | 12.55 | 17.47 | 69 |
| | <i>Avg</i> | 69.38 | 27.01 | 17.13 | 19.44 | 21.16 | 21.67 | 13.18 | 13.76 | 64 |
| July-August | <i>EM</i> | 64.25 | 31.96 | 19.55 | 20.25 | 28.89 | 27.61 | 11.92 | 17.23 | 64 |
| | <i>LM</i> | 73.79 | 41.14 | 33.19 | 17.37 | 31.67 | 29.58 | 11.74 | 28.93 | 74 |
| | <i>AN</i> | 103.14 | 62.09 | 35.90 | 26.25 | 45.25 | 46.15 | 12.79 | 31.55 | 102 |
| | <i>EN</i> | 93.59 | 57.58 | 25.35 | 25.12 | 38.28 | 36.49 | 10.33 | 24.83 | 94 |
| | <i>Avg</i> | 82.19 | 46.25 | 27.62 | 19.55 | 28.35 | 27.48 | 14.73 | 21.75 | 82 |
| September-December | <i>EM</i> | 88.18 | 51.77 | 30.52 | 22.073 | 35.89 | 34.93 | 12.40 | 26.76 | 88 |
| | <i>LM</i> | 85.36 | 39.17 | 28.56 | 21.33 | 38.11 | 34.25 | 12.56 | 14.06 | 85 |
| | <i>AN</i> | 139.84 | 73.08 | 42.47 | 39.25 | 53.13 | 54.33 | 11.70 | 38.69 | 127 |
| | <i>EN</i> | 131.42 | 59.56 | 41.19 | 32.73 | 45.77 | 38.17 | 8.55 | 23.60 | 121 |
| | <i>Avg</i> | 117.70 | 43.92 | 34.38 | 26.31 | 33.40 | 33.56 | 7.38 | 18.11 | 112 |
| | | 118.58 | 53.93 | 36.65 | 29.91 | 42.60 | 40.08 | 10.05 | 23.62 | 112 |

2. WATER MANAGEMENT

- 2.1 Whether institute has an efficient and hygiene water storage mechanism to minimize the loss of water during storage: **Yes**
- 2.2 Whether institute is using water filter with RO, Aqua.Guard and/or large water filter with cooler at the strategic locations in the institute. If so, are they under AMC: **Yes**
- 2.3 Whether institute has its own mechanism in repairing of water leakage: **Yes**
- 2.4 Is there any rainwater harvesting unit in institute: **Yes**
(if so, what are the uses of this water:) See Annexure 1.19.2
- 2.5 Whether institute has developed any reuse and recyclable of water system: **NO**
- 2.6 Is there any scope of measurement of water quality parameters used in hostel, lab, office, canteen, tap water (if so, parameters: pH, EC, TDS *etc.*): **Yes**, the department of Environmental Sciences
- 2.7 Lab-wise water consumption (lt/d)
Chemistry (Dept): 300 L
Zoology (Dept): 200 L
Botany (Dept): 150 L
Geography (Dept): 50 L
Environmental Science: 150L
Microbiology: 200L
Biotechnology: 200L
- 2.8 Whether institute has sufficient/adequate drainage system: **Yes**

3. ENERGY CONSERVATION

- 3.1 Reduction of energy consumptions, especially fossil fuel energy
- 3.1.1 Total electric consumption amount: 2,194,935 Kwh/Yr
- 3.1.2 Average electrical consumption in a month: 182911 Kwh

- 3.1.3 Total No. of
i) LED: 9887
ii) CFL: 78
iii) Tube lights: 757
iv) Incandescent lamps: 13
v) Fans: 4817
vi) Air conditioners/Air Coolers: approximately 256 nos. of AC of varying capacity like 1 ton, 1.5 ton and 2 ton with 1 VRF at university auditorium
- 3.1.4 Whether institute has any provision/choice of renewable and carbon-neutral electricity options: **Yes**
- 3.1.5 Whether institute has planned to install solar panels: (if so, Project installed/working: Date/Month/Year): **Yes, 2014-15 & 100 KVA**
- 3.1.6 Whether institute has efficient water heating system: **No**
- 3.1.7 Whether the staff members of all sectors are concerned in turning off electrical appliances when not in use in both commercial and residential area: **Yes**
- 3.1.7 Is there any monitoring system – like put off the main switch where there is no need of electricity: **Yes**
- 3.1.8 Whether the users follow the appropriate and measurable targets for a reduction of energy, such as, computer, printers, electrical equipment when not in use: **Yes**
- 3.1.9 Is there any options for equipment's running on standby mode: **Yes**
- 3.1.10 Whether institute has taken initiative to purchase efficient and environmentally sound appliances in order to fulfill the green budget: **No**
- 3.1.11 Whether institute has its own mechanism in repairing of electrical fault: **Yes** through agency.
- 3.1.12 Whether the class rooms are with sufficient illumination in day time and ventilation: **Yes**
Number of lights & fans in class room (average): 8 nos. and 4 nos.
Use of light & fans in the day time (average hours): 6 hours.
Number of windows per class: 4/classroom
Natural light source in day time (in hours) (average per class): 6hrs

3.1.13 How many (%) e-notice generated by the institute for academic/administrative purposes in a month: 98%

3.1.14 How many (%) paper-notice generated by the institute for academic/administrative purposes in a month: 2%

3.1.15 Total number of computer, printer, Laptop, Xerox machine: See annexure 3.1.15

3.1.16 Whether institute has organized lectures on energy conservation in order to give awareness to the students: No

3.2 Energy conservation strategies

3.2.1 Whether the architectural design for institute is based upon use of natural lighting & ventilation, to save extra power for bulbs and fans: Yes

3.2.2 Whether florescent bulbs are replaced with CFL bulbs/LEDs: Yes

3.3 Minimize the use of unsustainable transport

3.3.1 What is the available/maximum transport facility used by the staff members/students etc., - mention the number (in average per day): Most of the students, staff, officers and faculty avail bicycle and two wheelers and less numbers of cars.

3.3.2 Whether institute has any common car sharing/car pool among the students and faculty: Yes

4.WASTE MANAGEMENT

4.1 Maximization of the process of wastes & minimization of non-renewable refuse

4.1.1 Is there any method of segregation of waste materials: Yes

Solid waste management: The University of Burdwan has a biodegradable solid waste management system. The facility is located in the Crop Research and Seed Multiplication Farm of the University.

4.1.2 Total amount of solid waste generated in the campus (including tree droppings & Lawn wastes)

Total number of staff: 10

Per capita production per day: 0.5Kg

4.1.3 Whether institute arrange any workshop/seminar/conference for awarding the students/staff for specific arrangements for recyclable wastes: **Yes (Annexure 1.14)**

4.1.4 Whether institute follow specific disposal method for solid or liquid waste in specific manner: **Yes**

Sewage treatment plant at golden jubilee building: The treatment process provided in this plant is completely based on Extended Aeration Activated Sludge Process with diffused aeration system followed by Tube Settler along with Tertiary Filtration Unit. After treatment, water can be discharged into the nearby sewer line or can be reused for gardening/ toilet flushing etc. Liquid waste management: The Department of Chemistry has installed a hazardous liquid chemical waste management facility.

4.1.5 Whether the recycling/collection facilities are provided by the city Municipality and/or private suppliers (including glass, white plastic bottle, printer cartridges, cardboard, furniture, plastics, thermocol, waste papers, electrical goods & alliances, electronic gadgets, instruments, equipment, packing materials): **Yes**

Solid waste management: The University of Burdwan has a biodegradable solid waste management system. The facility is located in the Crop Research and Seed Multiplication Farm of the University.

4.1.6 Whether institute has any composting ground/vat or any collection unit *etc*: **Yes**

Solid waste management: The University of Burdwan has a biodegradable solid waste management system. The facility is located in the Crop Research and Seed Multiplication Farm of the University.

4.1.7 Is there any mechanism of treatment/uses of domestic influent in the institute campus (if so, what is the capacity of treatment plant/composting *etc*): **Yes**

Sewage treatment plant at golden jubilee building: The treatment process provided in this plant is completely based on Extended Aeration Activated Sludge Process

with diffused aeration system followed by Tube Settler along with Tertiary Filtration Unit. After treatment, water can be discharged into the nearby sewer line or can be reused for gardening/ toilet flushing etc.

4.1.8 Minimize use of chemical pollutants

| Sl No | Department | Name of the waste | Total (a+b+c) | Characterization (if any) | Method of disposal | Agency (if any) |
|-------|-----------------------|---|----------------|---------------------------|--------------------|-----------------|
| | | Chemical (a) | Biological (b) | Microbial (c) | | |
| 1. | Botany | Synthetic dyes, ethanol, | NA | NA | | |
| 2. | Biotechnology | Synthetic dyes, ethanol, | NA | NA | | |
| 3. | Chemistry | Sulphuric acid, hydrochloric acid, EDTA, sodium carbonate, organic dyes | NA | NA | | |
| 4. | Environmental Science | Sulphuric acid, hydrochloric acid, EDTA, sodium carbonate, organic dyes | NA | NA | | |
| 5. | Physics | NA | NA | NA | | |
| 6. | Zoology | Sulphuric acid, hydrochloric acid, EDTA, sodium carbonate, organic dyes | NA | NA | | |

4.1.9 Records of dustbins/collection bins inside the campus

| Sl no. | Location of dustbin | No. of dustbins | | | Quantity of collection (per day) | Disposal time | Cleaning by ecofriendly product Y/N |
|--------|--|----------------------|---------------------|----------------------|----------------------------------|---------------|-------------------------------------|
| | | Biodegradable | Non-biodegradable | Plastic waste | | | |
| | Dust bins are placed in every corridor of each | Green/ Blue coloured | Red coloured R - 30 | Red coloured, R - 30 | 50 kg | 9 -10 am | Yes |

| | | | | | | | |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| academic and administrative sections | are used; G - 100, B - 40, Y - 30 | | | | | | |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|

4.1.9 Whether the cleaning products used by the institute staff are ecofriendly and under the COSHH (Control of Substances Hazard to Health) regulations: **Yes**

Management of Biomedical and Chemical waste and monitoring of research work involving Biohazard issues is performed under the strict surveillance of the Institutional Biosafety Committee (IBSC, BU) chaired by Hon'ble ViceChancellor, The University of Burdwan. The IBSC has been entrusted to monitor the following: Decontamination and Disposal, DISPOSAL METHODS, Disposal of Hazards Chemicals.

Whether the institute is using fertilizers, pesticides for any purposes, if so, amount used per month and places of uses: **Yes (Annexure 4.1.9)**

Use of public transport: **Yes**

5. E-WASTE MANAGEMENT

- 5.1 Quantity of e-waste generated: 100 ton/yearly
- 5.2 Number of cartridge used month-wise: 45
- 5.3 Number of cartridge disposed in a year (average): 85
- 5.4 Number of times refilling & reusing method of disposal of e-waste (if any): 3-4 times
- 5.5 Whether institute has conducted any awareness programme on e-waste management: **Yes, (Annexure 1.14)**
- 5.6 Is there any means of disposal of unused computers, printers and electronic wastes through authorized agents: **Yes**

5.7 Disposal methods

| Sl No. | Location | Amount of generation | Method of disposal | Name of the Agency (if any) for disposal |
|--------|--|----------------------|-------------------------------|--|
| 1. | Backyard of Bengali Department, Golapbag | | Channelize to the third party | WEBEL, Government of West Bengal |

6. GREEN AREA MANAGEMENT

- 6.1 Is there any garden in the institute campus/outside the campus under institute custody: **Yes.**
- 6.2 Whether the garden is watered by using drip/sprinkler irrigation system: **Yes.**
- 6.3 Is there any mechanism of review of periodical monitoring of tree species: **Yes.**
- 6.4 Whether the institute has taken any programme for plantation of some fruit trees which can attract birds, bees *etc.*: **Yes**
- 6.5 Biodiversity mapping: Annexure 6.5
- 6.6 Records of Plantation programmes: Annexure 6.6

Annexure 1.1: Year of establishment

Annexure 1.2: History behind the establishment

Annexure 1.3: Total campus area

Annexure 1.4: Total built up area

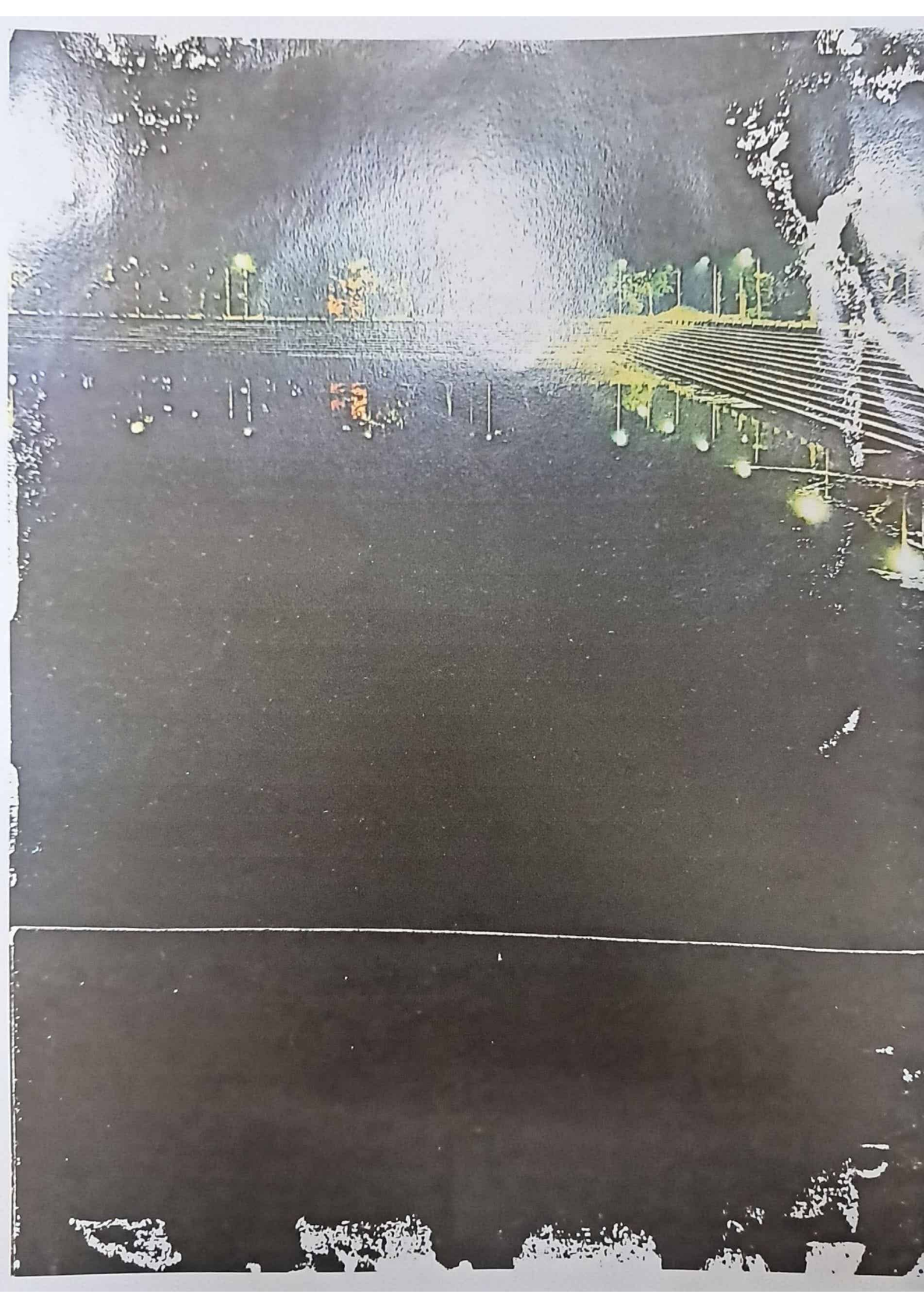
Annexure 1.5: Total open space area

Annexure 1.6: Total green area; total water area



THE UNIVERSITY OF BURDWAN

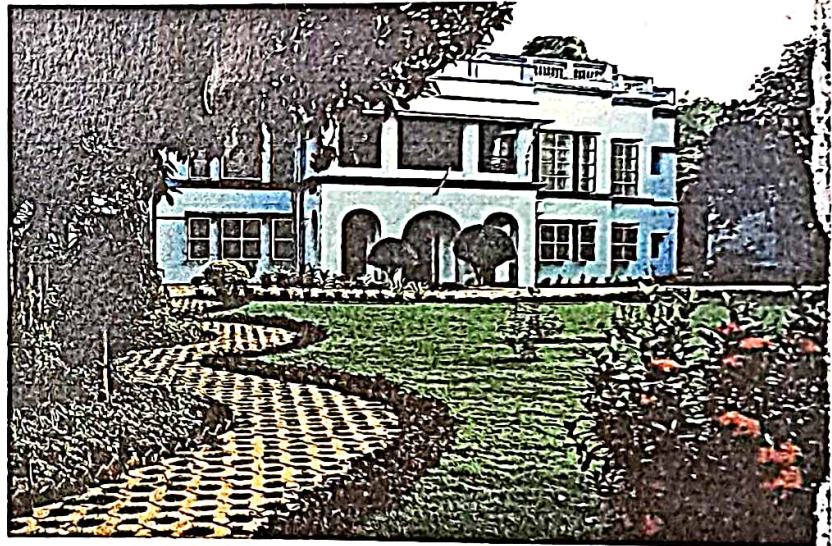
GOLAPBAG
A Biodiversity Campus



Golapbag: Academic Campus of the University of Burdwan

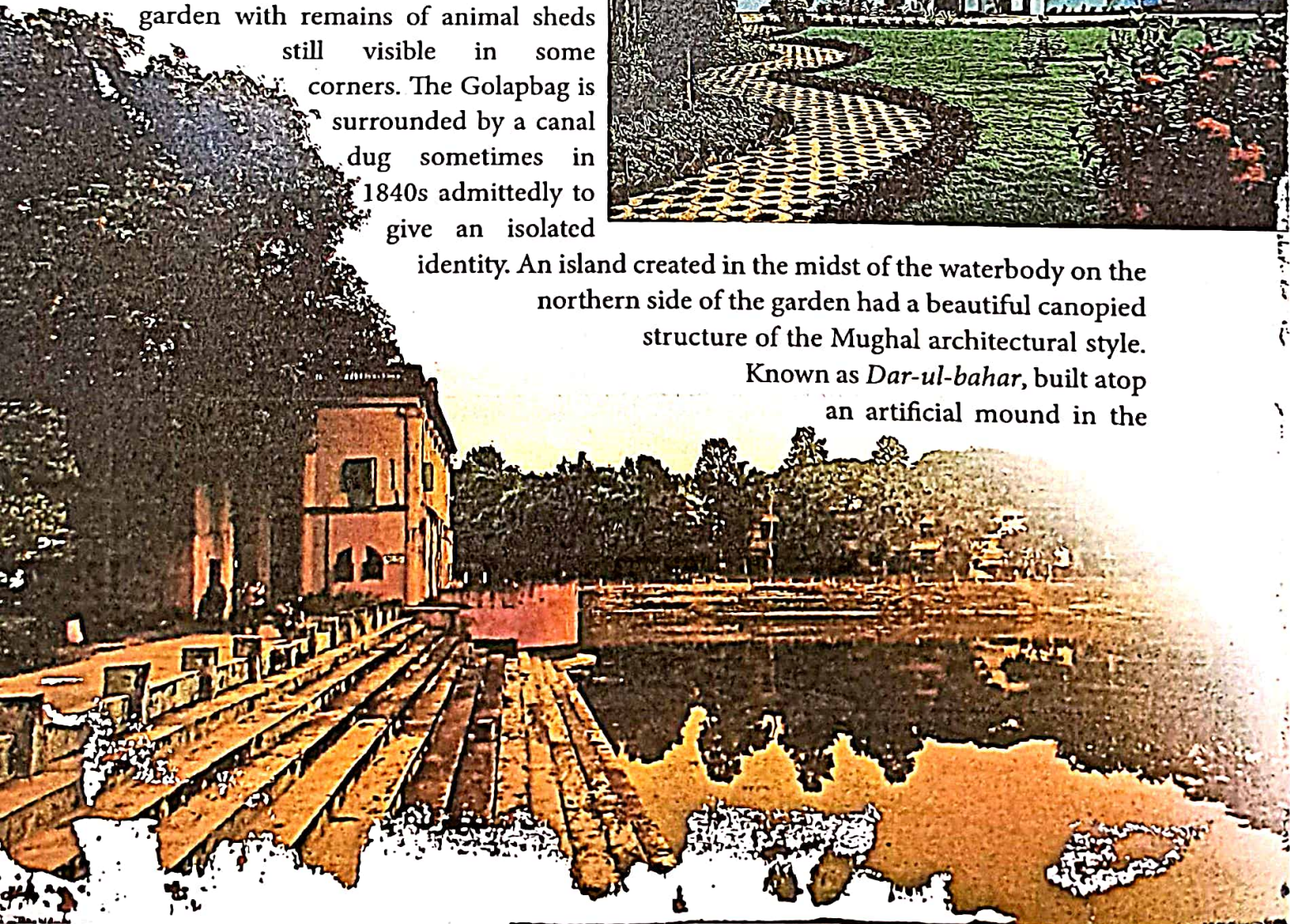
Introduction: *Golāpbāg*, literally the rose garden, had once been the pleasure park of the Maharaja of Burdwan, the richest feudal lord of British of Bengal. Apparently, Golapbag is just one of the similar other historic sites like the Rajbati with its majestic palace Mehtab Manjil; Tarabag (or the garden of the queen Tarasundari); Udaykanan (named after the king Udaychand) and Krishnasayar (the ecopark with a massive lake at the centre)-all these once made the residence of the Maharaja at the heart of the Bardhaman town. In 1960, the entire establishment spanning over 356 acres had been converted into the University of Burdwan by the cabinet legislation, courtesy Dr. Bidhan Chandra Roy, illustrious Chief Minister of West Bengal.

The Rajbati or the royal palace *Mehtab Manjil* has been already declared a heritage site by the Govt. of West Bengal. Next to the Rajbati, Golapbag is the most important historic site of the Burdwan Raj in a different sense. The royal house had planned it as a botanical/zoological garden with remains of animal sheds still visible in some corners. The Golapbag is surrounded by a canal dug sometimes in 1840s admittedly to give an isolated



identity. An island created in the midst of the waterbody on the northern side of the garden had a beautiful canopied structure of the Mughal architectural style.

Known as *Dar-ul-bahar*, built atop an artificial mound in the



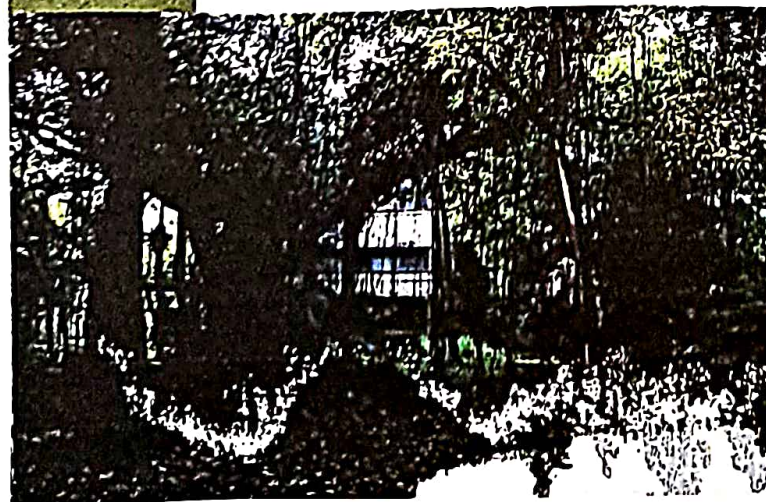
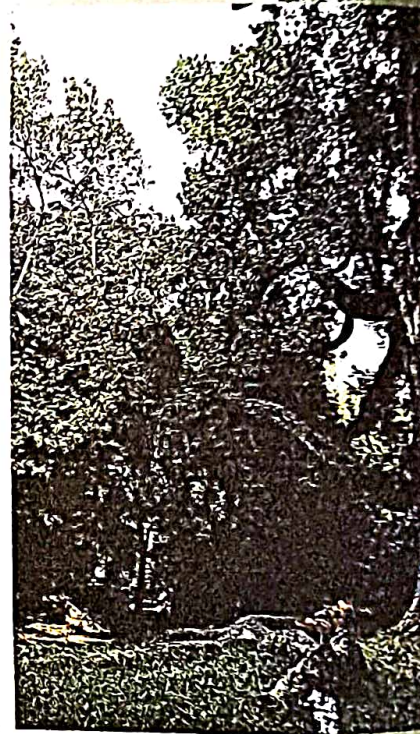


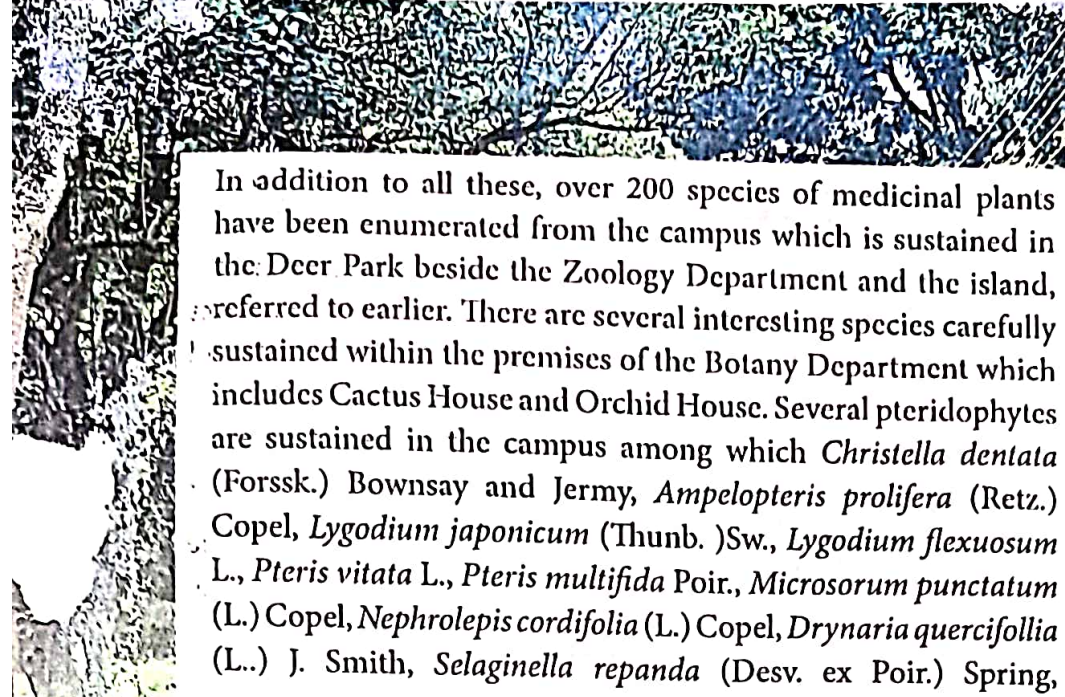
island, it was used by the king to receive royal guest/s or to host musical consort in the moonlit night. In the Golapbag campus, *Dar-ul-bahar* still stands intact as a mute witness to its bygone pomp and glory.

The construction of the Golapbag cannot be exactly dated, but the canal surrounding it had been built sometime in the 1840s. Tradition has it that the planning and designing of the Golapbag garden had been made by Joseph Dalton


Hooker, renowned British Botanist and the Director of the Royal Botanical Garden, Kew (England). Dr. Hooker came to Burdwan in 1884 and had listed 128 species of trees in the palace compound of the Burdwan Raj. The entire garden is divided into some alleys each with a particular species of trees on both sides of it, the original layout is still visible. The old glories of the garden are admittedly no more, but whatever still exists might get a casual visitor to the campus wonder struck. With nearly 1200 trees, 154 rare centuries old mahogany trees, and innumerable species of flora and fauna, the historic Golapbag remains a green island in the midst of a clumsy rural town.

The wide variety of trees gracing the Golapbag garden is simply awe inspiring. Some of these are: *Polyalthia longifolia*, *Swietenia mahagoni*, *Drypetes roxburghii*, *Saraca asoca*, *Albizia saman*, *Dolichandrone stipulata*, *Manilkara hexandra*, *Aphanamysis polystachia*, *Naringi crenulata*, *Pongamia pinnata*, *Barringtonia acutangula*, and several others in the garden. A large number of species are unique to the campus for having been either introduced or surviving as the reminiscent of the indigenous flora that no more exists outside. Among the introduced ones *Brownea coccinea*, *Jacquinea ruscifolia*, *Amherstia nobilis* deserve mention. A number of factors such as variation in microhabitats, plenty of land open to plant invasion, willful introduction of species for avenue plantation, ornamentation and botanical studies, high anthropogenic concern etc. over fairly a long period have led to the assemblage of plants of admirable distinction.





In addition to all these, over 200 species of medicinal plants have been enumerated from the campus which is sustained in the Deer Park beside the Zoology Department and the island, referred to earlier. There are several interesting species carefully sustained within the premises of the Botany Department which includes Cactus House and Orchid House. Several pteridophytes are sustained in the campus among which *Christella dentata* (Forssk.) Bownsay and Jermy, *Ampelopteris prolifera* (Retz.) Copel, *Lygodium japonicum* (Thunb.) Sw., *Lygodium flexuosum* L., *Pteris vitata* L., *Pteris multifida* Poir., *Microsorium punctatum* (L.) Copel, *Nephrolepis cordifolia* (L.) Copel, *Drynaria quercifolia* (L.) J. Smith, *Selaginella repanda* (Desv. ex Poir.) Spring,

Ceratopteris thalictroides (L.) Brongn., *Azolla pinnata* R. Br. *Salvinia natans* L., *Nephrolepis cordifolia* (L.) Presl. *Macrothelipteris* sp., *Pronephrium nudatum* (Roxb.) Holttum, *Helminthostachys zeylanica* (L.) Hook. *Platicerium bifurcatum* (Cav.) C. Chr. are noteworthy.

The majestic banyan tree in the courtyard of the Botany department and

Magnolia hodgsonii also deserve attention. No less than 300 rose plants of 130 varieties are grown in the island garden together with other seasonal flower bearing plants. The plant diversity of the campus has been proving its worth in conveying ecological, natural-aesthetic and cultural service to the society in several ways.

On the whole, Golapbag represents a unique assemblage of the greenery, water bodies canopied by giant trees, supplemented further by the king's garden (Ramnabagan) just on the other side of the road – all unite to create a safe haven for birds in the midst of the din and bustle of the Burdwan town. As many as 100 species



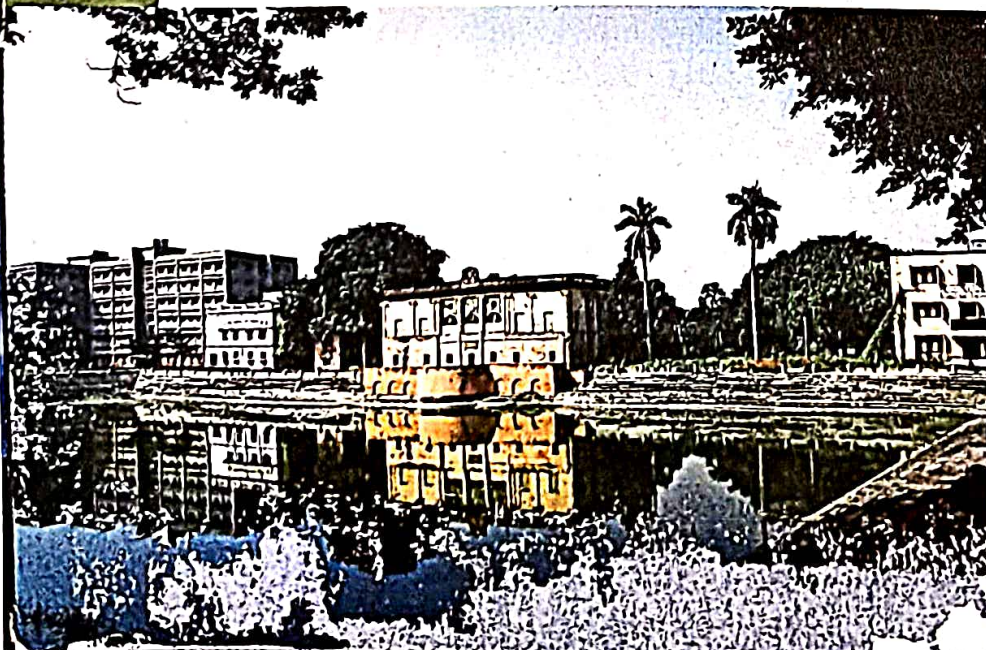
scolopacea (koel or Kokil), *Athene brama* (Spotted Owlet or Kuture Pencha; *Halcyon coromanda* (White breasted kingfisher or Sadabook Machranga), *Alcedo atthis* (Small blue kingfisher or Chhoto machranga) etc.

Golapbag is integrated with the University's Crop Research and Seed Multiplication Farm (CRSMF) covering 10.5 hectares of land, the brainchild of famous geneticist and plant breeder Prof. Param Nath Bhaduri FNA. Founded in 1965 with the objective, of promoting research related to development of cereals, oils seeds, pulses and plants, the CRSMF has been catering to the services of peasants from the whole of South Bengal. Attracted by its high research profile, various funding agencies sponsored its activities leading to the launching of the WB Govt sponsored 'Foundation & Certified Seed programme' from 2002 onwards for paddy, mustard, gram, lentil and moong.

From the last year, CRSMF has undertaken the potato breeder seed multiplication work in collaboration with the Central Potato Research Organization, Nainital. In addition to all these, a germplasm conservatory of "Mango" has already been set up (*Amrakanan*) for the conservation of traditional mango varieties. More than 20 varieties of mango (Langra, Bombai, Champa, Mohanbhog, Amrapali, Golapkhas, Molamjam, Sadulla, Motichur, Bera, Mallika, Jharjhari, Rani, Kisanbhog, Sarirkhas, Katamisti, Michhirdana, Biswanath, Kohitur, Himsagar, and Alfanso etc.) are getting special care in this conservatory. The CRSMF has also been providing technical assistance, guidance and advice to local farmers on the technology of harvesting and post-harvest packaging and care of cereal, pulse, oils and vegetables seed multiplication in the context of the latest developments in agricultural practices through organization of seminars and workshops at periodic intervals. On the whole, Golapbag campus makes an ideal case for a Biodiversity Heritage Site, a vast area of agro-ecosystem with ongoing agricultural practices and significant domesticated biodiversity component.

There have been several publications on the plants of the campus covering various aspects, viz. taxonomy of higher and lower groups of plants, air pollution index and CO₂ sequestration potential of trees, medicinal properties of herbs, shrubs, trees, vines etc., natural products of plant origin, allelopathic potential, ethnopharmacological and molecular pharmacology, pharmacognostic and autecological studies of medicinal

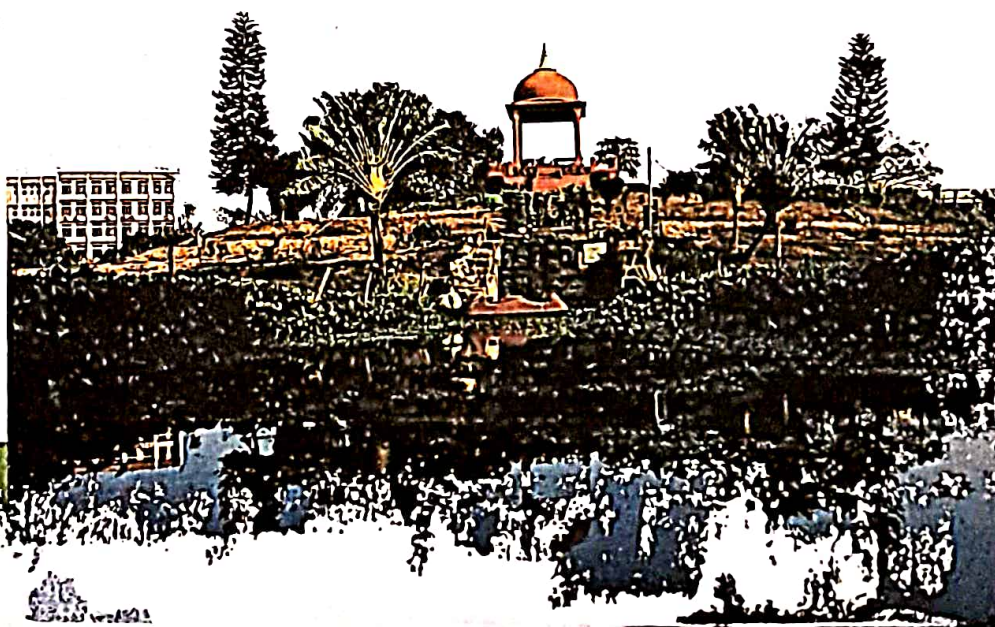
plants, micropropagation of medicinal plants perceiving threats of extinction, reproductive biology etc. The concern and virtues of the biodiversity of the Golapbag are multifarious covering the academic, aesthetic, commercial and environmental perspectives.



Significance and Objectives of Biodiversity Heritage Site fulfilled by Golapbag Campus:

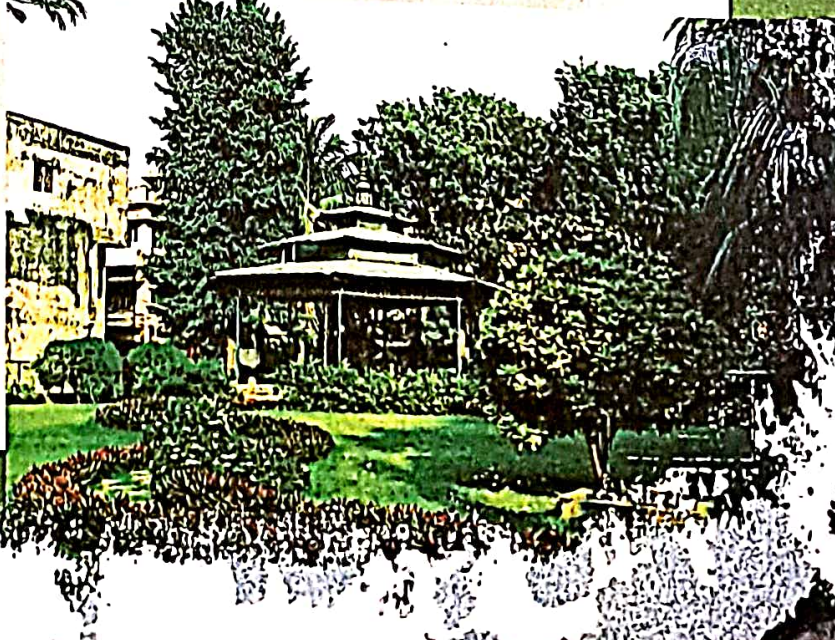
Based on what has been stated above, Golapbag Campus of the University of Burdwan justifies the existing parameters of the significance and objectives of the Biodiversity Heritage Site (BHS) stated in *Item No.2* under Section 37 of the Biological Diversity Act, 2002 (BDA).

1. Biodiversity of the Golapbag campus being closely related to the ecological security caters to human welfare. The university has taken various measures to reinforce the biodiversity heritage of the campus, traditionally sustained since the 1860s. But, in order to conserve this priceless green heritage for the larger societal posterity, it seems, the Golapbag Campus needs special attention from the Government.
2. The proposal fulfills academic, aesthetic, cultural and ecological needs of the people of the larger Burdwan town and its adjoining areas since it has all the virtues to represent a positive interface between nature, culture, society and technologies in such a way that conservation and livelihood security can be achieved, as also positive link between wild and domesticated biodiversity can be enhanced.
3. The University of Burdwan being the second largest university of West Bengal has been recently placed at the 27th position among the First-50 Universities of India (India Today Ranking-2015). The recognition of its academic campus as Biodiversity Heritage Site would further help enhance its position.
4. Burdwan University has been for long serving as a premiere agency in south Bengal for spreading the concepts of conservation ethics in the society through its Rural Technology Centre and the social outreach programme of different academic Post-graduate departments.
5. Of late, the university's Golapbag Campus is being repeatedly used by local administrative authorities for election and associate purposes much to the detriment of its biodiversity heritage. An activity like this literally neutralizes the results of conservation efforts of many years involving much labour and cost. A Biodiversity Heritage Site tag to the campus could save it from permanent menace, such as this.

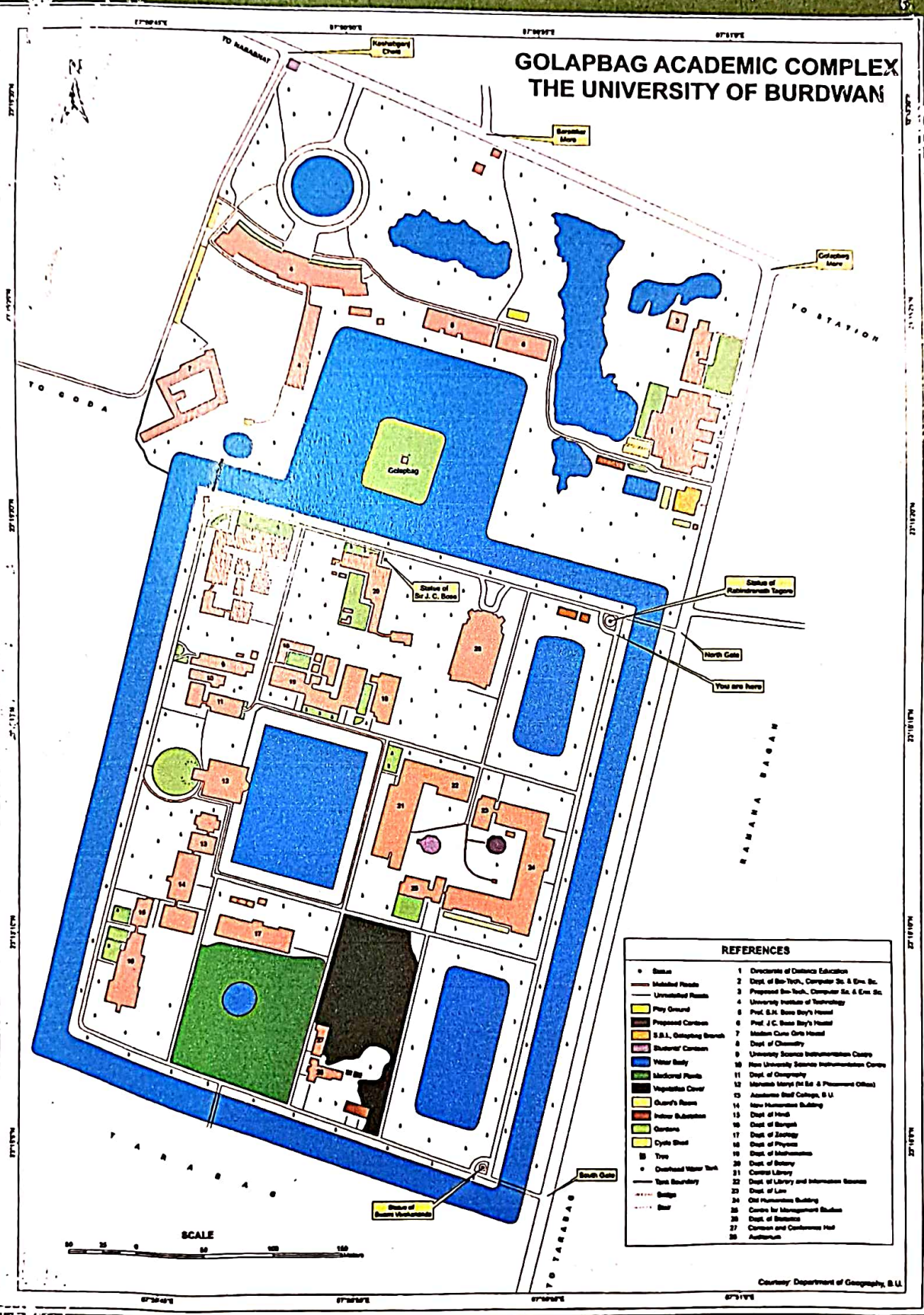




Golapbag Campus fulfills all the criteria necessary the BHS recognition:

- i. The campus contains a mosaic of natural, semi-natural and academic components, which collectively contain a significant diversity of life-forms.
 - ii. The university's Crop Research and Seed Multiplication Farm (CRSMF), an adjunct to the Golapbag and the beautiful moat that surrounds the campus, with historic island (*Dar-ul-Bahar*), wide range of plant genetic resources sustained through its agro-ecosystem literally form an oasis in this centuries' old little congested town
 - iii. The campus accommodates many a threatened and rare specie of the macro and microscopic plants and animals in its greens and wetlands.
 - iv. The site is not covered under the Protected Network of the Wildlife Protection Act 1972 as amended.
 - v. The area provides habitats, aquatic and terrestrial, to seasonal migrant species for feeding and breeding.
 - vi. Areas are maintained as experimental plots by teachers and researchers of Botany and Zoology departments.
 - vii. Medicinal Plant Conservation Areas are well sustained in isolated protected areas within the campus.
 - viii. The Rajbati campus of the University of Burdwan or the royal palace known as the *Mehtab Manjil* has been already declared a heritage site by the Govt. of West Bengal.
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GOLAPBAG ACADEMIC COMPLEX THE UNIVERSITY OF BURDWAN



REFERENCES

| | | | |
|---|-------------------------|----|---|
| • | Statue | 1 | Directorate of Distance Education |
| — | Metalled Roads | 2 | Dept. of Bio-Tech., Computer Sci. & Env. Sci. |
| — | Unmetalled Roads | 3 | Prepared Bio-Tech., Computer Sci. & Env. Sci. |
| — | Play Ground | 4 | University Institute of Technology |
| — | Proposed Corridor | 5 | Prof. S.H. Bose Ray's Hostel |
| — | S.B.L., Golapbag Branch | 6 | Prof. J.C. Bose Ray's Hostel |
| — | Statue of Corridor | 7 | Madison Cane Girls Hostel |
| — | Water Body | 8 | Dept. of Chemistry |
| — | Medicinal Plants | 9 | University Science Instrumentation Centre |
| — | Vegetable Cover | 10 | New University Science Instrumentation Centre |
| — | Queen's Room | 11 | Dept. of Geography |
| — | Interior Substation | 12 | Mohini Moya (Fit Est. & Placement Office) |
| — | Gardens | 13 | Autonomous School College, B.U. |
| — | Cycle Stand | 14 | New Humanities Building |
| — | Tree | 15 | Dept. of Hindi |
| — | Overhead Water Tank | 16 | Dept. of Bengali |
| — | Term Boundary | 17 | Dept. of Zoology |
| — | Bridge | 18 | Dept. of Physics |
| — | Star | 19 | Dept. of Mathematics |
| — | | 20 | Dept. of History |
| — | | 21 | Central Library |
| — | | 22 | Dept. of Library and Information Science |
| — | | 23 | Dept. of Law |
| — | | 24 | Old Humanities Building |
| — | | 25 | Centre for Management Studies |
| — | | 26 | Dept. of Sanskrit |
| — | | 27 | Canteen and Conference Hall |
| — | | 28 | Auditorium |

Courtesy: Department of Geography, B.U.



The University of Burdwan
Golapbag, Burdwan, Pin: 713104

Annexure 1.7:
Institutional Green Policy

UNIVERSITY INITIATIVE OF FRAMING GREEN POLICY

I. Prelude

Environmental policy is the commitment of an HE organization or government to the laws, regulations, and other policy mechanisms concerning environmental issues. These issues generally include air and water pollution, waste management, ecosystem management, maintenance of biodiversity, the management of natural resources, wildlife and endangered species. Concerning environmental policy is the implementation of an eco-energy-oriented policy at a global level to address the issues of global warming and climate changes. Policies concerning energy or regulation of toxic substances including pesticides and many types of industrial waste are part of the topic of environmental policy. This policy can be deliberately taken to influence human activities and thereby prevent undesirable effects on the biophysical environment and natural resources, as well as to make sure that changes in the environment do not have unacceptable effects on humans.

Environmental issues typically addressed by environmental policy include (but are not limited to) air and water pollution, waste management, ecosystem management, biodiversity protection, the protection of natural resources, wildlife and endangered species, and the management of these natural resources for future generations.

Environmental policies often address issues in one of three dimensions of the environment: ecological (for instance, policies aimed at protecting a particular species or natural areas), resource (for instance, related to energy, land, water), and the human environment (the environment modified or shaped by humans, for instance, building/Land use & Land cover planning, pollution).

In contrast to environmental policy, ecological policy addresses issues that focus on achieving benefits (both monetary and non-monetary) from the non-human ecological world. Broadly included in ecological policy is natural resource management (fisheries, forestry, wildlife, range, biodiversity, and at-risk species).

II. Introduction

Environmental Policy is that it comprises two major terms: Environment and Policy. Environment refers to the physical ecosystems, but can also take into consideration the social dimension (quality of life, health) and an economic dimension (resource management, biodiversity). Policy can be defined as a "course of action or principle adopted or proposed by a government, party, business or individual". Thus, environmental policy tends to focus on problems arising from human impact on the environment, which is important to human society by having an (negative) impact on human values. Such human values are often labelled as good health or the 'clean and green' campus environment. In practice, policy analysts provide a wide variety of types of information to the public decision-making process. University respects a good relationship with the natural environment and its ecosystems. We acknowledge the adverse impacts that human activity can impose and take actions to prevent degradation of those natural

systems. We acknowledge the specific impacts of our academic activities on the natural environment, and our responsibility as a good corporate citizen to ensure a natural environment that is sustainable.

The term "Green" means eco-friendly or not damaging the environment. This can acronymically be called as "Global Readiness in Ensuring Ecological Neutrality" (GREEN).

Green Policy helps to provide a systematic identification, quantification, recording, reporting and analysis of components of environmental diversity. The aims of 'policy' are to analyze environmental practices within and outside the institute campus, which will have an impact on the eco-friendly ambience; as well as to improve the condition of environment.

Environmental Policy includes the plants community, greenery and sustainability of the campus to ensure that the infrastructures/buildings conform to green standards, also helps to follow the practices as per Environmental Policy.

Policy includes also methodology of preparation and filling up of questionnaire, physical inspection of the campus, observation and review of the documentation, interviewing key persons and data analysis, measurements and recommendations; it works on the several facets of 'Green Campus' including Water Conservation, Tree Plantation, Waste Management, Paperless Work, Alternative Energy and Mapping of Biodiversity.

Green policy is assigned to the Criteria 7 of NAAC, which embraces there main pillars, *i.e.*, zero environmental foot print, positive impact on occupant health and performance and 100% graduates demonstrating environmental literacy. The goal is to reduce CO₂ emission, waste generation (in-site/off-site), energy and water use, while creating an atmosphere where students can learn and be healthy.

III. Key Components of Environmental Policy

An environmental policy serves as a roadmap for the University to define their commitment towards sustainable practices and outline strategies to minimize their impact on the environment. The key components of an environmental policy template and step-by-step guide to create it.

i. This Environmental Sustainability Policy formalizes our commitment to supporting the principles of environmental sustainability and recognizes that a sustainable environment is maintained in the our work place.

ii. The University of Burdwan is committed to managing its activities to promote environmental sustainability, conserve and enhance our natural resources, prevent environmental pollution and bring about continual improvement in our environmental performance.

iii. The aim of this Environmental Sustainability Policy is to integrate a philosophy of environmental sustainability into the organization's activities and to establish and promote sound environmental practice in our operations. It will achieve this way:

- a. Informing staff and all stakeholders of our commitment to the environment and sustainability.
- b. Supporting the implementation of environmental actions within our University.
- c. Monitoring the progress of those environmental actions.

- d. Communicating the outcome of those environmental actions to relevant stakeholders.

IV. Objectives of Environmental Policy

Specific objectives of the Environmental Policy of the University of Burdwan is to reduce its environmental impact.

These objectives should be measurable, time-bound, and aligned with relevant sustainability goals.

This could include areas such as carbon neutrality, greenhouse gas emissions, water usage, waste generation, or biodiversity conservation.

Create provisions to include initiatives such as green campus, clean & safe campus, implementation of energy-efficient technologies, promoting recycling programs, or investing in renewable energy sources.

V. Roles and Responsibilities of Stakeholders

This policy is owned by The University of Burdwan. It was adopted on and will be reviewed after every two years of action. Changes may be made at any time based on guidance or amended organisational priorities.

Suggestions for changes or additions to this policy are welcome and should be reported to the entrusted Green Committee.

VI. Coverage of the Policy

This policy covers all students, teachers, non-teaching members, officers, directors, consultants, contractors, volunteers, alumni, interns, casual workers and agency workers.

Clearly define roles and responsibilities of stakeholders for the successful implementation of an environmental policy.

Must specify tasks related to environmental management and sustainability.

Starting from top administration/management, department heads, or designated teams will be responsible for specific areas such as energy management or waste reduction.

Emphasize the creation/generation of awareness in achieving environmental goals through programmes.

Steps to encourage all stakeholders to take responsibility for their own actions on environmental awareness.

VII. Monitoring and Review

Regular monitoring and review are essential to ensure that environmental policy remains effective over time.

Identify key performance indicators (KPIs) that will be used to measure progress towards environmental objectives.

These could include metrics such as energy consumption, waste reduction, or water usage.

Explanation on data collection and analysis to track progress.

This could involve regular audits, data collection systems, or third-party certifications prescribed by authority.

Provision of reviewing policy to ensure that organization remains adaptable to take new environmental challenges and can make necessary updates to its strategies and objectives.

VIII. Terminology

Campus means – Golapbag, Rajbati, Tarabag, Hostel premises, Farm House, Staff Residential Houses, Guest Houses

Department means – All academic, administrative, centres *etc.*

IX. Principles & Practices

The University of Burdwan commits to the following principles and practices:

- i. Monitoring and managing the environmental performance and working towards targets set to reduce adverse impacts.
- ii. Complying with all relevant international, national, state and local environmental policy, practices, regulations and legislation, and institute-specific best practice.
- iii. Reducing the consumption of natural resources in daily operations, including water, paper and energy.
- iv. Maximising the recycling of resources.
- v. Disposing of all waste appropriately, and minimising waste sent to non-recyclable disposal sites.
- vi. Committing to the principles of preventing pollution to the environment and continual improvement in our environmental management.
- vii. Minimising pollution by taking steps to limit carbon emissions resulting from vehicles.
- viii. Reviewing this policy annually and measuring targets and performance as part of that review.

X. Policy formation

Preparation of green policy

Establishment of University Environmental Committee

Under the umbrella of this Committee following committees may be constituted and will function

- i) Advisory Committee: Chairman, Head of the Institute & one Convener
- ii) Environment Management Committee - Coordinator
- iii) Energy Management Committee - Coordinator
- iv) Waste Management Committee - Coordinator
- v) Water Management Committee - Coordinator
- vi) E-waste & Radioactive waste Management Committee - Coordinator
- vii) Institutional Biosafety Committee - Coordinator
- viii) Animal Ethical Committee - Coordinator
- ix) Biodiversity Register Committee - Coordinator

- x) Policy on health surveillance of the faculty/students/research scholar handling with radioactive/microbiological wastes - Coordinator
 - xi) Wide publication of DOs & DONOTs in and around the campuses/departments - Coordinator
3. Reward/Appreciation to the Committee/Group for good work

XI. Provisions of Policy

1. Natural Environment and Assets

The University of Burdwan commits to increasing opportunities for nature to thrive on the assets we own, lease or manage; it includes land, water and air.

We are committed to maintain biodiversity, and will work to ensure our actions on the assets we own or manage do not have a detrimental impact on the natural environment and will support biodiversity.

2. Purpose

This document describes the Environmental Policy of the University and procedures for conducting the operations and activities in an environmentally responsible and sustainable manner.

3. Background

The University of Burdwan has created/prepared this Policy in the year 2022-23 in the name of "Burdwan University Environmental Policy" of The University of Burdwan to officially declare a commitment to the protection of the environment and responsible use of natural resources. As the steward of academic and administrative and students' behavioural research for the Nation, the University of Burdwan leads the way in the pursuit of knowledge about living systems and the application of the knowledge to extend healthy atmosphere/campus and reduce pollution and hazards. As proactive keepers of the public health and the environment, the University of Burdwan community embraces pollution prevention and sustainable development while continually seeking to reduce resource consumption.

The University of Burdwan Environmental Policy establishes the following important commitments:

- Compliance with all federal, State, and local environmental laws and regulations, as well as Executive Orders.
- Prevention of pollution by minimizing the generation of wastes where possible, reducing consumption, recycling materials, and disposing of wastes in an environmentally responsible manner.
- Integration of environmental and health considerations of all the stakeholders into decision-making processes.
- All the stakeholders of The University of Burdwan are responsible for being aware of the environmental and clean/safe campus for continually striving to minimize these impacts as set forth in this policy.

4. Policy documents

The University of Burdwan is committed to complying with all applicable laws and regulations. We recognize that reducing and, where possible, eliminating the environmental impacts of our activities is an important part of our mission as stewards of institutional health/students' health. We strive to be a leader among the HEIs and Centers in achieving environmental excellence and will work with our employees and other internal and external entities to establish and follow principles, in conjunction with the Environmental Policy of The University of Burdwan, that will guide the environmental practices of the University.

The Policy of the University would be the guiding principles and practices to achieve resource conservation, waste reduction, and sustainability overall are summarized below:

- Comply with mandatory requirements and conduct our activities and operate our facilities within applicable environmental laws and regulations.
- Conserve energy and other natural resources.
- Encourage stakeholders to use mass/public transit.
- Reduce, reuse, and recycle to reduce waste.
- Minimize the production of hazardous waste.
- Adopt green procurement practices/tree plantation/monitoring through students involvement.
- Ensure all employees complete the environmental awareness training.
- Continue to review and minimize the impacts of activities.

5. Responsibilities

a. Responsibility of all Stakeholders

- ✓ Turn off lights when not in use and use natural light when possible.
- ✓ Turn off, not just log off, all computers, terminals, speakers and other office equipment at the end of every work day.
- ✓ Turn off your power strip at the end of every work day.
- ✓ Activate the power down features on your computer and monitor to enter into a low-power or sleep mode when not in use.
- ✓ Unplug equipment that drains energy even when not in use (e.g., cell phone chargers, fans, coffee makers, desktop printers, radios).
- ✓ Use LED as much as possible/replace the non-functional incandescent tube lights/lights whenever possible.
- ✓ Utilize videoconferencing and conference calls as an alternative to travel when possible.
- ✓ Reduction of Materials Consumption

i. Teaching staff

- ✓ Ride mass/public transit or other alternative forms of transportation, whenever possible.
- ✓ Use carpools or vanpools, when possible, avoid single use cars/celebration of 'No Vehicle Day'.

- ✓ Minimize waste and increase recycling.
- ✓ Use durable reusable beverage containers, plates, and utensils.
- ✓ Reduce the amount of toner in documents that will be printed when possible.
- ✓ Print documents in black and white or grayscale whenever possible.
- ✓ Recycle paper, paper products, plastic, binders, folders, catalogues, boxes, bottles, cans, batteries, electronics, toner and ink cartridges.
- ✓ Recycle plastic and paper products in accordance with rules such recycling will be developed by the Green Team.
- ✓ Administration shall:
- ✓ Dispose used furniture and electronics through in proper way.
- ✓ Do not use or purchase mercury or mercury-containing equipment, unless approval has been obtained.
- ✓ Purchase chemicals in the smallest quantities needed to avoid over-ordering.
- ✓ Dispose of hazardous chemicals appropriately and in accordance with the Disposal Guide and other legal requirements.

ii. OfficeStaff

- ✓ Avoid using paper by distributing and storing documents electronically.
- ✓ Print and photocopy only what you need and double side your jobs when possible.
- ✓ Tell staff and colleagues that you prefer double-sided documents.
- ✓ Use the back side of old documents for faxes, scrap paper, or drafts.

b. Commitment to Green Purchasing

- ✓ Purchase copier and printer paper that contains at least 30% post-consumer recycled content.
- ✓ Purchase office supplies and furniture that contain the highest percentage of recycled and non-toxic content whenever possible.
- ✓ Purchase products that contain bio-based content whenever possible.
- ✓ Use the Electronic Product Environmental Assessment Tool (EPEAT) to identify computers and monitors with environmental attributes and purchase computers and monitors with at least a Bronze rating.
- ✓ Purchase quality furniture and electronics goods
- ✓ Creation of increased awareness amongst students, teaching, non-teaching staff members regarding impact on the Environment and Health.

c. Waste and recycling

University is committed to keeping waste to an absolute minimum by preventing, reusing, recycling or recovering waste wherever possible. We will ensure waste is sorted, stored and disposed of properly and in a sustainable manner in all of our locations.

We aspire to be a zero-waste organisation. We will achieve this by the ways of:

- a. Phasing out the use of single-use plastics.
 - b. Recycling 100% of recyclable material.
 - c. Reducing the use of non-recyclable material and offsetting where this is not possible.
 - d. Promoting and encourage recycling by all staff.
 - e. Using recyclable, compostable and/or recycled products on our premises.
 - f. Reducing the production of non-recyclable resources such as laminated or plastic based publicity material.
 - g. Minimise the amount of printing and the amount of wastepaper.
 - h. Using electronic communication as our primary method of communication and use an opt-in scheme for paper-based communication.
 - i. Minimising pollution and preventing it wherever possible, including light, noise, solids, liquids and chemicals.
 - j. Promoting the use of composting for organic waste.
- Our basic motto will be to reducing our carbon footprint.

d. Reduction in emissions

- a. Undertake an energy audit
- b. Produce a plan to reduce our energy usage.
- c. Produce a plan to switch to 100% renewable energy procurement.
- d. Installation of SOLAR PANNELS/SOLAR STREET LIGHTS can be used on our assets.

XII. Information technology and sustainability

University will follow the process towards the use of certified sustainable PCs, laptops, monitors, mobile devices, network and server hardware.

All equipment must be disposed of correctly through an approved e-waste recycling contractor.

No IT equipment should be sent to landfill or thrown out.

University will make available the use of applications and systems to reduce the need for printing paper and reduce the use of personal printers where they are not required.

Conducting awareness programmes/Training and staff involvement

University will encourage all staff to undergo training on environmental sustainability and climate change.

University will aim to raise awareness of environmental sustainability across our operations.

University will encourage collaboration and involvement of all staff on the environmental sustainability efforts.

University will establish a sustainability steering group to drive involvement and stewardship of sustainability across the organisation.

XIII. Execution part

- i) Creation of budgetary head in University annual budget.
- ii) Betterment of e-governance and paperless administration.

- ii) Preparation of number of Primary Treatment Plants/STP/ETP at Golapbag Campus
- iii) Preparation of composting pits at different places like Golapbag/Hostels/Canteen/Guest House/Farm House
- iv) Safety measurement of microbiological organisms, in particular, Botany, Biotechnology, Microbiology, Zoology, etc., departments
- v) Safety measurement of radioactive wastes generated in-site at departments of Physics and Chemistry.
- vi) Policy for destroying and recycling of waste/discarded papers, certificates, exam copies, confidential papers more than 10 years etc.
- vii) CRSMF, KSG, Lahar, different water bodies inside the Golapbag campus be used for Ecosystem assessment and experimentation for Research scholars, students, faculty members
- viii) Evaluation of quality of drinking water for consumption; and reuse of gray water for conservation.
- ix) Preparation of year-wise report from every committee and placed before the Advisory Committee – Good working Committee/Group be rewarded with token of appreciation; direct students involvement be assessed on regular basis and may be counted as performance appraisal.

XIV. Identification of environmental issues

- i) Identification of existing plants with proper register keeping records like mapping, name, age, height, canopy, coverage area, regular plantation.
- ii) Measurement of carbon neutrality year-wise analysis; carbon foot print; water foot print.
- ii) Monitoring of terrestrial weeds in and around the campus.
- iii) Maintenance of water bodies including Lahar for productive purposes like aesthetic, pisciculture, makana-cum-fish culture, preparation of profile of water quality parameters.
- iv) Maintenance of liquid waste, drainage system and final disposal site.
- v) Proper disposal mechanism of solid wastes, construction & demolition wastes, other infrastructural wastes generated from different sources.
- vi) Maintenance of all types of wastes generated from laboratories.
- vii) Maintenance of microbiological wastes and radioactive wastes.
- viii) Maintenance of e-wastes from different departments.

XV. Management aspects

- i) Regular cleaning, washing of the departments, toilets etc.
- ii) Construction of more toilets for girls' and lady faculties, lady officers, etc.
- iii) Preparation of day care centre.
- iv) Regular monitoring of drinking water quality of hostels, canteen, departments, residential areas, health centre, in regard to pH, TDS, MPN, in particular.
- v) Regular checking of Roof-top tanks, water leakage, uncontrolled excess flow/wastes.

Disposal Policy

- ✓ Framing the rules and guidelines with local administration/municipality/govt. authorized agencies for disposal of different types of wastes, cleanliness of campuses, departments, drainage system, disinfectant process.
- ✓ Preparation of incinerators for radioactive wastes/microbiological wastes etc./biological or animal wastes.
- ✓ Engagement of different agencies/groups as per Govt. license holders with annual maintenance contract – continued on the basis of feedback report.

XVI. Energy management

- i) Installation of one main switch/MCP for operating whole department/ building electrical control system.
- ii) All departmental spaces/rooms be marked with proper numbers.
- iii) Estimation of electrical connectivity at every point like number of tube light, fan, LED, ICT-based instrument, PAS, computer & accessories/peripherals.
- iv) Estimation of consumption of electricity in the campus/departments – may be awarded/incentives for those for less consumption year-wise.
[team of electrical professional will visit and prepare the data]

XVII. Monitoring system

- i) Every campus/department will be declared as “Plastic Free Area”.
- ii) Every department in the different campuses be involved in the process of institutional responsibility programs like campus cleaning/outreach pgm/social awareness pgm/preparation of biodiversity register/preparation of bird nesting/maintenance of front garden/maintenance of particular plantswith register/collection and disposal of leaf-litter for composting/watershed management *etc.*, guided by at least one teacher.
- iii) Formation of student volunteer groups by the department, which is mandatory – preferably students of First SEM will be involved and 2 credit score will added as outreach program in SEM III/IV as per syllabus as a regular/continuous system.
Credit Score will be awarded in presence of Head/TIC and any one of the members of Green Committee
- iv) An amount of Rs 5000/- will be provided as an advance to every department as one-time grant for this activity (this may be rationed as per number of students).

XVIII. Formation of Different Committees

- i) Advisory Committee:
Chairman, Head of the Institute
Convener
Registrar
Deans of the Faculties
Senior members of faculties
- ii) Environment Management Committee

Coordinator

Members of different departments

One/Two student(s) representative

iii) Energy Management Committee

Coordinator (Preferably Engineer)

Electrical Engineer

One/Two student(s) representative

Other members

iv) Waste Management Committee

Coordinator (Faculty from Chemistry/Physics)

Members from local administration/municipality

One/Two student(s) representative

vi) E-waste & Radioactive waste Management Committee

Coordinator (Faculty from Chemistry/Physics)

Member from Biosafety committee/Animal ethical committee

One/Two student(s) representative

vii) Institutional Biosafety Committee

Coordinator (existing as per Central Govt. Policy)

One/Two student(s) representative

viii) Animal Ethical Committee

Coordinator (existing members)

ix) Biodiversity Register Committee

Coordinator (preferably from Botany/Zoology)

Other members

x) Policy on health surveillance of the faculty/students/research scholar handling with radioactive/microbiological wastes

Coordinator

One Doctor from Health Centre

Other members

xi) Wide publication of DOs & DONOTs in and around the campuses/departments

Coordinator

One/Two student(s) representative

Other Members

XIX. Conclusion

Creating an effective environmental policy is a crucial step for organizations committed to sustainability. By following a well-designed template and considering the key components followed. Preparing and development of a comprehensive environmental policy must align with organization's values, goals, and legal obligations. An environmental policy is not just a document but a commitment towards building a better future for our planet.

Annexure 1.7.2:
Institutional Green Committee
members

2021/12/28 16:04

Green Audit Sub Committee
University of Burdwan

The Green Audit Sub committee (GA_Sc) functioning under the aegis of NAAC preparedness Sub-Committee which was duly approved by the university authority. In the meeting of the GA_Sc it was resolved that there is a need to constitute the Institutional Green Committee (IGC), University of Burdwan to formulate and frame the Green and Environmental Policies of our university. This IGC will also oversee; monitor the implementation of the recommendations made by the GA_Sc time to time. The following names of the members as proposed in the said meeting are being placed for administrative approval.

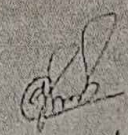
Institutional Green Committee, BU:

1. Dr J P Keshri, Dept of Botany, BU
2. Dr A R Ghosh, Dept of Environmental Science, BU
3. Dr A Mazumdar, Dept of Zoology, BU
4. Dr P Chattopadhyay, Dept of Chemistry, BU
5. Dr Biplab Biswas, Dept of Geography, BU
6. Dr Sumit Kr Hira, Dept of Zoology, BU
7. Dr Srimanta Gupta, Dept of Environmental Science, BU
8. Dr Pradipta Saha, Dept of Microbiology, BU
9. Dr Asok Ghosh, Dept of Botany, BU

Anugundar
Coordinator,
Green Audit Sub Committee, B.U.

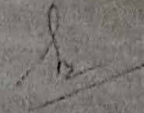
Director
IQAC

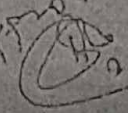
Director, IQAC may kindly seek approval of this Committee from the Vice Chancellor Sir


(MHC Coordinator)

Hon'ble VC Sir

For your kind approval of the
Committee


Director IQAC
BU

- (10) Prof. Sumantra Kishore Datta (Economics)
 - (11) Prof. Sandramani Chatterjee (Zoology)
 - (12) Dr. Indrani Chandra (Biotechnology)
- Approved.

22.12.21

Annexure 1.7.4: Resolution of the meetings

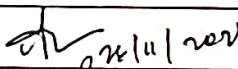
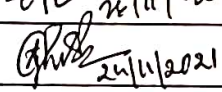
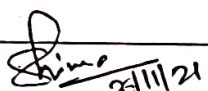
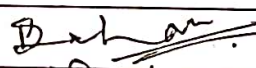
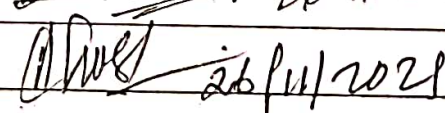
**Annexure 1.7.5: Action taken by the
committee**

**Annexure 1.7.6: Future programmes of the
committee**

**Annexure 1.7.7: Policy enforcement
strategies**

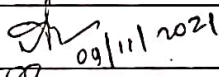
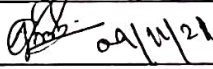

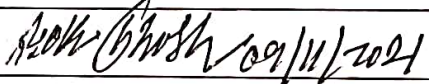
Green Audit Sub-Committee
Third meeting
Date 26/11/2021, venue Office chamber HoD, Zoology

Members present

| Sr. No | Name | Signature |
|--------|-----------------------|---|
| 1 | Dr Abhijit Mazumdar |  26/11/2021 |
| 2 | Dr A R Ghosh |  26/11/2021 |
| 3 | Dr Biplab Biswas | |
| 4 | Dr P Chattopadhyay | Chattopadhyay 26/11/2021 |
| 5 | Dr Jai Prakash Keshri | |
| 6 | Dr Sumit Hira |  26/11/21 |
| 7 | Dr Srimanta Gupta | |
| 8 | Dr Pradipta Saha |  26.11.2021 |
| 9 | Dr Asok Ghosh |  26/11/2021 |

Second meeting of the Green Audit Sub-Committee

Members present-

| Sr. No | Name | Signature |
|--------|-----------------------|--|
| 1 | Dr Abhijit Mazumdar |  09/11/2021 |
| 2 | Dr A R Ghosh |  09/11/21 |
| 3 | Dr Biplab Biswas | |
| 4 | Dr P Chattopadhyay | Chattopadhyay 09/11/2021 |
| 5 | Dr Jai Prakash Keshri | Jai Prakash Keshri 09/11/2021 |
| 6 | Dr Sumit Hira |  09/11/21 |
| 7 | Dr Srimanta Gupta | Srimanta Gupta |
| 8 | Dr Pradipta Saha | |
| 9 | Dr Asok Ghosh |  09/11/2021 |

Green Audit Sub-Committee (GA_SC)

Meeting #2

held on 09.11.2021, 2.00 pm

Venue: HoD's Office, Department of Zoology, The University of Burdwan

Members present:

Dr Abhijit Mazumdar, Coordinator

Dr A R Ghosh

Dr P Chattopadhyay

Dr Jai Prakash Keshri

Dr Sumit Kr Hira

Dr Srimanta Gupta

Dr Asok Ghosh

Resolution

1. With reference to 1.9 of Green Audit Questionnaire format it is resolved that members for the Institutional Green Committee will be proposed by Green Audit Committee from different stake holders i.e. Teachers, Officers, non-teaching staff members, research scholars and students of our University and accordingly the proposal will be placed to Vice-Chancellor sir for necessary approval.
2. With reference to 1.10 all the members decided to move a proposal through proper channel for the nomination of a new Member Secretary for our Institutional Biosafety committee.
3. In reference to 1.10.7 committee members decided that a webinar will be conducted by the members to aware the teachers, officers and non-teaching staffs of the university. Video recording of the programme will be circulated among the students and research scholars by the respective HoDs of each department.

It is also resolved the students will give their awareness feedback through Google form and for that questionnaires will be formulated by Prof. A.R.Ghosh, Dept. of Environmental Science and Prof. P. Chattopadhyay, Dept. of Chemistry.

4. Members reviewed the progress of preparing Campus Biodiversity Register and resolved that geotagging of individual tree species will be carried out by the research scholars of Botany, Geography and Environmental Science departments under the supervision of Prof. A. Ghosh, Prof. B.Biswas and Dr.S.Gupta
5. Regarding 2.6 members decided that waters samples will be collected from the i) Administrative building, ii) Composite building, iii) Humanities and iv) Scholars hostel and necessary analysis will be done for water quality parameters.
6. Regarding water management, waste management and energy conservation questionnaire database will be provided by Mr. Arijit Chatterjee, University Engineer.

In this regard proposal will be placed to Engineering Section for the preparation of Sand/gravel bed filter media through which laboratory wastewater should be passed before terminating it to 'Lahar'.

Green Audit Sub-Committee (GA_SC) Meeting #1

Held on 30.09.2021, 12.00 hrs

Venue: HoD's Office, Department of Zoology, The University of Burdwan

Members Present: ..

Dr Abhijit Mazumdar, Coordinator

Dr A R Ghosh

Dr Biplab Biswas

Dr P Chattopadhyay

Dr Jai Prakash Keshri

Dr Sumit Kr Hira

Dr Srimanta Gupta

Dr Pradipta Saha

Dr Asok Ghosh

MEETING RESOLUTION

Dr A Mazumdar, the Coordinator of the Green Audit Sub-Committee (GA_SC) welcomes all the members of the Committee and initiated the meeting. It has been discussed that when it is possible, the data would be collected Year-wise – 2016-17 to 2020-21

The GA_SC resolved that the required information would collect and works would be done by the following means:

| ITEM / Agenda | Resolution/ Works would be done by |
|---|---|
| 1. GENERAL INFORMATION | |
| 1.1 Year of Establishment: | Prof. Dr Abhijit Mazumdar, the Coordinator, ARG, SG, BB shall work on these points |
| 1.2 History behind the establishment: | |
| 1.3 Total campus area: | |
| 1.4 Total built up area: | |
| 1.5 Total open space area: | |
| 1.6 Total green area: | |
| 1.7 Whether the institute has framed any "Institutional Green Policy"/ OR for the first time: "yes", "no" and "not applicable" [if Yes, (mention date/month/year & (give the details of it) | Dr A Mazumdar, Dr A R Ghosh shall take initiative to frame "Institutional Green Policy" and the same would be placed before the Executive Committee for approval. The policy shall also include the plan for 'Waster Water Management' |
| 1.7.1 Name of Committees formed | Green Audit Committee (GAC) Institutional Green |
| 1.7.2 Name of the Committee members | Dr A Mazumdar, Coordinator (AM) Policy Commitee Dr A R Ghosh (ARG) Dr Biplab Biswas (BB) |

June 2020

| | |
|--|--|
| | Dr P Chattopadhyay (PC) Dr Jai Prakash Keshri (JP) Dr Sumit Kr Hira (SKH) Dr Srimanta Gupta (SG) Dr Pradipta Saha (PS) Dr Asok Ghosh (AG) |
| 1.7.3 Number of meetings conducted so far | One |
| 1.7.4 Resolution of the meetings | |
| 1.7.5 Action taken by the Committee | |
| 1.7.6 Future programmes of the Committee | |
| 1.7.7 Policy enforcement strategies | |
| 1.8 Whether green audit is followed annually, if so, please produce the year-wise recommendations of the auditor along with report (as Annexure): "yes", "no" and "not applicable" | |
| 1.9 Whether institute has constituted the "Institutional Environmental Committee", "yes", "no" and "not applicable"(if so, give the details of it) | YES <i>Green Institutional Green Committee will act.</i> |
| 1.9.1 Name of the Committee members | Dr Abhijit Mazumdar, Coordinator Dr A R Ghosh Dr Biplab Biswas Dr P Chattopadhyay Dr Jai Prakash Keshri Dr Sumit Hira Dr Srimanta Gupta Dr Pradipta Saha Dr Asok Ghosh |
| 1.9.2 Number of meetings conducted so far: | ONE |
| 1.9.3 Resolution of the meetings: | |
| 1.9.4 Action taken by the Committee | ARG |
| 1.9.5 Future programmes of the Committee | ARG |
| 1.9.6 Policy enforcement strategies | ARG |
| 1.10 Whether institute has conducted any awareness/responsibility programme among the staff members: "yes"; "no" and "not applicable" | |
| 1.10 Whether institute has framed any "Institutional Biosafety Committee", "yes", "no" and "not applicable" (if so, give the details of it) | Dr Sumit Kr Hira shall take initiative for framing "Institutional Biosafety Committee" |
| 1.10.1 Name of the Committee members | |
| 1.10.2 Number of meetings conducted so far: | |

| | |
|---|---|
| 1.10.3 Resolution of the meetings: | |
| 1.10.4 Action taken by the Committee | |
| 1.10.5 Future programmes of the Committee | |
| 1.10.6 Policy enforcement strategies | |
| 1.10.7 Whether institute has conducted any awareness/responsibility programme among the staff members: "yes", "no" and "not applicable" | |
| 1.11 Whether all the departments/teachers/non-teaching members/students are aware about the need of the environmental protection and audit: "yes", "no" and "not applicable" | <p>To make mass awareness/responsibility among the departments/teachers/non-teaching members/students, Webinar(s) programme among the staff members of the University of Burdwan shall be conducted on 08.10.2021, 7.00PM.</p> <p>All HoDs, EO, DO, University Engineer, NSS Coordinator, Coordinator of Crop Research and Seed Multiplication Center, Coordinator of Krishnaseyar Committee would be invited for the Webinar.</p> <p>Dr. Asok Ghosh shall look for any historical data on BU Campus plantation program and shall present it in the Webinar.</p> <p>Dr A Mazumdār, Dr A R Ghosh shall convene the Webinar</p> |
| 1.12 Whether institute has involved the students as volunteers in greening programmes: "yes", "no" and "not applicable" | |
| 1.13 Whether construction/demolition/repairing are in compliances with green standard: "yes", "no" and "not applicable" | University Engineering section shall be asked for the information on this |
| 1.14 Whether institute has conducted any workshop/seminar/lecture on environmental awareness programme inside and/or outside the campus: "yes", "no" and "not applicable" | |
| 1.15 Whether the institute has department of Law/Environmental Science/3-Year degree Course/Course curriculum "yes", "no" and "not applicable" (if so, how does it takes part in greening programmes) | Departmental of Environmental Science, BU shall prepare a report on this same |
| 1.16 Whether institute provides any community services, if so, give details (as Annexure): "yes", "no" and "not applicable" | Coordinator – NSS and HoDs shall be approached for any information on the same |
| 1.17 Whether the students are aware about the use of medicinal plants (any lecture/seminar/conference organized on it): "yes", "no" and "not applicable" | Dr A Ghosh shall prepare a Report and deliver a lecture on the Medicinal Plant |
| 1.18 Comments on the following: | |

Questionnaire format to be prepared.
 Webinar - HoDs -
 Dr. Asok Ghosh
 Jaitraiah Kerkhi
 A Mazumdār.

Srinivasa Gupta -

NSS Coordinator
 Joyendu
 9647105582
 follows

1051 trees
129 species

| | | |
|---------|---|---|
| 1.18.1 | Plantation program: Y / N | NSS, Jai Prakash, Park Estate |
| 1.18.2 | Formation of Natural club/Eco club: Y / N | |
| 1.18.3 | Management of natural resources, wildlife, conservation of species: Y / N | |
| 1.18.4 | Any project sponsored by national funding agency/NGO, independent project related to environmental issues: Y / N | |
| 1.18.5 | Is there any incidence of burning of plastics containing garbage within the campus for necessary reduction: Y / N | |
| 1.18.6 | Celebration of 5 th June, Ozone day, Earth Day etc.: Y / N | YES |
| 1.18.7 | Number of field visits/survey records: Y / N (if Y number) | HoDs and Senior Secretary FC Science shall be approached for the information |
| 1.18.8 | Campus biodiversity register | DR J P Keshri and Dr A Ghosh shall prepare the Biodiversity Registrar and Dr B Biswas and Dr P Saha shall prepare map |
| 1.19 | General aspects (express in statements) | Germination conservation - Crop Research |
| 1.19.1 | Campus cleanliness | |
| 1.19.2 | Rainwater harvesting | |
| 1.19.3 | Solar street lamps | |
| 1.19.4 | Carbon dioxide neutrality on the campus by developing greenery | |
| 1.19.5 | | |
| 1.19.6 | | |
| 1.19.7 | Man-made nest to attract some birds to maintain ecological balance | |
| 1.19.8 | Restriction in use of plastic and plastic products | The University campus has been declared as 'No Plastic Zone' |
| 1.19.9 | Culture of some ducks, swans etc., for scenic beauty in pond or any water body resources (if available) | |
| 1.19.10 | Green monitoring by green committee/volunteers/team | |
| 1.19.11 | Training on vermicomposting | |
| 1.19.12 | Celebration of 'No vehicle Day' on a particular day | |
| 1.19.13 | Dams inside the campus to meet the demand for water | |
| 1.19.14 | Installation of fire safety instruments in all the buildings/departments | |
| 1.19.15 | Toilets/separate toilets for differentlyabled students | |

Ashok Kumar

1.20 Over all noise level

| Sl no. | Inside campus area | Outside campus | Class room | Lawn | Office | Laboratory | Canteen |
|--------|--------------------|----------------|------------|------|--------|------------|---------|
| | | | | | | | |

| | | | | | | | |
|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| | | | | | | | |
| 1.21 Is there any device (preferably HVS: High Volume Sampler) for measuring ambient air quality in the campus (if so pl mention the data month wise): "yes", "no" and "not applicable" | YES | | | | | | |
| 2. WATER MANAGEMENT | | | | | | | |
| 2.1 Whether institute has an efficient and hygiene water storage mechanism to minimize the loss of water during storage. "yes", "no" and "not applicable" | Dr A R Ghosh shall collect data from the Engineering Section of the University UE/EO | | | | | | |
| 2.2 Whether institute is using water filter with RO, Aqua Guard and/or large water filter with cooler at the strategic locations in the institute. If so, are they under AMC: "yes", "no" and "not applicable" | EO/DO | | | | | | |
| 2.3 Whether institute has its own mechanism in repairing of water leakage: "yes", "no" and "not applicable" | YES UE | | | | | | |
| 2.4 Is there any rainwater harvesting unit in institute: "yes", "no" and "not applicable" (if so, what are the uses of this water:) a) b) c) d) | UE | | | | | | |
| 2.5 Whether institute has developed any reuse and recyclable of water system: "yes", "no" and "not applicable" | UE/EO Golden Jubilee | | | | | | |
| 2.6 Is there any scope of measurement of water quality parameters used in hostel, lab, office, canteen, tap water (if so, parameters: pH, EC, TDS etc.) | UE/EO Env. Sci. Administration Composite Lab. Res. Section, Eshu | | | | | | |
| 2.7 Lab-wise water consumption (lt/d) Chemistry Zoology Botany Physiology Geography | Respective HoDs shall be asked to submit a report in this regard in consultation with the Engineering section. | | | | | | |
| 2.8 Whether institute has sufficient/adequate drainage system: "yes", "no" and "not applicable" | | | | | | | |

Contd
in 30/08/2021

30/09/2021 Thursday

Sub
Green Audit Committee Meeting at 12 noon in the office chamber of HOD, Zoology.

Members present-

| Sr. No | Name | Signature |
|--------|-----------------------|--|
| 1 | Dr Abhijit Mazumdar | Abhijit Mazumdar 30/09/2021 |
| 2 | Dr A R Ghosh | Argho 30/9/21 argho2010@gmail.com |
| 3 | Dr Biplab Biswas | Biplab Biswas 30/9/21 bbiswas@geo.buruniv.ac.in |
| 4 | Dr P Chattopadhyay | |
| 5 | Dr Jai Prakash Keshri | Jai Prakash Keshri 30/9/21 |
| 6 | Dr Sumit Hira | Sumit 30/9/21 Sumit.hira2008@gmail.com |
| 7 | Dr Srimanta Gupta | Srimanta Gupta 30/9/21 srimantagupta@ychoo.co.in |
| 8 | Dr Pradipta Saha | Pradipta Saha 30.09.21 |
| 9 | Dr Asok Ghosh | Asok 30/09/2021 asokghosh@gmail.com |

email. keshrijp@gmail.com

Email of Pradipta → psaha@microbio.buruniv.ac.in

UNIVERSITY FACILITIES & SIGNBOARDS

SAY 'NO' TO PLASTIC

THIS ROAD IS FOR PEDESTRIANS ONLY

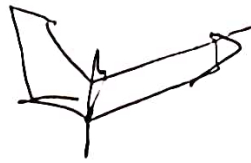
NO SMOKING ZONE

For General

1. Common rooms; Day Care Centre for Young Children; Rest Room
1. Restricted entry of Automobiles, Use of Bicycles/Battery powered vehicles; Pedestrian Friendly pathways; Ban on use of Plastics; Landscaping with trees and plants
2. Rainwater harvesting; Bore well/Open well recharge; Construction of tanks and bunds; Waste water recycling; Maintenance of water bodies and distribution system in the campus
3. Solid waste management; Liquid waste management; Biomedical waste management; Waste recycling system; Hazardous chemicals and Radioactive waste management
4. Solar energy; Biogas plant; Wheeling to the Grid; Sensor-based energy conservation; Use of LED bulbs/Power efficient equipment
5. Health Centre with facilities (Equipment/accessories)
6. Sports facilities

FOR DISABLED (*Divyangjan*)

1. Ramps/Lifts
2. Disabled-friendly washrooms; Wheelchairs
1. Signage including tactile path, lights, display boards and signposts
2. Accessible website, screen-reading software, mechanised equipment
3. Human assistance, Reader, Scribe, Soft copies of reading materials, screen reading



Management of Biomedical and Chemical waste and monitoring of research work involving Biohazard issues is performed under the strict surveillance of the Institutional Biosafety Committee (IBSC, BU) chaired by Hon'ble Vice-Chancellor, The University of Burdwan. The committee consist of an external expert nominated by DBT, GOI along with other internal members.

Following guideline has been adopted for the waste management in the meeting of the IBSC, held on 02/04/2019 and is under practice.

Decontamination and Disposal

1. Segregation of different category of laboratory waste should be done at the point of laboratory waste generation. For details refer to "Bio-Medical Waste Management Rules, 2016", Ministry of Environment, Forest and Climate Change, Government of India.
2. Every Biological laboratory should keep two types of waste bin (i) Yellow Bin (ii) Red Bin with "Non-biodegradable recycle" label.
 - a. Yellow Bin – This bin must be used for keeping the: (i) all types of biological waste after disinfection and sterilization and (ii) general categories of nontoxic chemicals waste as per "Bio-Medical Waste Management Rules, 2016"
 - b. Red Bin – This bin must be used for keeping all types of non-degradable laboratory waste of plastic materials – like all types of culture dishes, disposable pipette, syringes and other recyclable materials after proper disinfection and decontamination. The segregation and disinfection of different type of laboratory waste must be done as per "Bio-Medical Waste Management Rules, 2016".
3. All the waste should be wrapped in non-chlorinated or autoclave safe /waste plastic bags of BIS standard and should be disposed regular basis to the designated waste bin of the building.
4. Every department /or building should designate area to keep three types of large waste Bin:
 - a. Green Bin: For biological and other waste collected from the yellow bin of the different laboratories
 - b. Red Bin: For plastic /recycled waste collected from the red bin of the different laboratories
 - c. Blue Bin: For metallic and glass and other waste [Not for e- waste]
5. Any type of non-functional instruments or parts or junk materials should be disposed as per university junk disposal procedure. These items are strictly prohibited to dispose in any of these three bins.

DISPOSAL METHODS

1. ANIMAL CARCASSES AND BODY PARTS: incinerated or stored at -20 deep fridge and sent to a commercial rendering plant for disposal.
2. SOLID ANIMAL WASTE: All animal waste, including bedding, that is infectious or harmful to animals, humans, or the environment, should be appropriately treated prior to disposal, regardless of the origin of contamination. The following disposal methods are acceptable:
 - a. Preferred Method: incineration followed by deposition of the residual ash in the Landfill.
 - b. Thermal or chemical disinfection followed by deposition in the Landfill.

3. LIQUID WASTE including bulk blood and blood products, cultures and stocks of etiologic agents, cell culture material and products of recombinant DNA technology should be disinfected by thermal or chemical treatment then discharged into the Sewer System.

Disposal of Hazards Chemical

1. The hazardous chemicals must be disposed to the specially designated shrink for hazardous chemical disposal as per availability of the respective departments.
2. Radioactive work: It is required to take necessary permission / necessary clearance for handling of Radioactive materials / isotope / materials suspected with radioactivity emission from the AERB. Such document needs to be submitted to IBSC for necessary purpose as per norms.

Annexure 1.14:

Workshop on Environmental awareness

Environmental awareness program:

Annexure: 1.14

Air pollution and its impact on human lung:



Demonstration by Prof. N. K. Mondal
Topic: Impact of air pollution on human health
Date: 04.02.2022; Total students: 22

Annexure 1.15:
Environmental Studies Syllabus



**SYLLABUS for 3-Year Degree/4-Year Hons. in
ENVIRONMENTAL SCIENCE/EDUCATION
(Value Added Course)**

Under

**Curriculum and Credit Framework for
Undergraduate Program (CCFUP), as per N.E.P. 2020
[w.e.f. 2023 – '24]**

2

**FINAL UG SYLLABUS FOR ENVIRONMENTAL SCIENCE [CODE: ENVSC]
UNDER THE UNIVERSITY OF BURDWAN, BURDWAN
[As per NEP 2020]
3-Year Degree/4-Year Hons. in Environmental Science**

| SEM ESTER | Paper No | Code | Name of the Paper | Credits | L - T - P | Marks | Marks Dist. T - P - IA |
|-----------|--|------------|---|---------|-----------|-------|------------------------|
| I | Major/Core Course | ENVSC 1011 | Environment & Ecology | 4 | 3 - 1 - 0 | 75 | 60 - 00 - 15 |
| | Minor Course [for other disciplines] | ENVSC 1021 | Environment & Ecology | 4 | 3 - 1 - 0 | 75 | 60 - 00 - 15 |
| | Multi-disciplinary Course [from pool of courses] | ENVSC 1031 | Natural resources & Sustainable Development | 3 | 2 - 1 - 0 | 50 | 40 - 00 - 10 |
| | Ability Enhancement Course (AEC) | AEC 1041 | MIL (L ₁ - 1): (from Hindi /Bengali/ Sanskrit/ Santali /Arabic /Urdu) OR Eq. course from SWAYAM/other UGC recogn. platforms | 2 | 2 - 0 - 0 | 50 | 40 - 00 - 10 |
| | SEC [from Major] | ENVSC 1051 | Environmental Monitoring Techniques | 3 | 2 - 1 - 0 | 50 | 40 - 00 - 10 |
| | Value Added Course (VAC) | CVA 1061 | Environmental Science/ Education | 4 | 3 - 0 - 1 | 100 | 60 - 20 - 20 |
| | Total | | | | 20 | | 400 |



THE UNIVERSITY OF BURDWAN

5 - Year B.A. LL.B. (Hons.) Course

DETAILED SYLLABUS

(w.e.f. Academic Session 2020-2021 onwards)

5 yrs B.A. LL.B. (Hons) SYLLABUS (CBCS)

| Credit Structure (Non Clinical papers) | | | | | | |
|--|---|---|-------|-----|----|-------|
| L | P | T | TOTAL | ESC | IA | TOTAL |
| 3 | 1 | 1 | 3 | 80 | 20 | 100 |

Credit Structure (Clinical papers)

| Paper Code | L | P | T | ESE | IA/ Viva Voce/ Practical | Total |
|------------|---|---|---|-----|--------------------------|-------|
| 5.10.1 | 1 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 30+30+30+10 | 100 |
| 5.10.2 | 1 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 45+45+10 | 100 |
| 5.10.3 | 3 | 1 | 0 | 60 | 20+20 | 100 |
| 5.10.4 | 1 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 80+20 | 100 |

Question pattern

Non Clinical

- i) 20 marks internal (to be decided and evaluated by the subject teacher)
- ii) 80 marks external (hours: 3 hrs)

- Q.1. Compulsory (2x5) 10 marks (5 questions of 2 marks each)
- Q.2. 3 questions out of 4 (3x10) = 30 marks
- Q.3. 2 questions out of 4 (2x20) = 40 marks

Clinical

Paper: 5.10.3

- i) 20 marks internal (to be decided and evaluated by the subject teacher based on the report submitted)
- 20 marks viva voce
- ii) 60 marks external (hours: 2.5hrs)
 - Q.1. Compulsory (2x5) 10 marks (5 questions of 2 marks each) (From Part A of the syllabus)
 - Q.2. 3 questions out of 4 (3x10) = 30 marks (From Part A of the syllabus)
 - Q.3. 1 questions out of 2 (1x20) = 20 marks (From Part B of the syllabus)

Papers 5.10.2, 5.10.4, 5.9.4 will be evaluated based on practical submissions and through viva voce.

| | | |
|---------|--|-------|
| LCC | Semester -I Compulsory Course | 80+20 |
| 5.1.1 - | English-I | |
| 5.1.2 - | Political Science-I | |
| 5.1.3 - | Sociology -I | |
| 5.1.4 - | Economics -I | |
| 5.1.5 - | Law of Torts including MV accident and CP Laws | |
| 5.1.6 - | Contract-I (General Principles) | |

| | | |
|---------|----------------------------------|-------|
| LCC | Semester -2 Compulsory Course | 80+20 |
| 5.2.1 - | English-II | |
| 5.2.2 - | Political Science-II | |
| 5.2.3 - | Sociology -II | |
| 5.2.4 - | Economics -II | |
| 5.2.5 - | Special Contract | |
| 5.2.6 - | Environmental Law. | |

| | | |
|---------|-----------------------------------|-------|
| LCC | Semester - 3 Compulsory Course | 80+20 |
| 5.3.1 - | English-III | |
| 5.3.2 - | Political Science-III | |

Annexure 1.16:
Community Service

Annexure: 1.16

Department of Environmental Science has organize health checkup of bus driver at Alisha bus stand, Burdwan with the help of specialize health professional. Few picture related to community services have been attached herewith.



**Annexure 1.17a and b:
Awareness medicinal plants**

Annexure: 1.17a and b

Department of Botany, B.U [session 2021-2022]

MSBO 307: - Workshop on awareness campaign on preservation of Biodiversity, Agro biodiversity, Medicinal plants etc.

(Social outreach/General awareness programme/project)

| Program me name | Name of the course/ paper | Course Code | Name of students | Name of the Mentor/ Teacher | Title (s), place of work, duration relating to Outreach Program/Research Project (completion certificate) / Dissertation work (completion certificate) /Field survey (photographs & report)/Internship (completion certificate)/ Educational tour or visit (photographs & report) etc., as discussed | Permissi on letter from authority for Field survey/I nternship /Educati onal visit or tour |
|-----------------|--|-------------|--|-----------------------------|--|--|
| M.Sc Botany | Dissertation / Review (Including Social outreach) (Core course) | 307 | Afiur RahamanChoud hury (BUR/ BOT/2020/001) | Prof. Jai Prakash Keshri | SOCIAL OUTREACH ON THERMAL ALGAE OF INDIA | |
| M.Sc Botany | Dissertation / Review (Including Social outreach) | 307 | Afrin Rahman (BUR/ BOT/2020/002) | Prof. Jai Prakash Keshri | ALGAL BLOOM | |
| M.Sc Botany | (Core course) | 307 | Anushka Ghosh (BUR/ BOT/2020/008) | Prof. Jai Prakash Keshri | ALGAL BIOFERTILIZER | |
| M.Sc Botany | Dissertation / Review (Including Social outreach) | 307 | Apurba Chandra (BUR/ BOT/2020/010) | Prof. Jai Prakash Keshri | CORTICOLOUS ALGAE | |
| M.Sc Botany | (Core course) | 307 | Arunima Haldar (BUR/ BOT/2020/01) | Prof. Jai Prakash Keshri | BIO-DIESEL FROM ALGAE | |

| | | | | | | |
|-------------|---|-----|--|--------------------------|---------------------------|--|
| | | | 3) | | | |
| M.Sc Botany | Dissertation / Review (Including Social outreach) | 307 | Dibya Roy (BUR/ BOT/2020/02 0) | Prof. Jai Prakash Keshri | ALGAE IN MEDICINE | |
| M.Sc Botany | (Core course) | 307 | Jishan Mallick (BUR/ BOT/2020/02 4) | Prof. Jai Prakash Keshri | BIOREMEDIATION BY ALGAE | |
| M.Sc Botany | Dissertation / Review (Including Social outreach) | 307 | Kanika Malik (BUR/ BOT/2020/02 5) | Prof. Jai Prakash Keshri | TOXIC ALGAE | |
| M.Sc Botany | (Core course) | 307 | Mousumi Das (BUR/ BOT/2020/03 4) | Prof. Jai Prakash Keshri | ALGAE IN COSMETICS | |
| M.Sc Botany | Dissertation / Review (Including Social outreach) | 307 | Rita Saren (BUR/ BOT/2020/04 5) | Prof. Jai Prakash Keshri | ALGAE AS HEALTH FOOD | |
| M.Sc Botany | (Core course) | 307 | Sahil Ahmmed (BUR/ BOT/2020/08 4) | Prof. Jai Prakash Keshri | SOIL AND SUB-AERIAL ALGAE | |

| Programme name | Name of the course/ paper | Course Code | Name of students (With Roll Numbers) | Name of the Mentor/ Teacher | Title (s), place of work, duration relating to Outreach Program/Research Project (completion certificate) / Dissertation work (completion certificate) /Field survey (photographs & report)/Internship (completion certificate)/ Educational tour or visit (photographs & report) etc., as discussed | Permission letter from authority for Field survey/Internship /Educational visit or tour |
|----------------|---|-------------|--------------------------------------|-----------------------------|--|---|
| M.Sc Botany | Dissertation / Review (Including Social outreach) (Core course) | MSBO-307 | ANKITA SIKDER (BUR/BOT/2020/006) | Prof. RajibBandopadhyay | Social outreach programme on "A comprehensive study on fermented foods with special reference to cheese." (Social outreach project, six months) | |
| M.Sc Botany | Dissertation / Review (Including Social outreach) (Core course) | MSBO-307 | ARPITA KESH (BUR/BOT/2020/011) | Prof. RajibBandopadhyay | Social outreach programme on "Fundamentals and working principles of fermenter and Industrial and biological implementation" (Social outreach project, six months) | |
| M.Sc Botany | Dissertation / Review (Including Social outreach) | MSBO-307 | PRAGATI KOLE (BUR/BOT/2020/038) | Prof. RajibBandopadhyay | Social outreach programme on "Bioinformatics: an overview" (Social outreach | |

| | | | | | | |
|-------------|--|----------|--------------------------------------|-------------------------|---|--|
| | (Core course) | | | | project, six months) | |
| M.Sc Botany | Dissertation / Review (Including Social outreach) (Core course) | MSBO-307 | SOUMYAJIT DAS (BUR/BOT/2020/055) | Prof. RajibBandopadhyay | Social outreach programme on "Applications of Microbes as Biofertilizer In Agricultural Purposes" (Social outreach project, six months) | |
| M.Sc Botany | Dissertation / Review (Including Social outreach) (Core course) | MSBO-307 | ANINDITA SAHA (BUR/BOT/2020/004) | Prof. RajibBandopadhyay | Social outreach programme on "Food Spoilage and Their Preservation Methods" (Social outreach project, six months) | |
| M.Sc Botany | Dissertation / Review (Including Social outreach) (Core course) | MSBO-307 | MONDIRA SARKAR (BUR/BOT/2020/033) | Prof. RajibBandopadhyay | Social outreach programme on "Biochemical tests for bacterial identification" (Social outreach project, six months) | |

| Program me name | Name of the course/ paper | Course Code | Name of students | Name of the Mentor/ Teacher | Title (s), place of work, duration relating to Outreach Program/Research Project (completion certificate) / Dissertation work (completion certificate) /Field survey (photographs & report)/Internship (completion certificate)/ Educational tour or visit (photographs & report) etc., as discussed | Permissio n letter from authority for Field survey/Int ernship /Education al visit or tour |
|-----------------|--|-------------|--|-----------------------------|--|--|
| M.Sc Botany | Dissertati on / Review (Including Social | 307 | Kuntalina Mon dal Roll No.- BUR/BOT/202 | Prof. Sikha Dutta | Economic uses of fungi. | |

| | | | | | | |
|-------------|---|-----|---|-------------------|---|--|
| | outreach) (Core course) | | 0/028 | | | |
| M.Sc Botany | Dissertation / Review (Including Social outreach) | 307 | Manabika Hal dar Roll no - BUR/BOT/2 020/029 | Prof. Sikha Dutta | Economic uses of Lichen. | |
| M.Sc Botany | Dissertation / Review (Including Social outreach) | 307 | Priti Jaiswal Roll No - BUR/BOT/2 020/040 | Prof. Sikha Dutta | Applications of mycorrhiza as biofertilizers | |
| M.Sc Botany | Dissertation / Review (Including Social outreach) | 307 | Rangita Hem brom Roll no- BUR/BOT/2 020/042 | Prof. Sikha Dutta | Edible versus poisonous mushrooms. | |
| M.Sc Botany | (Core course) | 307 | Sampriti Bag Roll no- BUR/BOT/2 020/049 | Prof. Sikha Dutta | Medicinal properties of mushrooms. | |
| M.Sc Botany | Dissertation / Review (Including Social outreach) | 307 | Silpi Biswas Roll No - BUR/BOT/2 020/052 | Prof. Sikha Dutta | Diversity of Fungi and their distribution. | |
| M.Sc Botany | (Core course) | 307 | Soumya Ghosh Roll No- BUR/BOT/2 020/054 | Prof. Sikha Dutta | Cultivation of edible mushrooms. | |
| M.Sc Botany | Dissertation / Review (Including Social outreach) | 307 | Subham Ghosh Roll No- BUR/BOT/2 020/059 | Prof. Sikha Dutta | Mucormycosis- the causes, consequences and possible control measures. | |
| M.Sc Botany | (Core course) | 307 | Subhankar Mitra | Prof. Sikha Dutta | Usefulness Biofertilizers as alternative of Chemical fertilizers. | |

| | | | | | | |
|----------------|---|-----|--|----------------------|--|--|
| | | | Roll - BUR/BOT/2 020/060 | | | |
| M.Sc Botany | Dissertation / Review (Including Social outreach) | 307 | Supriya Chatt erjee Roll No- BUR/BOT/2 020/062 | Prof. Sikha Dutta | Over applications of chemical fertilizers and pesticides in the agricultural fields and their adverse effects. | |
| M.Sc Botany | (Core course) | 307 | Pizushmonda l Roll no - BUR/BOT/2 020/082 | Prof. Sikha Dutta | Applications of yeasts as tool of genetic engineering. | |

| Program me name | Name of the course/ paper | Cours e Code | Name of student s | Name of the Mentor/ Teacher | Title (s), place of work, duration relating to Outreach Program/Research Project (completion certificate) / Dissertation work (completion certificate) /Field survey (photographs & report)/Internship (completion certificate)/ Educational tour or visit (photographs & report) etc., as discussed | Permission letter from authority for Field survey/Inter nship /Educational visit or tour |
|-----------------------|--|--------------------|----------------------------|---|--|---|
| M.Sc Botany | Dissertation / Review (Includin g Social outreach) (Core course) | 307 | BUR/B OT/20 20/005 | Dr. A. Ghosh Dr. S. Naskar | Role of Cryopreservation in conservation of Biodiversity. | |
| M.Sc Botany | Dissertation / Review (Includin g Social outreach) | 307 | BUR/B OT/20 20/009 | Dr. A. Ghosh Dr. S. Naskar | Habitat fragmentation and biodiversity. | |
| M.Sc Botany | (Core course) | 307 | BUR/B OT/20 | Dr. A. Ghosh | Some poisonous plants of Singhee, Birbhum; their medicinal uses and | |

| | | | | | | |
|-------------|---|-----|------------------|-------------------------------|--|--|
| | | | 20/014 | Dr. S. Naskar | management. | |
| M.Sc Botany | Dissertation / Review (Including Social outreach) | 307 | BUR/BOT/2020/016 | Dr. A. Ghosh Dr. S. Naskar | Medicinal plants and its importance | |
| M.Sc Botany | (Core course) | 307 | BUR/BOT/2020/019 | Dr. A. Ghosh Dr. S. Naskar | Agroforestry in India | |
| M.Sc Botany | Dissertation / Review (Including Social outreach) | 307 | BUR/BOT/2020/035 | Dr. A. Ghosh Dr. S. Naskar | Use of some medicinal plants at my village Kaiti and their conservation method | |
| M.Sc Botany | (Core course) | 307 | BUR/BOT/2020/041 | Dr. A. Ghosh Dr. S. Naskar | Conservation of medicinal plants | |
| M.Sc Botany | Dissertation / Review (Including Social outreach) | 307 | BUR/BOT/2020/044 | Dr. A. Ghosh Dr. S. Naskar | Medicinal plants in our locality and their uses | |
| M.Sc Botany | (Core course) | 307 | BUR/BOT/2020/053 | Dr. A. Ghosh Dr. S. Naskar | The impact of chemical fertilizers on Biodiversity | |
| M.Sc Botany | Dissertation / Review (Including Social outreach) | 307 | BUR/BOT/2020/058 | Dr. A. Ghosh Dr. S. Naskar | Plants germplasm conservation | |
| M.Sc Botany | (Core course) | 307 | BUR/BOT/20 | Dr. A. Ghosh | Introducing the hydroponics technology to the common people | |

| | | | | | | |
|--|--|--|--------|---------------|--------------------------------|--|
| | | | 20/064 | Dr. S. Naskar | for biodiversity conservation. | |
|--|--|--|--------|---------------|--------------------------------|--|

| Program me name | Name of the course/ paper | Course Code | Name of students | Name of the Mentor/ Teacher | Title (s), place of work, duration relating to Outreach Program/Research Project (completion certificate) / Dissertation work (completion certificate) /Field survey (photographs & report)/Internship (completion certificate)/ Educational tour or visit (photographs & report) etc., as discussed | Permission letter from authority for Field survey/Internship /Educational visit or tour |
|-----------------|---|-------------|------------------|-----------------------------|--|---|
| M.Sc Botany | Dissertation / Review (Including Social outreach) (Core course) | MSBO307 | Piyali Pal | Prof. T.K. Maiti | Microarray Technology and its Applications | |
| M.Sc Botany | Dissertation / Review (Including Social outreach) | MSBO307 | Chaitali Mondal | Prof. T.K. Maiti | Microbes as Biofertilizer | |
| M.Sc Botany | (Core course) | MSBO307 | Shrabni Rajak | Prof. T.K. Maiti | Microorganisms used in Food production | |
| M.Sc Botany | Dissertation / Review (Including Social outreach) | MSBO307 | Prima Bagui | Prof. T.K. Maiti | Diversity of Actinobacteria and its importance | |
| M.Sc Botany | (Core course) | MSBO307 | Shampa khatun | Prof. T.K. Maiti | The predator bacterial genus Bdellovibrio and | |

| | | | | | | |
|-------------|---|---------|-----------------|------------------|----------------------------------|--|
| | | | | | its application in various field | |
| M.Sc Botany | Dissertation / Review (Including Social outreach) | MSBO307 | Koyel Mahapatra | Prof. T.K. Maiti | Antibiotic uses and Misuses | |

| Program me name | Name of the course/ paper | Course Code | Name of students | Name of the Mentor/ Teacher | Title (s), place of work, duration relating to Outreach Program/Research Project (completion certificate) / Dissertation work (completion certificate) /Field survey (photographs & report)/Internship (completion certificate)/ Educational tour or visit (photographs &report) etc., as discussed | Permission letter from authority for Field survey/Internship /Educational visit or tour |
|-----------------|---|-------------|--|---|---|---|
| M.Sc Botany | Dissertation / Review (Including Social outreach) (Core course) | MSBO 307 | Ananya Dey (BUR BOT 2020/003) | Prof. Abhijit Bandyopadhyay and Dr. Sujit Roy | Social outreach programme on "Impact of climate change and sustainable agriculture practices" (Social outreach project, six months) | |
| M.Sc Botany | Dissertation / Review (Including Social outreach) (Core course) | MSBO 307 | Arundhati Jash (BUR BOT 2020/012) | Prof. Abhijit Bandyopadhyay and Dr. Sujit Roy | Social outreach programme on "Practical implications and future aspects of sustainable agriculture under changing climate" (Social outreach project, six months) | |
| M.Sc Botany | Dissertation / Review (Including Social outreach) (Core course) | MSBO 307 | Manali Bhattacharya (BUR BOT 2020/030) | Prof. Abhijit Bandyopadhyay and Dr. Sujit Roy | Social outreach programme on "Millets as an alternative food crop (Agronomic importance of millets)" (Social outreach project, six months) | |

| | | | | | | |
|-------------|---|----------|------------------------------------|---|---|--|
| M.Sc Botany | Dissertation / Review (Including Social outreach) (Core course) | MSBO 307 | Mihir Konai(BUR BOT 2020/031) | Prof. Abhijit Bandyopadhyay and Dr. Sujit Roy | Social outreach programme on "Millets as an alternative food crop (Nutritional importance of millets)"(Social outreach project, six months) | |
| M.Sc Botany | Dissertation / Review (Including Social outreach) (Core course) | MSBO 307 | Poulami Mal (BUR BOT 2020/037) | Prof. Abhijit Bandyopadhyay and Dr. Sujit Roy | Social outreach programme on "Health benefits of growing common medicinal plants at home (Medical aspect)"(Social outreach project, six months) | |
| M.Sc Botany | Dissertation / Review (Including Social outreach) (Core course) | MSBO 307 | Rimpa Paul (BUR BOT 2020/043) | Prof. Abhijit Bandyopadhyay and Dr. Sujit Roy | Social outreach programme on "Health benefits of growing common medicinal plants at home (Environmental aspect)"(Social outreach project, six months) | |
| M.Sc Botany | Dissertation / Review (Including Social outreach) (Core course) | MSBO 307 | Sayan Deep Bera (BUR BOT 2020/050) | Prof. Abhijit Bandyopadhyay and Dr. Sujit Roy | Social outreach programme on "Scientific basis of home remedies"(Social outreach project, six months) | |
| M.Sc Botany | Dissertation / Review (Including Social outreach) (Core course) | MSBO 307 | Sourav Das (BUR BOT 2020/ 056) | Prof. Abhijit Bandyopadhyay and Dr. Sujit Roy | Social outreach programme on "Scientific basis of home remedies" (Social outreach project, six months) | |
| M.Sc Botany | Dissertation / Review (Including Social outreach) (Core course) | MSBO 307 | Srijani Mandal (BUR BOT 2020/057) | Prof. Abhijit Bandyopadhyay and Dr. Sujit Roy | Social outreach programme on "Health benefits of Indian spices"(Social outreach project, six months) | |

| | | | | | | |
|----------------|---|-------------|--------------------------------------|--|--|--|
| M.Sc Botany | Dissertation / Review (Including Social outreach) (Core course) | MSBO 307 | TanisaBarui (BUR BOT 2020/085) | Prof. Abhijit Bandyopadhy a and Dr. Sujit Roy | Social outreach programme on "Health benefits of Indian spices" (Social outreach project, six months) | |
|----------------|---|-------------|--------------------------------------|--|--|--|

CORE COURSE MSBO 307: Workshop on awareness campaign on preservation of Biodiversity, agrobiodiversity, medicinal plants etc.

2021-22 Batch(BOTANY; DE: TAXONOMY OF ANGIOSPERMS AND BIOSYSTEMATICS (Guided by Dr. Asok Ghosh & Dr. Saikat Naskar)

1. "Importance of Tulsi As a Medicinal Plant and Its Preservation"
submitted by.....Roll No:- BUR/BOT/2021/033, Reg. No:- 201601000349 of 2016-17.
2. "Agrobiodiversity in India and it's significance in light of climate change, sustainable agriculture and poverty"
submitted by..... Roll No:- BUR/BOT/2021/029, Reg.No:- 201801049643 of 2018-19.
3. "Impact of climate change on Biodiversity"
submitted by.....Roll no:-BUR/BOT/2021/035, Reg. no:- 202103000520 of 2021-22.
4. "Workshop on awareness campaign on preservation of medicinal plant's diversity"
submitted by.....Roll no:- BUR/BOT/2021/041, Reg. no:- 201801022766 of 2018-19.
5. "PRESERVATION OF MEDICINAL PLANTS DIVERSITY"
submitted by.....Roll No:- BUR/BOT/2021/047, Reg.No:- 201801053318 of 2018-19.
6. "AGROBIODIVERSITY FOR FOOD SECURITY"
Submitted by.....Roll no:- BUR/BOT/2021/054, Reg. no:- 201801043279 of 2018-19.
7. "Workshop on awareness campaign on BIODIVERSITY"
submitted by.....Roll no:- BUR/BOT/2021/051, Reg.no:- 201801009246 of 2018-19.

**Annexure 1.18.1:
Plantation Program**

Plantation program

Annexure 1.18.1

Plantation program is a regular event in our University. Almost all Departmental program was initiated with the plantation. Few photographs are attached herewith:

লাউচোখা খেয়ে সম্প্রীতি



বিয়ের প্রতিশ্রুতি দিয়ে সহবাস, যুবক গ্রেপ্তার

সংবাদ: সিলেটের একটি কলেজের ছাত্রদের মধ্যে বিয়ের প্রতিশ্রুতি দিয়ে সহবাসের ঘটনা ঘটেছে। এ ঘটনায় এক যুবককে গ্রেপ্তার করা হয়েছে।

সিলেটের একটি কলেজের ছাত্রদের মধ্যে বিয়ের প্রতিশ্রুতি দিয়ে সহবাসের ঘটনা ঘটেছে। এ ঘটনায় এক যুবককে গ্রেপ্তার করা হয়েছে।

সিলেটের একটি কলেজের ছাত্রদের মধ্যে বিয়ের প্রতিশ্রুতি দিয়ে সহবাসের ঘটনা ঘটেছে। এ ঘটনায় এক যুবককে গ্রেপ্তার করা হয়েছে।

স্বপ্ন

স্বপ্নের মাধ্যমে আমরা আমাদের ভবিষ্যৎকে গঠন করি।



স্বপ্নের মাধ্যমে আমরা আমাদের ভবিষ্যৎকে গঠন করি।

স্বপ্নের মাধ্যমে আমরা আমাদের ভবিষ্যৎকে গঠন করি।



স্বপ্নের মাধ্যমে আমরা আমাদের ভবিষ্যৎকে গঠন করি।

স্বপ্নের মাধ্যমে আমরা আমাদের ভবিষ্যৎকে গঠন করি।



স্বপ্নের মাধ্যমে আমরা আমাদের ভবিষ্যৎকে গঠন করি।

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স্বপ্নের মাধ্যমে আমরা আমাদের ভবিষ্যৎকে গঠন করি।

স্বপ্নের মাধ্যমে আমরা আমাদের ভবিষ্যৎকে গঠন করি।

**Annexure 1.18.1.1:
Plantation program**

Tree Plantation Drive, 2022

Date: 20th June 2022

Time: 12 P.M. onwards

Venue: University Campus

Organizing Unit: NSS (National Service Scheme)



Brief Report: The Tree Plantation Drive on 20th June 2022, organized by the NSS (National Service Scheme) unit, marked a significant effort towards environmental conservation and sustainability. The event witnessed the participation of 56 students, along with the esteemed presence of the Hon'ble Vice Chancellor, Hon'ble Pro Vice Chancellor, Registrar, and several other dignitaries. The drive commenced at around 12 P.M. with the NSS volunteers and university officials gathering at the designated areas across the campus. Led by the dignitaries, the 56 volunteers embarked on a mission to enhance the green cover of the campus through tree plantation.

Upon reaching Bara Bazar, the NSS volunteers organized a street drama focusing on the theme of creating a Plastic-Free Society. Through creative storytelling and engaging performances, the volunteers conveyed the importance of reducing plastic usage and adopting sustainable alternatives. The street drama garnered significant attention from both locals and passersby, effectively conveying the message of environmental stewardship. Spectators were encouraged to reflect on their own consumption habits and pledge to take action towards building a more sustainable future. The World Environment Day celebration, spearheaded by the NSS unit, served as a reminder of the collective responsibility to protect and preserve our environment for future generations. Through innovative activities such as rallies and street dramas, the event successfully engaged the community in meaningful dialogue and action towards creating a more eco-conscious society.

In conclusion, the World Environment Day celebration organized by the NSS unit was a testament to the university's commitment to environmental sustainability. By mobilizing students and engaging the local community, the event contributed to raising awareness and fostering a sense of environmental responsibility among participants.

Annexure 1.18.4.1:

**Project sponsored by national funding
agency related to environmental issues**

Year 1 Note : Repeat for 5 years or add one first column for year a

| Name of the Scheme/Project/Endowments/ Chairs | Name of the Principal Investigator/ Co Investigator (if applicable) | Name of the Funding agency | Type (Government/Non-Government) | Department | Year of Award | Funds provided (INR in lakhs) |
|---|---|---|----------------------------------|-------------------------------------|---------------|-------------------------------|
| Interference of vehicle noise in teaching-learning process and development of strategies for abatement of classroom noise | Prof. Naba Kumar Mondal | Indian Council of Social Science Research (ICSSR) | Government | Environmental Science | 2021 | Rs. 9,00,000/- |
| Vulnerability of tribal women affected from dual effects of biomass and tobacco smoke: A biomarker based cross-sectional study | Prof. Naba Kumar Mondal | Science & Engineering Research Board (SERB) (A statutory body of the Department of Science & Technology, Government of India) | Government | Environmental Science | 2023 | Rs. 30,26,120/- |
| Development of nano-weapons from waste plastics and its efficacy against mosquito vector | Prof. Naba Kumar Mondal | Science & Engineering Research Board (SERB) (A statutory body of the Department of Science & Technology, Government of India) | Government | Environmental Science | | Rs. 35,44,332/- |
| Bioremediation of polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons (PAHs)-contamination at Digha Coastal Water (West Bengal) | Prof. ApurbaRatan Ghosh | GoWB DST & Biotechnology | Government | Department of Environmental Science | 2023 | 916300/- |
| Evaluation of available trace elements and methane emission from OCP at RaniganjAsansol Coal field areas, PaschimBardhaman | Prof. ApurbaRatan Ghosh | UGC-DAE-CSR, Kolkata Centre | Government | Department of Environmental Science | 2022 | 1080800/- |
| Qualitative estimation of subsurface water flow and identification of contaminant mobilization in mining areas using nanomaterials as tracers | SumantaNayak & Co-PI- Professor Srimanta Gupta | DST (GoI) | Government | Department of Environmental Science | 2021 | 7,15,975/- |
| Environmental geochemistry and water quality modeling of sahib Bandh lake, Purulia, West Bengal: An approach towards lake restoration | Professor Srimanta Gupta & Co-PI- Professor R. N. Saha(NIT Durgapur) | DHESTB (Govt. of WB) | Government | Department of Environmental Science | 2018 | 5,98,500/- |
| R&D project entitled-safe disposal of fluoride rich sludge through encapsulation in cement stabilized blocks using the low cost geomaterials. | Dr A. K. Batbayal (CSIR-Central Mechanical Engineering Research Instituted) & Co-PI- Professor Srimanta Gupta | DHESTB (Govt. of WB) | Government | Department of Environmental Science | 2018 | 19,43,600/- |
| Spatial distribution of uranium in three district (south 24 Parganas, PurbaMedinipur, and Paschim Medinipur) of West Bengal | Professor Srimanta Gupta & Co-PI- Professor R. N. Saha(NIT Durgapur) | BRNS-DAE | Government | Department of Environmental Science | 2018 | 27,51,800/- |
| Modelling of greenhouse gas emissions from paddy fields through conventional, system of rice intensification and zero tillage practices in Burdwan district, West Bengal, India | Dr. SudiptoMandal | DST-SERB | Government | Department of Environmental Science | 2017 | 38.1 lakhs |
| Structurally dynamic model of greenhouse gas emission and carbon sequestration in Sundarban mangrove ecosystem, India | Dr. SudiptoMandal | DST-SERB | Government | Department of Environmental Science | 2019 | 37.6 lakhs |

Annexure 1.18.6:
World Environment Day Celebration

World Environment Day Celebration, 2022

Date: 20th June 2022

Time: 8 A.M. to 10 A.M.

Venue: University Campus to Bara Bazar

Organizing Unit: NSS (National Service Scheme)

Collaborating Agency: None

Action Photos:



Brief Report: The World Environment Day celebration on 20th June 2022 was organized by the NSS (National Service Scheme) unit I, II, & III, in alignment with the global theme to raise awareness and take action on pressing environmental issues. The event saw active participation from 95 students, demonstrating their commitment to environmental conservation. The celebration commenced at 8:30 A.M. with a rally organized by the NSS unit, starting from the University campus and culminating at Bara Bazar, a bustling market area. The rally aimed to engage the local community and spread awareness about environmental conservation measures.

Celebration of 5th June, Ozone Day etc.

Annexure 1.18.6



Annexure 1.18.7:
Field visits and surveys

Annexure: 1.18.7

1.18.7 Number of field visit/Survey: Yes
1.18.7)

Students of Environmental Science are engaged with field visit, survey etc in regular interval. Few photographs are attached herewith related indoor air pollution in village areas and field visit to Bakreshwar Hot Spring.

Field visit:



Annexure 1.18.8:
Campus biodiversity register

Campus Biodiversity Register and Mapping of the Golapbag Campus:
FLORA (tree species included only):

The University is unique in its biodiversity since its inception in 1960s. The floristic diversity and its composition of the campus are reflected in different previous publications. Namhata and Mukherjee (1990) enumerated ca 300 species under ca 88 families of angiosperms. Subsequently, Ganguly *et al.* (2018) have reported ca 120 tree species from this region and some of the species are even absent in the revised list of the tree species. Several tree species like *Aleurites moluccanus* (L.) Willd, a tree member of Euphorbiaceae, *Erioglossum edule* Blume, *Naringi crenulata* (Roxb.) D.H. Nicolson, *Prosopis juliflora* (Sw.) DC, *Citharexylum subserratum* Sw., *Berrya cordifolia* (Willd.) Burret, *Brownea coccinea* Jacq., *Cassia fistula* Linn., *Corypha utan* Lam. (near relative of century palm, *Corypha taliera* Roxb.) were not recorded previously from the university campus and probably due to later plantation or invaders or were not diagnosed properly. But, in our very recent investigation (unpublished data and work in progress) we observed several individuals of some of the above mentioned species in naturalized condition which is the direct indication of changing floristic composition of the naturalized species. One of the most slow growing species, *Jacquinia ruscifolia* Jacq. of Primulaceae (previously in Theophrastaceae, named after Father of Botany-Theophrastus) represented by only two individuals along with glory of Burma, *Amherstia nobilis* Wall., which is represented by only one individual tree are under the very close observation of the experts, though they are not producing viable offspring due to unknown reason. Very recent survey revealed that in the campus, there are more than 1150 tree individuals representing more than 120 tree species of which some of the species are economically very important. In addition the campus harbours more than 350 herbs and under shrubs. Thus, it can be stated that Golapbag Campus of The University of Burdwan has very rich plant diversity including tree diversity and maintaining its plant diversity well without hampering other components of the institution. Table (Table 1) represents plant species (tree) which are present at Golapbag Campus, The University of Burdwan, which is partially reflected in the Figure 1 in the form of geo-tagging. Both the evaluation of the plant species and geo-tagging of the tree species are in progress.

Table 1. Details of the tree species with their numbers of individuals and systematic position (Family only; family names are arranged alphabetically).

| Family | Name of the species | No. of Individuals | Sl. No. |
|---------------|---|--------------------|---------|
| Alangiaceae | <i>Alangium salviifolium</i> (L.f.) Wangerin syn. <i>Alangium lamarkii</i> Thwaites | 1 | 1. |
| Anacardiaceae | <i>Mangifera indica</i> L. | 21 | 2. |
| Anacardiaceae | <i>Spondias dulcis</i> L. syn. <i>Spondias cytherea</i> | 2 | 3. |

| | | | |
|--------------------------------------|---|----------------|-----|
| Anacardiaceae | <u>Spondias pinnata</u> (L. f.) Kurz | 2 | 4. |
| Annonaceae | <u>Polyalthia suberosa</u> (Roxburgh) Thwaites | 1 | 5. |
| Annonaceae | <u>Polyalthia longifolia</u> (Sonn.) Thwaites | 387 | 6. |
| Annonaceae/ Phyllanthaceae | <u>Uvaria</u> Sp. / <u>Bridelia retusa</u> | 1 | 7. |
| Apocynaceae | <u>Alstonia scholaris</u> (L.) R. Br. | 1 | 8. |
| Apocynaceae on Ebanaceae/ Clusiaceae | <u>Amphineurion marginatum</u> (Roxb.) D.J.Middleton syn. <u>Aganosma marginata</u> (Roxb.) G.Don on <u>Diospyros</u> sp. / <u>Garcinia</u> sp. | ***** ***** | 9. |
| Apocynaceae | <u>Holarrhena pubescens</u> Wall. ex G.Don syn. <u>Holarrhena antidyenterica</u> (Roth) Wall. ex A.DC. | 6 | 10. |
| Apocynaceae | <u>Plumeria obtusa</u> L. | 3 | 11. |
| Apocynaceae | <u>Wrightia arborea</u> (Dennst.) Mabb. Syn. <u>Wrightia tomentosa</u> Roem. & Schult. | 2 | 12. |
| Apocynaceae | <u>Wrightia coccinea</u> (Roxb. ex Hornem.) Sims/ <u>Wrightia tomentosa</u> Roem. & Schult. Syn. <u>Wrightia arborea</u> (Dennst.) Mabb. | 1 | 13. |
| Areceae | <u>Areca catechu</u> L. | 3 | 14. |
| Areceae | <u>Borassus flabellifer</u> L. | 2 | 15. |
| Areceae | <u>Corypha utan</u> Lam. Syn. <u>Corypha elata</u> Roxb. | 4 | 16. |
| Areceae/ Palmae | <u>Livistona chinensis</u> (Jacq.) R.Br. ex Mart. | Dead now | 17. |
| Areceae | <u>Phoenix rupicola</u> T.Anderson | 1 | 18. |
| Areceae/ Palmae | <u>Roystonea regia</u> (Kunth) O.F.Cook | 15 | 19. |
| Bignoniaceae | <u>Dolichandrone stipulata</u> (Wall.) Benth. et Hook. f. | 32 | 20. |
| Bignoniaceae | <u>Heterophragma</u> sp./ <u>H. adenophyllum</u> | 1 | 21. |
| Bignoniaceae | <u>Parmentiera cereifera</u> Seem. | 1 | 22. |
| Bignoniaceae | <u>Roseodendron donnell-smithii</u> (Rose) Miranda syn. <u>Tabebuia donnell-smithii</u> Rose Or <u>Tabebuia aurea</u> (Manso) Benth. & Hook. fil. ex S. Moore | 1 | 23. |
| Bignoniaceae | <u>Stereospermum</u> sp. | 1 | 24. |
| Bignoniaceae | <u>Tabebuia heterophylla</u> (DC.) Britt. Syn. <u>Tabebuia pentaphylla</u> Hemsl. | 1 | 25. |
| Bixaceae | <u>Bixa orellana</u> L. | 1 | 26. |
| Boraginaceae | <u>Cordia myxa</u> L. | 3 | 27. |

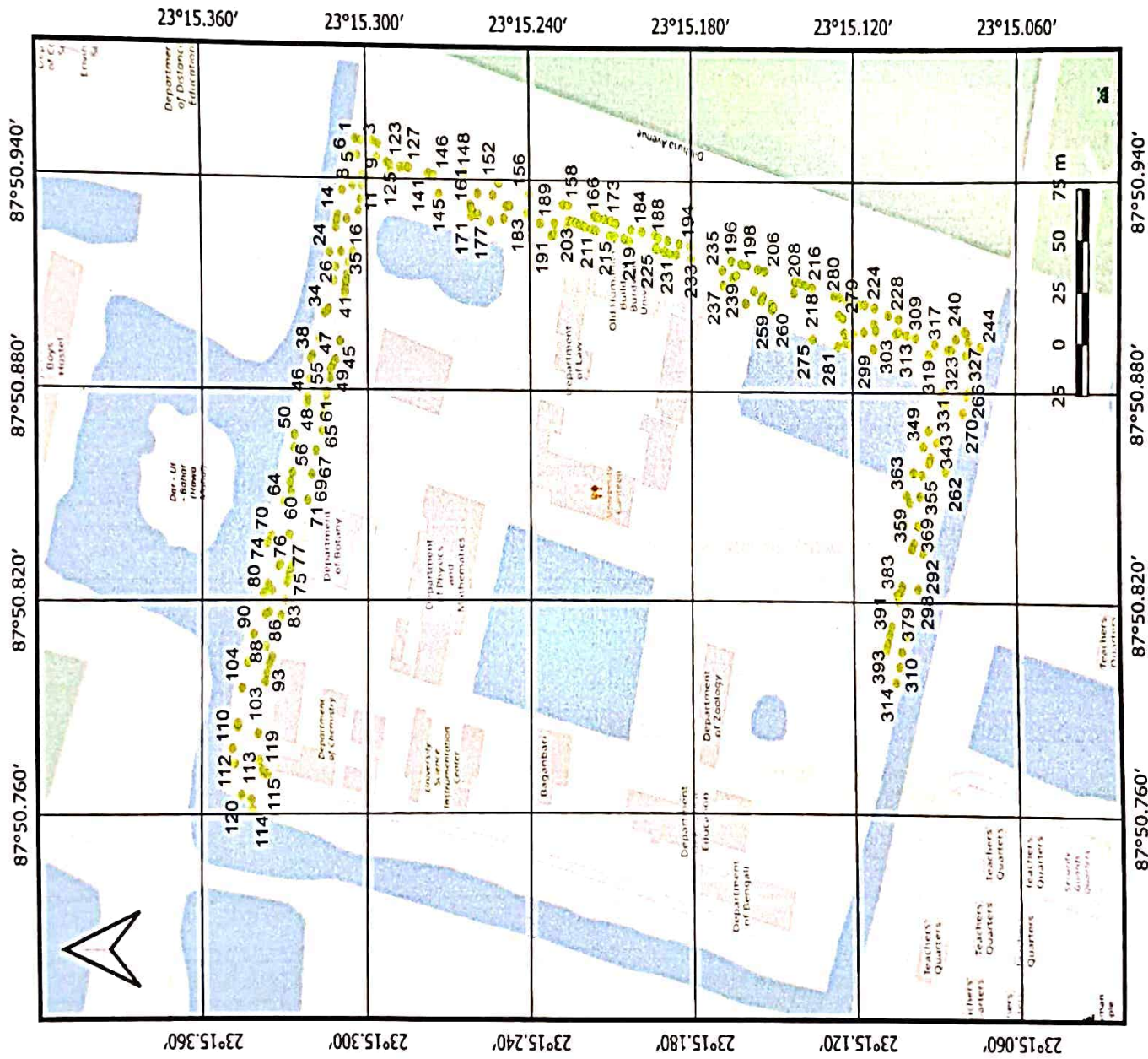
| | | | | |
|----------------------------------|--|----------------|--|-----|
| | <u>Ehretia glabra</u> Roth ex Roem. & Schult. | | | |
| Boraginaceae | <u>Ehretia laevis</u> Roxb. | 1 | | 28. |
| Caesalpinioideae/ Leguminosae | <u>Amherstia nobilis</u> Wall. | 1 | | 29. |
| Caesalpinioideae/ Leguminosae | <u>Brownea coccinea</u> Jacq. | 1 | | 30. |
| Caesalpinioideae/ Leguminosae | <u>Peltophorum pterocarpum</u> (DC.) K. Heyne | 3 | | 31. |
| Caesalpinioideae/ Leguminosae | <u>Senna multijuga</u> (Rich.) H.S. Irwin & Barneby syn. <u>Cassia multijuga</u> Rich. | 1 | | 32. |
| Caesalpinioideae/ Leguminosae | <u>Senna siamea</u> (Lam.) Irwin et Barneby syn. <u>Cassia siamea</u> | 21 | | 33. |
| Caesalpinioideae/ Leguminosae | <u>Senna spectabilis</u> (DC.) H.S. Irwin & Barneby syn. <u>Cassia spectabilis</u> DC./ <u>Chamaecrista paniculata</u> (Benth.) H.S. Irwin & Barneby Syn. <u>Cassia paniculata</u> Benth. | 1 | | 34. |
| Calophyllaceae | <u>Mesua ferrea</u> L. | 1 | | 35. |
| Cannabaceae | <u>Trema orientalis</u> (L.) Blume | 1 | | 36. |
| Casuarinaceae and Moraceae | <u>Casuarina equisetifolia</u> L. + <u>Ficus benghalensis</u> | 3 | | 37. |
| Clusiaceae | <u>Garcinia</u> sp. | 2 | | 38. |
| Combretaceae | <u>Terminalia bellirica</u> (Gaertn.) Roxb. Syn. <u>Terminalia belirica</u> (Gaertn.) Wall. | 1 | | 39. |
| Palmae | DEAD a member of Arecaceae May be <u>Livistonea</u> sp. | ***** ***** | | 40. |
| Ebenaceae | <u>Diospyros montana</u> Roxb./ <u>Diospyros chloroxylon</u> Roxb. Syn. <u>Diospyros tomentosa</u> Poir. | 4 | | 41. |
| Ebenaceae | Dead <u>Diospyros</u> sp. | ***** ***** | | 42. |
| Ebenaceae | <u>Diospyros discolor</u> Willd. <u>male plant</u> | 1 | | 43. |
| Euphorbiaceae | <u>Aleurites</u> sp./ <u>Aleurites moluccanus</u> (L.) Willd. | 1 | | 44. |
| Euphorbiaceae | <u>Mallotus nudiflorus</u> (L.) Kulju & Welzen Syn. <u>Trewia nudiflora</u> L. <u>Mallotus</u> sp. <u>Putranjiva roxburghii</u> Wall. | 1 | | 45. |
| Euphorbiaceae | <u>Suregada multiflora</u> (A.Juss.) Bail. Syn. <u>Gelonium</u> | 42 | | 46. |
| Euphorbiaceae | | 2 | | 47. |

| | | | | |
|---------------------------------|---|----|--|-----|
| | multiflorum A. Juss. Suregada multiflora (A.Juss.) Baill. Male plant | | | |
| <u>Fabaceae/Leguminosae</u> | <u>Pterocarpus marsupium Roxb. Syn. Pterocarpus marsupium subsp. acuminatus (Prain) Thoth.</u> | 1 | | 48. |
| <u>Lauraceae</u> | <u>Litsea glutinosa (Lour.) C. B. Rob.</u> | 8 | | 49. |
| <u>Lecythidaceae</u> | <u>Barringtonia acutangula (L.) Gaertn.</u> | 4 | | 50. |
| <u>Lecythidaceae</u> | <u>Couroupita guianensis Aubl.</u> | 1 | | 51. |
| <u>Leguminosae</u> | <u>Acacia auriculiformis Benth. Syn. Racosperma auriculiforme (Benth.) Pedley</u> | 7 | | 52. |
| <u>Leguminosae</u> | <u>Butea monosperma (Lam.) Taub.</u> | 1 | | 53. |
| <u>Leguminosae/ Fabaceae</u> | <u>Cassia fistula L.</u> | 11 | | 54. |
| <u>Leguminosae</u> | <u>Dalbergia lanceolaria L.f.</u> | 12 | | 55. |
| <u>Leguminosae</u> | <u>Gliricidia maculata (Humb., Bonpl. & Kunth) Steud. / Gliricidia sepium (Jacq.) Walp.</u> | 1 | | 56. |
| <u>Leguminosae</u> | <u>Pongamia pinnata (L.) Pierre</u> | 7 | | 57. |
| <u>Leguminosae</u> | <u>Prosopis juliflora (Sw.) DC.</u> | 16 | | 58. |
| <u>Leguminosae</u> | <u>Saraca asoca (Roxb.) Willd.</u> | 99 | | 59. |
| <u>Leguminosae</u> | <u>Tamarindus indica L.</u> | 1 | | 60. |
| <u>Lythraceae</u> | <u>Lagerstroemia speciosa (L.) Pers.</u> | 60 | | 61. |
| <u>Magnoliaceae</u> | <u>Magnolia hodgsonii (Hook.f. & Thomson) H.Keng syn. Talauma hodgsonii Hook.f. & Thomson</u> | 1 | | 62. |
| <u>Magnoliaceae</u> | <u>Michelia champaca L. syn. Magnolia champaca (L.) Baill. ex Pierre</u> | 1 | | 63. |
| <u>Malvaceae/ Tiliaceae</u> | <u>Berrya cordifolia (Willd.) Burret Syn. Berrya ammonilla Roxb.</u> | 1 | | 64. |
| <u>Malvaceae</u> | <u>Grewia asiatica L.</u> | 6 | | 65. |
| <u>Malvaceae/ Sterculiaceae</u> | <u>Sterculia foetida L.</u> | 2 | | 66. |
| <u>Melastomaceae</u> | <u>Memecylon umbellatum Brum. f.</u> | 1 | | 67. |
| <u>Meliaceae</u> | <u>Aphanamixis polystachya (Wall.) R.Parker</u> | 1 | | 68. |

| | | | |
|---|---|-------|-----|
| Meliaceae | <u>Melia azedarach</u> L. | 2 | 69. |
| Meliaceae | <u>Swietenia macrophylla</u> King. | 2 | 70. |
| Meliaceae | <u>Swietenia mahagoni</u> (L.) Jacq. | 79 | 71. |
| Mimosoideae/ Leguminosae | <u>Albizia lebeck</u> (L.) Benth. | 8 | 72. |
| Mimosoideae/ Leguminosae | <u>Albizia saman</u> (Jacq.) Merr. Syn. <u>Samanea saman</u> (Jacq.) Merr. | 14 | 73. |
| Moraceae | <u>Artocarpus heterophyllus</u> Lam. | 5 | 74. |
| Moraceae | <u>Artocarpus lacucha</u> Buchanan-Hamilton ex D. Don Syn. <u>Artocarpus lakoocha</u> Roxb. | 3 | 75. |
| Moraceae | <u>Ficus benghalensis</u> L. | 17 | 76. |
| Moraceae, Sapotaceae, Euphorbiaceae, Lauraceae, Euphorbiaceae | <u>Ficus benghalensis</u> , <u>Mimosa elengi</u> , <u>Gelonium Sp.</u> , and <u>Litsea glutinosa</u> , <u>Putranjiva roxverjii</u> Wall. | ***** | 77. |
| Moraceae | <u>Ficus racemosa</u> L. syn. <u>Ficus glomerata</u> Roxb. | 5 | 78. |
| Moraceae | <u>Ficus religiosa</u> / <u>F. benghalensis</u> | ***** | 79. |
| Moraceae | <u>Ficus</u> sp. | 1 | 80. |
| Moraceae | <u>Streblus asper</u> Lour. | 12 | 81. |
| Myrtaceae | <u>Eucalyptus globulus</u> Labill. | 1 | 82. |
| Myrtaceae | <u>Syzygium aqueum</u> (Burm.f.) Alston | 3 | 83. |
| Myrtaceae | <u>Syzygium cumini</u> (L.) Skeels. | 2 | 84. |
| Myrtaceae | <u>Syzygium jambos</u> (L.) Alston | 1 | 85. |
| Ochnaceae | <u>Ochna squarrosa</u> L./ <u>Ochna jabotapitta</u> Vell./ <u>Ochna jabotapita</u> L. | 1 | 86. |
| Oxalidaceae | <u>Averrhoa carambola</u> L. Syn. <u>Averrhoa acutangula</u> Stokes | 1 | 87. |
| Palmae | <u>Borassus flabellifer</u> L. | 4 | 88. |
| Papilionoideae/ Leguminosae | <u>Erythrina variegata</u> L. syn. <u>Erythrina indica</u> Lam. | 2 | 89. |
| Phyllanthaceae | <u>Bridelia retusa</u> (L.) A. Juss. | 1 | 90. |
| Rhamnaceae | <u>Ziziphus jujuba</u> Mill. Syn. <u>Ziziphus mauritiana</u> Lam. | 1 | 91. |

| | | | |
|---|--|------------|------|
| Rhizophoraceae | <u>Carallia brachitata</u> (Lour.) Merr. | 1 | 92. |
| Rubiaceae | <u>Ixora pavetta</u> Andr. Syn. <u>Ixora arborea</u> Roxb. ex Sm. | 2 | 93. |
| Rubiaceae | <u>Mitragyna parvifolia</u> (Roxb.) Korth. | 1 | 94. |
| Rubiaceae | <u>Morinda tomentosa</u> B. Heyne ex Roth | 1 | 95. |
| Rubiaceae | <u>Neolamarckia cadamba</u> (Roxb.) Bosser | 2 | 96. |
| Rutaceae | <u>Aegle mermelox</u> (L.) Correa | 10 | 97. |
| Rutaceae | <u>Citrus maxima</u> (Burm. f.) Osbeck | 1 | 98. |
| Rutaceae | <u>Murraya paniculata</u> (L.) Jacq. Syn. <u>Murraya exotica</u> L. | 4 | 99. |
| Sapindaceae | <u>Erioglossum edule</u> Blume syn. <u>Sapindus edulis</u> Aiton | 1 | 100. |
| Sapindaceae | <u>Filicium decipiens</u> (Wight & Arn.) Thwaites | 1 | 101. |
| Sapindaceae | <u>Litchi chinensis</u> Sonn. | 2 | 102. |
| Sapindaceae | <u>Schleichera oleosa</u> (Lour.) Merr. | 1 | 103. |
| Sapotaceae | <u>Mimusops elengi</u> L. | 23 | 104. |
| Sapotaceae | <u>Manilkara zapota</u> (L.) P. Royen syn. <u>Manilkara achras</u> (Mill.) Fosberg syn. <u>Sapota achras</u> Mill. | 1 | 105. |
| Sapotaceae | <u>Malinkara hexandra</u> (Roxb.) Dubard | 1 | 106. |
| Sapotaceae | <u>Madhuca longifolia</u> var. <u>latifolia</u> (Roxb.) A. Chev. Syn. <u>Madhuca indica</u> J.F. Gmel | 1 | 107. |
| Simaroubaceae | <u>Ailanthus excelsa</u> Roxb. | 1 | 108. |
| Sterculiaceae/ Malvaceae | <u>Kleinhovia hospita</u> L. Syn. <u>Cattimarus hospitus</u> (L.) Kuntze | 2 | 109. |
| Sterculiaceae | <u>Pterospermum acerifolium</u> (L.) Willd. | 7 | 110. |
| Sterculiaceae, Moraceae, Lauraceae and Sapotaceae | <u>Pterospermum acerifolium</u> (L.) Willd., <u>Ficus beghalensis</u> , <u>Litsea glutinosa</u> and <u>Mimusops elengi</u> | ***** * | 111. |
| Sterculiaceae, Moraceae and Sapotaceae | <u>Pterospermum acerifolium</u> (L.) Willd., <u>Ficus beghalensis</u> and <u>Mimusops elengi</u> | ***** | 112. |
| Sterculiaceae | <u>Pterospermum</u> sp. | 1 | 113. |
| Sterculiaceae | <u>Pterospermum xylocarpum</u> (Gaertn.) Oken syn. <u>Pterospermum xylocarpum</u> (Gaertn.) Santapau & Wagh | 1 | 114. |
| Sterculiaceae/ Malvaceae | <u>Pterygota alata</u> (Roxb.) R.Br. Syn. <u>Sterculia alata</u> Roxb. | 2 | 115. |

| | | | |
|----------------------------------|---|----------------|------|
| Steruliaceae/ Malvaceae | <u>Sterculia foetida</u> L. | 4 | 116. |
| Symplococaceae Elacocarpaceae | <u>Symplocos racemosa</u> Roxb./ <u>Elaeocarpus floribundus</u> Blume | 1 | 117. |
| Ulmaceae/ Cannabaceae | BROKEN and log With <u>Trema orientalis</u> (L.) Bl. | ***** ***** | 118. |
| Ulmaceae | <u>Holoptelea integrifolia</u> Planch. Syn. <u>Ulmus integrifolia</u> Roxb. | 4 | 119. |
| Ulmaceae/ Cannabaceae | <u>Trema orientalis</u> (L.) Bl. | 3 | 120. |
| Verbanaceae | <u>Citharexylum spinosum</u> L. Syn. <u>Citharexylum subserratum</u> Sw. | 1 | 121. |
| Verbenaceae | <u>Tectona grandis</u> L.f. | 5 | 122. |



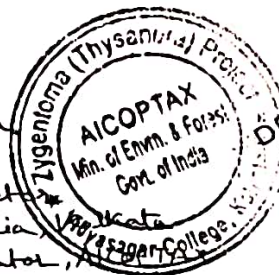
FAUNA OF BURDWAN UNIVERSITY CAMPUS

Insecta: Lepidoptera

| Sl. No. | Common name | Scientific Name | IUCN Red List category & Criteria (ver 3.1) |
|---------|-----------------|------------------------------|---|
| 1. | Apefly | <i>Spalgis epus</i> | Not evaluated |
| 2. | Blue Tiger | <i>Tirumala limniace</i> | Not Evaluated |
| 3. | Chocolate Pansy | <i>Junonia iphita</i> | Least Concern |
| 4. | Common Baron | <i>Euthalia aconthea</i> | Not Evaluated |
| 5. | Castor | <i>Ricinus communis</i> | Not Evaluated |
| 6. | Common crow | <i>Euploea core</i> | Least Concern |
| 7. | Emigrants | <i>Catopsilia pomona</i> | Not Evaluated |
| 8. | Evening brown | <i>Melanitis leda</i> | Not Evaluated |
| 9. | Fire ring | <i>Ypthima huebneri</i> | Not Evaluated |
| 10. | Grass yellow | <i>Eurema hecabe</i> | Least Concern |
| 11. | Gull butterfly | <i>Cepora nadina nadina</i> | Not Evaluated |
| 12. | Jezebel | <i>Delias eucharis</i> | Not Evaluated |
| 13. | Leopard | <i>Phalanta phalantha</i> | Not Evaluated |
| 14. | Mormon | <i>Papilio polytes</i> | Not Evaluated |
| 15. | Palmfly | <i>Elymnias hypermnestra</i> | Not Evaluated |
| 16. | Pierrot | <i>Talicauda nyseus</i> | Not Evaluated |
| 17. | Quaker | <i>Pithecopis fulgens</i> | Not Evaluated |
| 18. | Sailor | <i>Neptis hylas</i> | Not Evaluated |
| 19. | Sun beam | <i>Curetis acuta</i> | Not Evaluated |
| 20. | Tit | <i>Hypolycaena erylus</i> | Not Evaluated |
| 21. | Wanderer male | <i>Danaus plexippus</i> | Not Evaluated |
| 22. | Danid egg fly | <i>Hypolimnas misippus</i> | Least Concern |

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| | | | |
|-----|---------------------|---------------------------------|---------------|
| 23. | Great Egg fly | <i>Hypolimnas bolina</i> | Not Evaluated |
| 24. | Grey Pansy | <i>Junonia atlites</i> | Not Evaluated |
| 25. | Indian Skipper | <i>Spialia galba</i> | Not Evaluated |
| 26. | Lemon Emigrant | <i>Catopsilia pomona pomona</i> | Not Evaluated |
| 27. | Lemon pansy | <i>Junonia lemonias</i> | Not Evaluated |
| 28. | Lime Blue | <i>Chilades lajus lajus</i> | Not Evaluated |
| 29. | Lime | <i>Papilio demoleus</i> | Not Evaluated |
| 30. | Molted emigrant | <i>Catopsilia pyranthe</i> | Not Evaluated |
| 31. | Monkey puzzle | <i>Rathinda amor</i> | Not Evaluated |
| 32. | Oak leaf | <i>Kallima inachus</i> | Not Evaluated |
| 33. | Pea Blue | <i>Lampides boeticus</i> | Not Evaluated |
| 34. | Peacock Pansy | <i>Junonia almana</i> | Not Evaluated |
| 35. | Plains Cupid | <i>Chilades pandava</i> | Not Evaluated |
| 36. | Plains tiger | <i>Danaus chrysippus</i> | Not Evaluated |
| 37. | Psyche | <i>Leptosia nina</i> | Not Evaluated |
| 38. | Rounded Pierrot | <i>Tarucus extricatus</i> | Not Evaluated |
| 39. | Small branded swift | <i>Pelopidas mathias</i> | Not Evaluated |
| 40. | Small Grass Yellow | <i>Eurema brigitta</i> | Not Evaluated |
| 41. | Stripped Tiger | <i>Danus genutia</i> | Not Evaluated |
| 42. | Sunbean | <i>Curetis thetis</i> | Not Evaluated |
| 43. | Tailed jay | <i>Graphium agamemnon</i> | Not Evaluated |
| 44. | Twany coster | <i>Acraea terpsicore</i> | Not Evaluated |
| 45. | White Orange tip | <i>Ixias marianne</i> | Not Evaluated |

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| | | | |
|-----|--------------|------------------------------|---------------|
| 46. | Yellow pansy | <i>Junonia hierta hierta</i> | Not Evaluated |
|-----|--------------|------------------------------|---------------|

Aves (Birds):

| Sl. No. | Common name | Scientific Name | IUCN Red List category & Criteria (ver 3.1) |
|---------|------------------------------|---------------------------------|---|
| 1. | Alexanderine Parakeet | <i>Psittacula eupatria</i> | Near Threatened |
| 2. | Asian Openbill Stork | <i>Anastomus oscitans</i> | Least Concern |
| 3. | Asian Pied Starling | <i>Gracupica contra</i> | Least Concern |
| 4. | Bengal Bush Lark | <i>Mirafra assamica</i> | Least Concern |
| 5. | Black Kite | <i>Milvus migrans</i> | Least Concern |
| 6. | Black Crowned night heron | <i>Nycticorax nycticorax</i> | Least Concern |
| 7. | Black-hooded oriol | <i>Oriolus xanthornus</i> | Least Concern |
| 8. | Black-napped oriol | <i>Oriolus chinensis</i> | Least Concern |
| 9. | Blue-throated Barbet | <i>Megalaima asiatica</i> | Not Recognised |
| 10. | Bronze-Winged Jacana | <i>Metopidius indicus</i> | Least Concern |
| 11. | Brown-Shrike | <i>Lanius cristatus</i> | Least Concern |
| 12. | Chest nut Tailed Starling | <i>Sturnia malabarica</i> | Least Concern |
| 13. | Common Hawk Cuckoo | <i>Hierococcyx varius</i> | Least Concern |
| 14. | Common Hoopoe | <i>Upupa epops</i> | Least Concern |
| 15. | Common Iora | <i>Aegithina tiphia</i> | Least Concern |
| 16. | Common Coot | <i>Fulica atra</i> | Least Concern |
| 17. | Copper smith Barbet | <i>Megalaima haemacephala</i> | Least Concern |
| 18. | Cotton Pigmy Goose | <i>Nettapus coromandelianus</i> | Least Concern |
| 19. | Eurasian Golden Oriole | <i>Oriolus oriolus</i> | Least Concern |
| 20. | Green bee-eater | <i>Merops orientalis</i> | Least Concern |
| 21. | Grey Headed Lapwing | <i>Vanellus cinereus</i> | Least Concern |
| 22. | Grey Tit | <i>Parus afer</i> | Least Concern |
| 23. | Grey Wagtail | <i>Motacilla cinerea</i> | Least Concern |
| 24. | House sparrow | <i>Passer domesticus</i> | Least Concern |
| 25. | Indian Cuckoo | <i>Cuculus micropterus</i> | Least Concern |
| 26. | Black-crowned Night heron | <i>Nycticorax nycticorax</i> | Least Concern |
| 27. | Indian Roller | <i>Coracias benghalensis</i> | Least Concern |
| 28. | Jungle Babbler | <i>Turdoides striata</i> | Least Concern |
| 29. | Black Kite | <i>Milvus migrans</i> | Least Concern |
| 30. | Lesser whistling Duck | <i>Dendrocygna javanica</i> | Least Concern |
| 31. | Lesser Goldenback Woodpecker | <i>Dinopium benghalense</i> | Least Concern |

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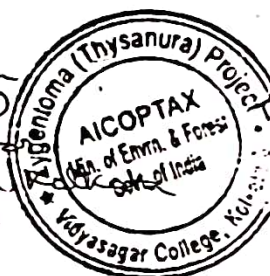
| | | | |
|-----|---|-------------------------------|-----------------|
| 32. | Lineated Barbet | <i>Psilopogon lineatus</i> | Least Concern |
| 33. | Little Cormorant | <i>Microcarbo niger</i> | Least Concern |
| 34. | Little Egret | <i>Egretta garzetta</i> | Least Concern |
| 35. | Little Grebe | <i>Tachybaptus ruficollis</i> | Least Concern |
| 36. | Long-tailed Shrike | <i>Lanius schach</i> | Least Concern |
| 37. | Common Moorhen | <i>Gallinula chloropus</i> | Least Concern |
| 38. | Orange Headed Thrush | <i>Zoothera citrina</i> | Least Concern |
| 39. | Oriental Honey-buzzard | <i>Pernis ptilorhynchus</i> | Least Concern |
| 40. | Oriental magpie-robin | <i>Copsychus saularis</i> | Least Concern |
| 41. | Paddy Field Pipit | <i>Anthus rufulus</i> | Least Concern |
| 42. | Plain Prinia | <i>Prinia inornata</i> | Least Concern |
| 43. | Indian Pond heron | <i>Ardeola grayii</i> | Least Concern |
| 44. | Purple Sunbird | <i>Cinnyris asiaticus</i> | Least Concern |
| 45. | Red-throated Flycatcher | <i>Ficedula albicilla</i> | Least Concern |
| 46. | Red-whiskered bulbul | <i>Pycnonotus jocosus</i> | Least Concern |
| 47. | Red-breasted-parakeet | <i>Psittacula alexandri</i> | Near Threatened |
| 48. | Red-vented-bulbul | <i>Pycnonotus cafer</i> | Least Concern |
| 49. | Red-wattled lapwing | <i>Vanellus indicus</i> | Least Concern |
| 50. | Rose-ringed Parakeet | <i>Psittacula krameri</i> | Least Concern |
| 51. | Rufous Treepie | <i>Dendrocitta vagabunda</i> | Least Concern |
| 52. | Scaly-breasted Munia | <i>Lonchura punctulata</i> | Least Concern |
| 53. | Shikra | <i>Accipiter badius</i> | Least Concern |
| 54. | White-throated Munia, Indian Silverbill | <i>Lonchura malabarica</i> | Least Concern |
| 55. | Common Kingfisher | <i>Alcedo atthis</i> | Least Concern |
| 56. | Spotted Owl | <i>Strix occidentalis</i> | Near Threatened |
| 57. | Storkbilled Kingfisher | <i>Pelargopsis capensis</i> | Least Concern |
| 58. | Common tailor bird | <i>Orthotomus sutorius</i> | Least Concern |
| 59. | Tricolored Munia, Black-headed Munia | <i>Lonchura malacca</i> | Least Concern |
| 60. | White Wagtail | <i>Motacilla alba</i> | Least Concern |
| 61. | White-throated Kingfisher | <i>Halcyon smyrnensis</i> | Least Concern |
| 62. | Yellow-footed Green-pigeon | <i>Treron phoenicopterus</i> | Least Concern |

Mammalia:

| Sl. No. | Common name | Scientific Name | IUCN Red List category & Criteria (ver 3.1) |
|---------|-------------|-----------------|---|
|---------|-------------|-----------------|---|

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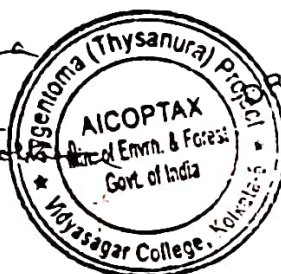
| | | | |
|-----|--|-----------------------------------|---------------|
| 1. | Wild Cat (Bham) (Carnivora) | <i>Felis silvestris</i> | Least Concern |
| 2. | Indian Grey Mongoose, Common Mongoose, Grey Mongoose (Carnivora) | <i>Herpestes edwardsii</i> | Least Concern |
| 3. | Common Jackal (Carnivora) | <i>Canis aureus indicus</i> | Least Concern |
| 4. | Common Palm Civet (Carnivora) | <i>Paradoxurus hermaphroditus</i> | Least Concern |
| 5. | Common Palm Squirrel, Indian Palm Squirrel, Three-striped Palm Squirrel (Rodentia) | <i>Funambulus palmarum</i> | Least Concern |
| 6. | Capped Langur (Primates) | <i>Trachypithecus pileatus</i> | Vulnerable |
| 7. | Indian flying fox (Megachiroptera) | <i>Pteropus giganteus</i> | Least Concern |
| 8. | Greater False Vampire Bat (Microchiroptera) | <i>Megaderma lyra</i> | Least Concern |
| 9. | House Shrew, Asian House Shrew (Insectivora) | <i>Suncus murinus</i> | Least Concern |
| 10. | Greater Bandicoot Rat (Rodentia) | <i>Bandicota indica</i> | Least Concern |
| 11. | Lesser Bandicoot Rat (Rodentia) | <i>Bandicota bengalensis</i> | Least Concern |
| 12. | House Mouse (Rodentia) | <i>Mus musculus</i> | Least Concern |

Reptilia:

| Sl. No. | Common name | Scientific Name | IUCN Red List category & Criteria (ver 3.1) |
|---------|---|------------------------------------|---|
| 1. | Indian Flapshell Turtle | <i>Lissemys punctata andersoni</i> | Lower Risk/Least concern |
| 2. | Oriental garden lizard | <i>Calotes versicolor</i> | Endangered |
| 3. | Asian Chameleon, Indian Chameleon | <i>Chamaeleo zeylanicus</i> | Least Concern |
| 4. | House gecko | <i>Hemidactylus frenatus</i> | Least Concern |
| 5. | Brahminy Skink, Keeled Indian Mabuya | <i>Mabuya carinata</i> | Least Concern |
| 6. | Bengal Monitor Lizard, Clouded Monitor, Common Indian Monitor | <i>Varanus bengalensis</i> | Least Concern |
| 7. | Buff-striped keelback | <i>Amphiesma stolatum</i> | Not Evaluated |
| 8. | Chekered keelback water snake | <i>Xenochrophis piscator</i> | Least Concern |
| 9. | Common Sand boa | <i>Gongylophis conicus</i> | Not Evaluated |
| 10. | Oriental rat snake, Indian rat snake | <i>Ptyas mucosa</i> | |
| 11. | Banded Krait | <i>Bungarus fasciatus</i> | Least Concern |
| 12. | Common krait | <i>Bungarus caeruleus</i> | Least Concern |

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| | | | |
|-----|-------------------------------------|---------------------------|---------------|
| 13. | Binocellate cobra, Spectacled cobra | <i>Naja naja naja</i> | Least Concern |
| 14. | Monocellate cobra | <i>Naja naja kaouthia</i> | Least Concern |
| 15. | Russell's viper | <i>Daboia russelii</i> | Least Concern |

Amphibia:

| Sl. No. | Common name | Scientific Name | IUCN Red List category & Criteria (ver 3.1) |
|---------|---|-----------------------------------|---|
| 1. | Indian skipper frog or skittering frog (Dicroglossidae) | <i>Euphlyctis cyanophlyctis</i> | Least Concern |
| 2. | Indian cricket frog, Rice field frog (Dicroglossidae) | <i>Fejervarya limocharis</i> | Least Concern |
| 3. | Indian Bull Frog (Dicroglossidae) | <i>Hoplobatrachus tigerinus</i> | Least Concern |
| 4. | Ant Frog, Ornate Narrow-mouthed Frog, Ornamented Pygmy Frog, Black-throated Frog, Ornate Narrowmouth Frog, Ornate Ricefrog, Ornate Rice Frog (Microhylidae) | <i>Microhyla ornata</i> | Least Concern |
| 5. | Sri Lankan Bullfrog (Microhylidae) | <i>Kaloula taprobanica</i> | Least Concern |
| 6. | Common Indian Tree frog (Rhacophoridae) | <i>Polypedates maculatus</i> | Least Concern |
| 7. | Asian Common Toad, Asian Toad, Black-spectacled Toad, Common Sunda Toad, Javanese Toad (Bufonidae) | <i>Duttaphrynus melanostictus</i> | Least Concern |

Osteichthyes (Bony Fish):

| Sl. No. | Common name | Scientific Name | IUCN Red List category & Criteria (ver 3.1) |
|---------|--|-----------------------------|---|
| 1. | Elongate Glass Perchlet, Kath Chanda | <i>Ambassis nama</i> | Least Concern |
| 2. | Striped panchax, Golden Wonder Killifish Techokha | <i>Aplocheilus lineatus</i> | Least Concern |
| 3. | Blue panchax, Techokha | <i>Aplocheilus panchax</i> | Least Concern |
| 4. | Bot koi | <i>Badis badis</i> | Least Concern |
| 5. | Latha | <i>Channa punctata</i> | Least Concern |
| 6. | Snakehead Murrel, Common Snakehead, Chevron Snakehead, | <i>Channa striata</i> | Least Concern |

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| | | | |
|-----|--|--------------------------------|----------------|
| | Asian Snakehead, Striped Snakehead, Sol | | |
| 7. | Pata Kholse | <i>Trichogaster fasciata</i> | Least Concern |
| 8. | Lal Kholse | <i>Trichogaster lalius</i> | Least Concern |
| 9. | Grass carp | <i>Ctenopharyngodon idella</i> | Exotic species |
| 10. | Flying barb, Ghora Danria | <i>Esomus danricus</i> | Least Concern |
| 11. | Bele | <i>Glossogobius giuris</i> | Least Concern |
| 12. | Stinging catfish, Singhi | <i>Heteropneustes fossilis</i> | Least Concern |
| 13. | Peppered Loach, Guntea Loach, Scavenger Loach, Gunthe | <i>Lepidocephalus guntea</i> | Least Concern |
| 14. | Jat Pancal | <i>Macragnathus aculeatus</i> | Least Concern |
| 15. | Gaj Pancal | <i>Macragnathus pancalus</i> | Least Concern |
| 16. | Tangra | <i>Mystus vittatus</i> | Least Concern |
| 17. | Indian Glassy Fish, Gol Chanda | <i>Parambassis ranga</i> | Least Concern |
| 18. | Spottedsail Barb, Pygmy Barb, PhutuniBbarb, Dwarf Barb | <i>Pethia phutunio</i> | Least Concern |
| 19. | Spotfin Swamp Barb, Pool Barb, Stigma Barb | <i>Puntius sophore</i> | Least Concern |
| 20. | Onespot Barb, Teri Barb | <i>Puntius teiro</i> | Least Concern |
| 21. | Ticto Barb, Firefin Barb, Tic-tac-toe Barb, Two-spot Barb, Tit Punti | <i>Pethia ticto</i> | Least Concern |

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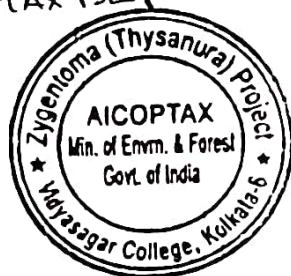
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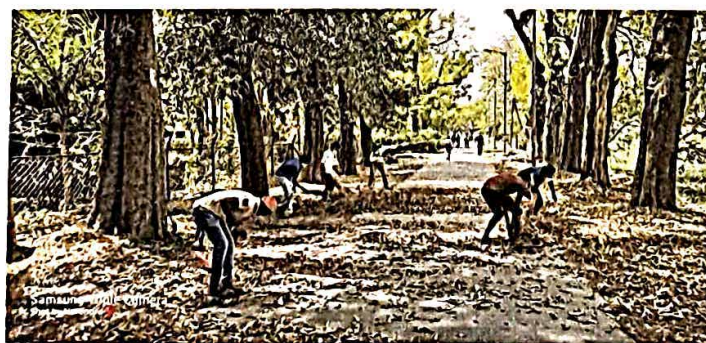

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Annexure 1.19.1:
NSS Campus Cleaning

Annexure: 1.19.1

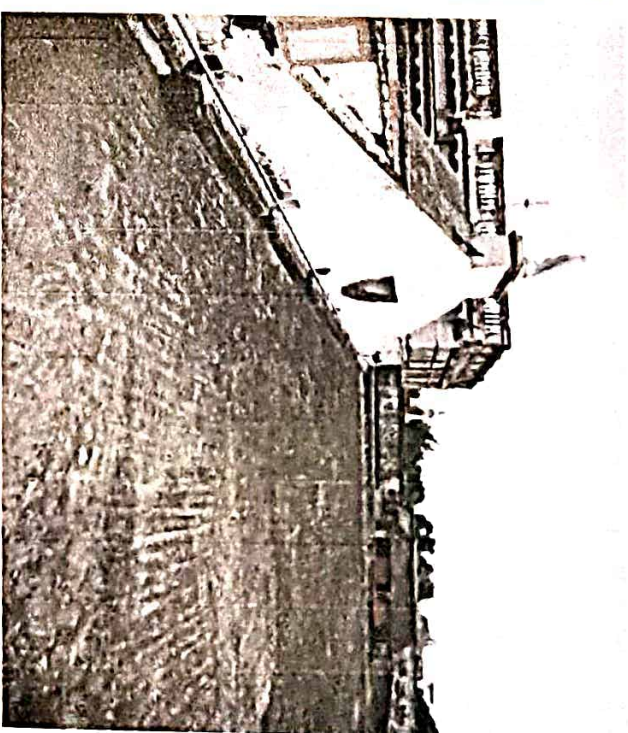
NSS Campus Cleaning



**Annexure 1.19.2:
Rainwater harvesting**

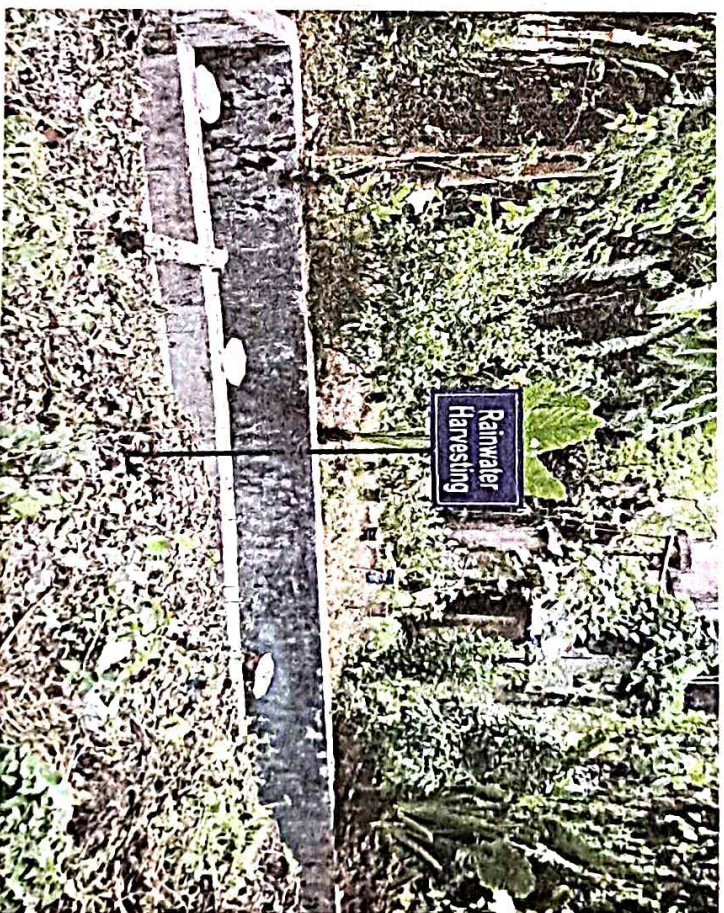
Rain water harvesting

At this age of time depletion of groundwater is a matter of great concern across the globe. In India, groundwater level is decreasing rapidly. The matter becomes worse in some parts. The University of Burdwan is very much conscious about this. Besides appropriate conservation of large number of water bodies in the campus, the University has also taken measures to use rainwater appropriately. In this connection, the University has implemented a plan by which the huge rain water of the roof of Mehtab Manjil (Administrative building of the University) is channelized to an underground tank and the excess of it is recharged to ground water through Rain Water Harvesting scheme.



Rain water harvesting

Apart from that Surface water drainage was recharged to ground water table through 450 mm dia recharge points after proper sieving and gravel screening at the exit points (7 nos in Golapbag and 6 nos in Tarabag)



Annexure 1.19.4:

**Sustainable campus through carbon
dioxide neutrality**

SUSTAINABLE CAMPUS
The University of Burdwan
[through Carbon Neutrality]

Prepared by
ENVIRONMENTAL COMMITTEE
The University of Burdwan
Burdwan

Introduction

➤ What is Carbon Neutrality?

Carbon neutrality, also known as having a net-zero carbon footprint, refers to the state where the amount of carbon dioxide (CO₂) emissions released into the atmosphere is balanced by an equivalent amount of CO₂ removal or offset.

➤ What is Carbon footprint?

A carbon footprint is the total amount of greenhouse gases (GHGs), primarily carbon dioxide (CO₂), that are emitted directly or indirectly by human activities. These activities can range from driving a car, using electricity, manufacturing goods, to various aspects of daily life. The carbon footprint is usually measured in units of carbon dioxide equivalents (CO₂e) to account for the different global warming potentials of various GHGs.

➤ Importance of Carbon Neutrality in combating Climate Change:

- Mitigates global warming
- Meets international climate goals (Paris Agreement)
- Improves public health
- Enhances economic stability and energy security
- Creates green jobs
- Reduces campus carbon footprint
- Engages and attracts environmentally conscious students and staff
- Enhances university reputation
- Achieves long-term cost savings
- Demonstrates educational leadership
- Advances research and innovation

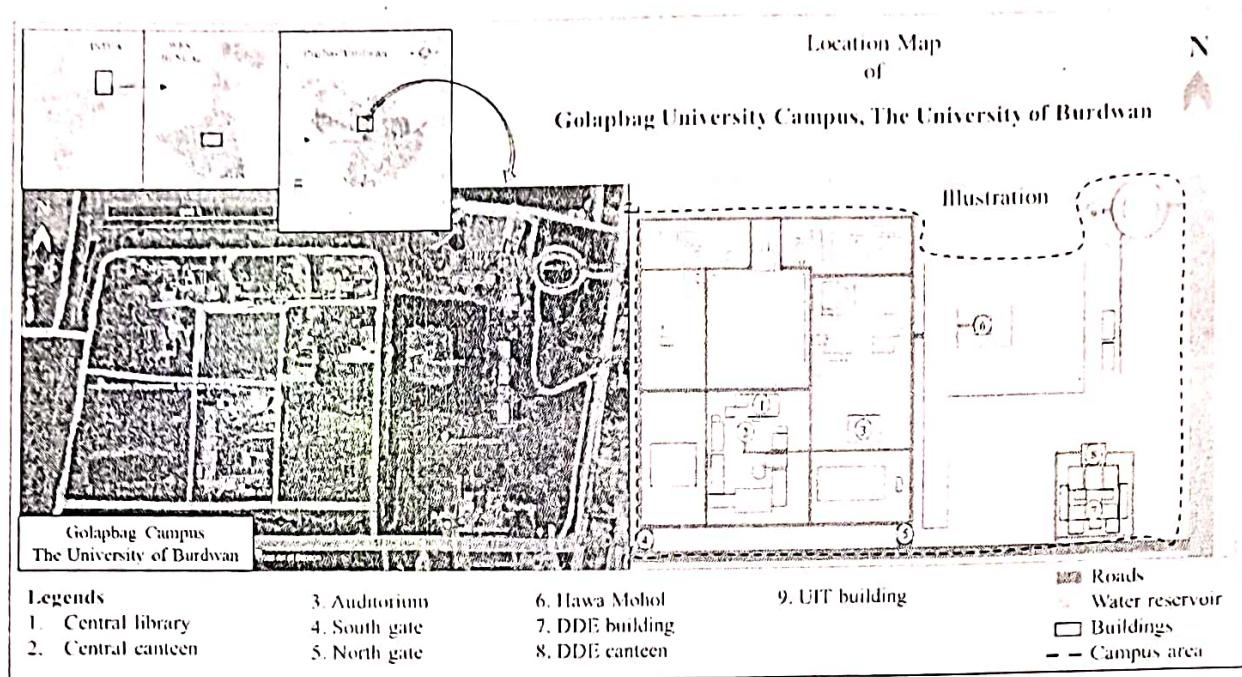


Fig. 1 The Study area

Calculation of CO₂ equivalent carbon sequestration by plants

Trees distribute its biomass in two primary compartments: Above-Ground Biomass (AGB) and Below-Ground Biomass (BGB).

$$AGB (lb) = 0.25 \times D^2 \times H$$

Where, D = tree diameter measured at 1.37 meters from the ground (inch). This measurement is globally used as a standard to get a better result. However, if your tree is below 1.37 meters, still the formula can be used, H = tree height (ft).

$$BGB (lb) = 0.2 \times AGB$$

From these formulas, we can calculate the total biomass from a tree:

$$Total\ Biomass\ (TB)\ (lb) = AGB + BGB = AGB + 0.2 \times AGB = 1.2 \times AGB$$

On average, a tree consists of 72.5% dry matter and 27.5% moisture content. To calculate the tree's dry weight, we could multiply the total weight of the tree by 72.5%.

$$Total\ Dry\ Weight\ (TDW)\ (lb) = TB \times 0.725$$

Carbon occupies 50% of the total dry weight. Therefore,

$$Total\ Carbon\ (TC)\ (lb) = TDW \times 0.5$$

With the value of total carbon, we can calculate the value of CO₂ equivalent sequestered (CO₂ eq.seq) on a tree. CO₂ has one molecule of Carbon and two molecules of Oxygen. The atomic weight of Carbon is 12u, and the atomic weight of Oxygen is 16u. The weight of CO₂ in trees is determined by the ratio of CO₂ to C is 44/12 = 3.67. Therefore, to determine the weight of carbon dioxide sequestered in the tree, multiply the weight of carbon in the tree by 3.67.

$$\text{CO}_2 \text{ eq.seq (lb year}^{-1}\text{)} = \text{TC} \times 3.67$$

$$\text{CO}_2 \text{ eq.seq (kg year}^{-1}\text{)} = \text{CO}_2 \text{ eq.seq (lb year}^{-1}\text{)} / 2.205$$

Calculation of CO₂ equivalent carbon emission

Emission through transportation:

- ✓ Surveys were done to estimate the percentage of mode of transport used by non-teaching staff, respectively.
- ✓ To validate the survey, visual counting was done at two main gates of the campus, i.e., north gate and south gate at 10:00-11:00, 13:00-14:00 and 17:00-18:00 hours.
- ✓ Total number of vehicles with types were calculated. The distance of roads from north to south of the campus is 420m, east to west of the campus is 310m and the diagonal distance is 522m.
- ✓ So, 522m on average is covered by every person of any department per day to reach his/her respective department, and every person returns back from the campus. So, total distance covered per person per day is 1.04km. Total emissions from transport are calculated within the campus for faculties, research scholars, students and staff. Total working days for one year is 220.

CO₂ equivalent carbon sequestration

| Plant Name | Average diameter (D) (inch) | Average Height (H) (ft) | AGB (lb) | BGB (lb) | TB (lb) | TDW (lb) | TC (lb) | CO ₂ eq.seq (lb year ⁻¹) | CO ₂ eq.seq (kg year ⁻¹) |
|--------------------------------|-----------------------------|-------------------------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|---|---|
| <i>Polyalthia longifolia</i> | 29.184 | 42.049 | 8953.34 | 1790.67 | 10744.01 | 7789.41 | 3894.71 | 14293.59 | 6482.35 |
| <i>Lagestroemia speciosa</i> | 16.107 | 17.449 | 1131.72 | 226.34 | 1358.06 | 984.59 | 492.3 | 1806.74 | 819.38 |
| <i>Sarraca asoca</i> | 18.637 | 23.419 | 2033.58 | 406.72 | 2440.3 | 1769.22 | 884.61 | 3246.52 | 1472.34 |
| <i>Dolichandrone stipulata</i> | 14.303 | 32.537 | 1664.07 | 332.81 | 1996.88 | 1447.74 | 723.87 | 2656.6 | 1204.81 |
| <i>Swietenia mahagoni</i> | 55.993 | 76.096 | 59644.35 | 11928.87 | 71573.22 | 51890.58 | 25945.29 | 95219.21 | 43183.32 |
| <i>Mangifera indica</i> | 23.497 | 47.428 | 6546.36 | 1309.27 | 7855.63 | 5695.33 | 2847.67 | 10450.95 | 4739.66 |
| <i>Albizia saman</i> | 33.07 | 52.007 | 14219.04 | 2843.81 | 17062.85 | 12370.57 | 6185.29 | 22700.01 | 10294.79 |
| <i>Drypetes roxburghii</i> | 23.047 | 62.057 | 8240.61 | 1648.12 | 9888.73 | 7169.33 | 3584.67 | 13155.74 | 5966.32 |

| | |
|---|---------|
| Average CO ₂ eq.seq (kg plant ⁻¹ year ⁻¹) | 9270.37 |
|---|---------|

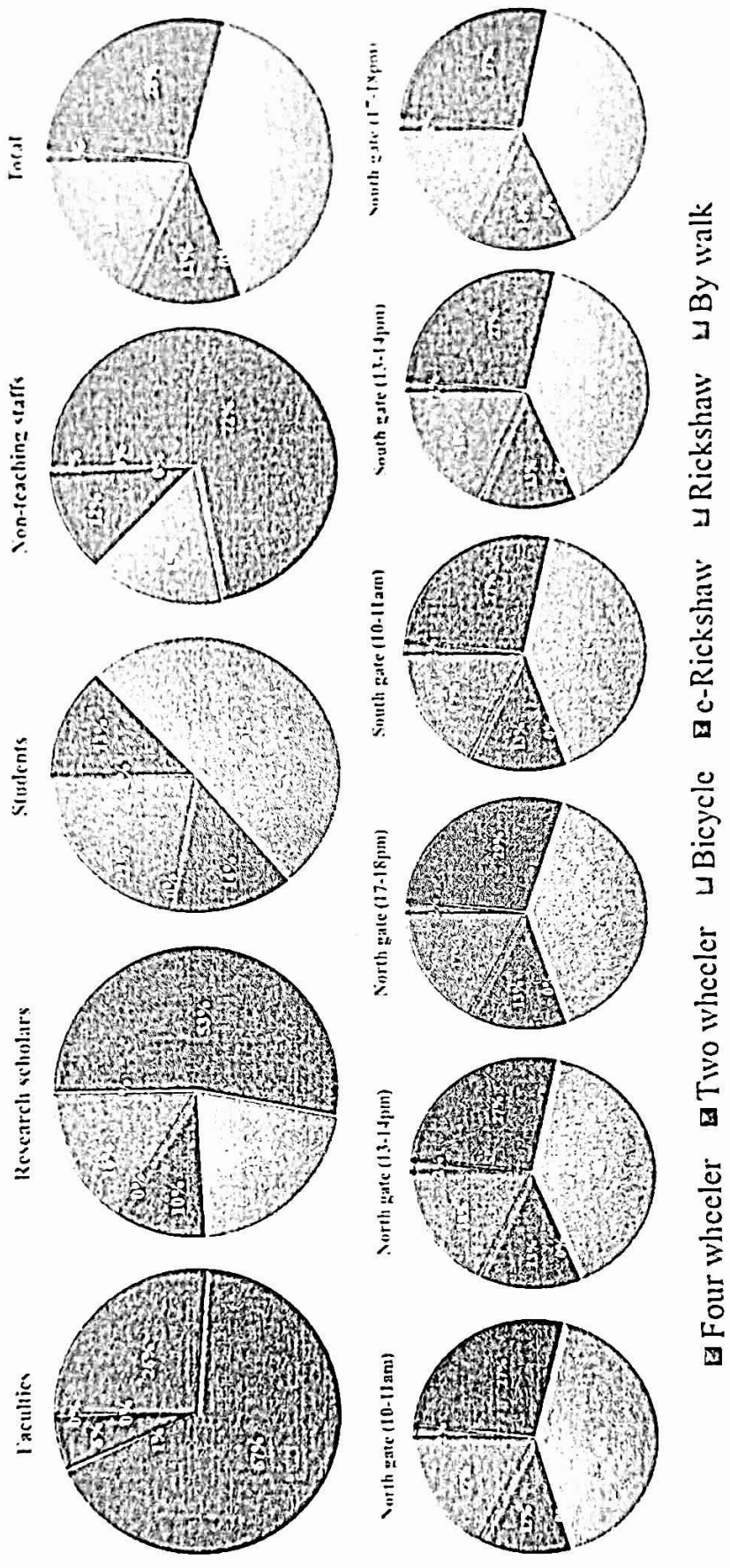
Total No of plants in Golapbag campus = 1200

Total CO₂ eq.seq (kg year⁻¹) = 11124444

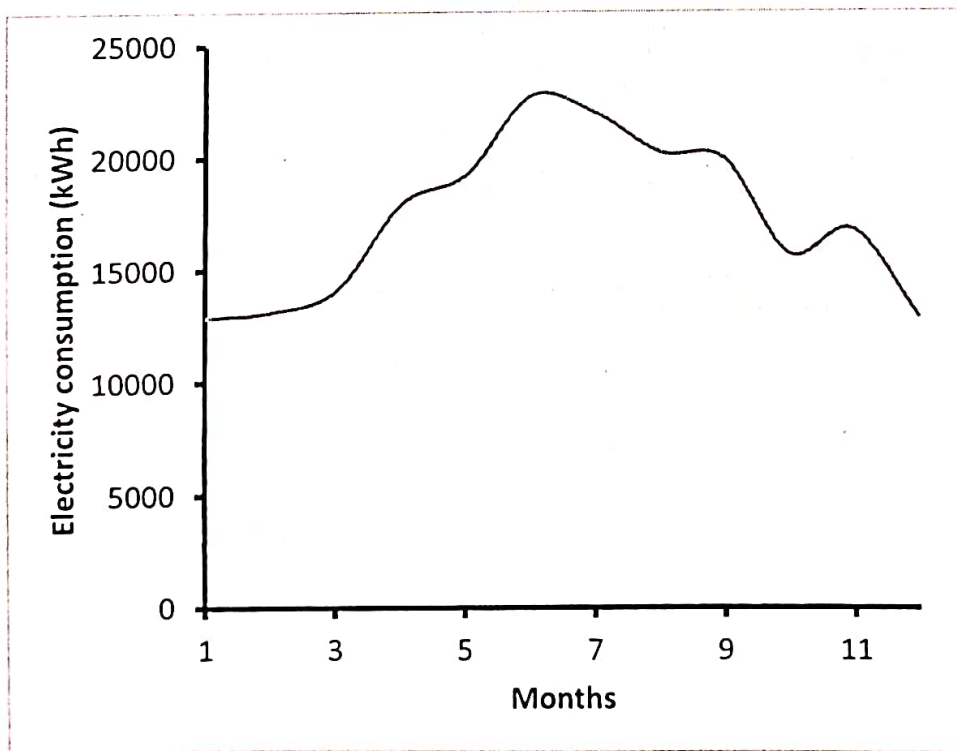
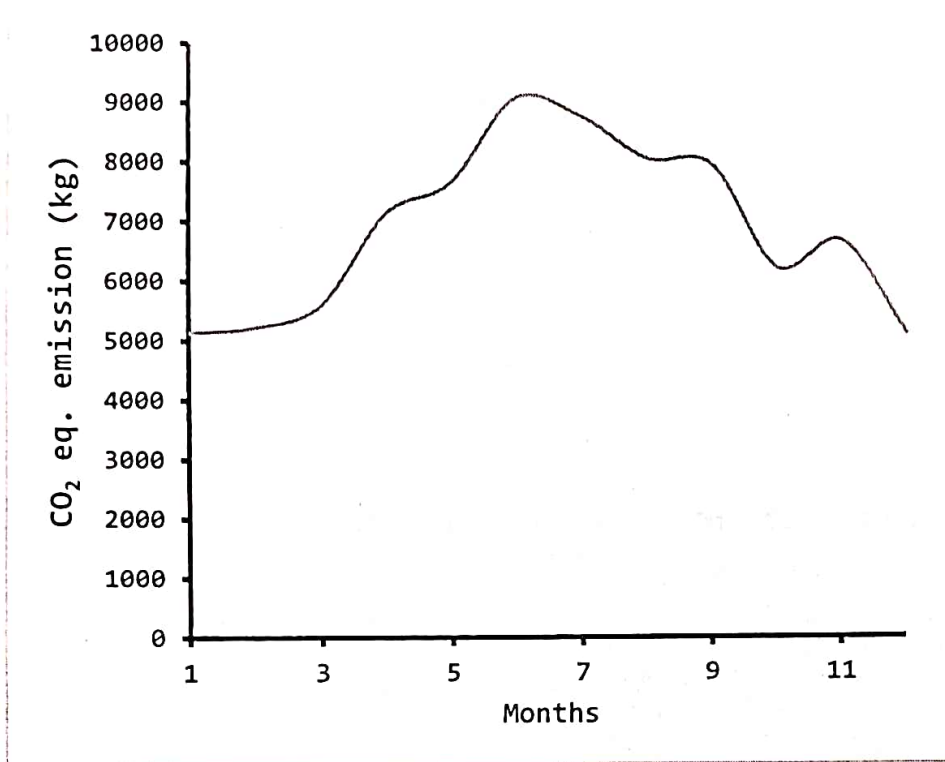
Total CO₂ eq.seq (tone year⁻¹) = 11124.444

Means of transportation used within campus

Means of transportation used within campus



CO₂ equivalent carbon emission from electricity consumption



Total CO₂ eq. emission from electricity consumption = 82.52118 tone year⁻¹

CO₂ equivalent carbon emission from transportation

| Means of transportation | Number (day-1) | CO ₂ eq. emission (kg km ⁻¹) | CO ₂ eq. emission (kg day ⁻¹) | CO ₂ eq. emission (kg year ⁻¹) | CO ₂ eq. emission (tone year ⁻¹) |
|--|----------------|---|--|---|---|
| Four wheeler | 61 | 0.2 | 12.69 | 2791.8 | 2.7918 |
| Two wheeler | 1126 | 0.1 | 117.1 | 25762 | 25.762 |
| Bicycle | 1630 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| e-rickshaw | 516 | 0.03 | 16.1 | 3542 | 3.542 |
| rickshaw | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| By walk | 735 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Total CO₂ eq. emission from transport (tone year⁻¹) | | | | | 32.0958 |

CO₂ equivalent carbon emission from food consumption

| Item | CO ₂ eq. emission (kg day ⁻¹) | CO ₂ eq. emission (kg year ⁻¹) | CO ₂ eq. emission (tone year ⁻¹) |
|---|--|---|---|
| Rice | 3.51 | 772.2 | 0.7722 |
| Flour | 12.97 | 2853.4 | 2.8534 |
| Potato | 8.55 | 1881 | 1.881 |
| Vegetables | 10.68 | 2349.6 | 2.3496 |
| Milk & milk products | 11.85 | 2607 | 2.607 |
| Chicken | 11.67 | 2567.4 | 2.5674 |
| LPG | 38.41 | 8450.2 | 8.4502 |
| Coals | 30.72 | 6758.4 | 6.7584 |
| Total CO₂ eq. emission from food consumption (tone year⁻¹) | | | 28.2392 |

Carbon Balance Sheet of The University of Burdwan

| | CO ₂ eq. (tone year ⁻¹) |
|--------------------------|---|
| Emission | |
| Electricity consumption | 82.52118 |
| Transportation | 32.0958 |
| Food consumption | 28.2392 |
| Total | 142.8562 |
| Sequestration | |
| Plant | 11124.44 |
| Net sequestration | 10981.59 |

Conclusion

Hence, from the present study, it can be concluded that the present campus of the University of Burdwan has enough green space to combat the emissions it generates. Moreover, the activities and consumption (in terms of CO₂ equivalent) within the campus are far below the sequestration level, achieving a positive figure for net sequestration.

[Sudipto Mandal]

**Annexure 1.19.12:
Celebration of “No Vehicle Day”**

Annexure: 1.19.12



THE UNIVERSITY OF BURDWAN
Vice Chancellor's Secretariat
Rajbati, Burdwan-713104
vc@buruniv.ac.in
Ph.: 9474463541

No. V/M-2/90

Dated 1st June, 2024

NOTIFICATION

The United Nations has declared 3rd June as World Bicycle Day and is celebrated every year globally with a view to reduce carbon footprints in our environment and to raise awareness on alternative environment friendly transport that is convenient to every level of Society and on importance of cycling for health.

All the Students, Research Scholars, Teachers, Officers, Non-Teaching employees and other stake holders of this University are requested to observe the 3rd June, 2024 as the World Bicycle Day and use Bicycle/Electronic Vehicle/Public Transport to reach University campus instead of personal motor vehicles, so that we can step forward to protect and save our mother Environment and Earth.

Vice Chancellor
The University of Burdwan

Dated 1st June, 2024

No. V/M-2/90/1(100)

Copy forwarded for information and necessary action to the: -

1. Dean, F.C. for P.G. Studies in Arts, Com., Law etc., B.U.
2. Dean, F.C. for P.G. Studies in Science, B.U.
3. Registrar, B.U.
4. Finance Officer, B.U.
5. Controller of Examinations, B.U.
6. All Officers, B.U.
7. Heads/TICs of all Academic Departments, B.U.
8. The President/General Secretary, BUTA/WBCUPA/BUOA/BUKS/BUKU/ABRSM/BVCS.
9. System Engineer & In-Charge, Computer Centre/Webmaster, B.U. with a request to place this notification on the University Website.
10. Office of the Vice Chancellor/Pro Vice Chancellor/Registrar, B.U.

Vice Chancellor
The University of Burdwan

Annexure 2.1:
Water storage

THE UNIVERSITY OF BURDWAN

Annexure: 2.1

| Name of the Department | Capacity of Tank | Quantity |
|------------------------|------------------|----------|
| Humanities Building | 2000 L | 2 |
| M.B.A. | 2000 L | 2 |
| Central Library | 2000 L | 4 |
| Central Library | 1000 L | 2 |
| Physics | 2000 L | 1 |
| Mathematics | 2000 L | 1 |
| Physics Annex | 1000 L | 1 |
| Botany | 1500 L | 2 |
| Botany | 1000 L | 1 |
| Chemistry | 2000 L | 2 |
| Auditorium | 1000 L | 3 |
| Nuclear Chemistry | 2000 L | 1 |
| USIC | 1000 L | 1 |
| Geography | 1000 L | 6 |
| Bengali | 1000 L | 3 |
| Composite Building | 2000 L | 6 |
| Academic Staff College | 2000 L | 1 |
| Statistics | 1500 L | 1 |
| Hindi | 1500 L | 1 |
| Old Canteen | 1000 L | 1 |
| Zoology | 1000 L | 6 |
| Computer Science | 2000 L | 1 |
| Computer Science | 1000 L | 5 |
| Microbiology | 2000 L | 2 |

Annexure 3.1.1:
Electric consumption amount

UNIVERSITY ELECTRIC CONSUMPTION IN kwh ANNUALLY

Annexure: 3.1.1

| Sl No | No of Stations (Consumer ID) | Name of the station | Unit Consumed | Period | | | Amount paid (Rs) | | |
|-------|------------------------------|------------------------------|---------------|-----------|-----------|----------------|------------------|-----------|----------------------|
| | | | | Monthly | Quarterly | Yearly | Monthly | Quarterly | Yearly |
| 1 | 950027706 | Golapbagh Campus | 97568 | Monthly | | 1170816 | 901307 | | 10,815,684.00 |
| 2 | 900003952 | International Student Hostel | 1593 | Monthly | | 19116 | 55085 | | 661,020.00 |
| 3 | 501745880 | Health Center | 9477 | Quarterly | Quarterly | 37908 | | 83827 | 335,308.00 |
| 4 | 945128800 | Computer Sc ,DDE & Others | 7008 | Monthly | | 84096 | 149230 | | 1,790,760.00 |
| 5 | 945128700 | Rajbati | 8266 | Monthly | | 99192 | 86634 | | 1,039,608.00 |
| 6 | 950041503 | Golden jubilee Building | 6267.25 | Monthly | | 75207 | 142658 | | 1,711,896.00 |
| 7 | 122064080 | Kolkata Camp Office | 458 | Quarterly | Quarterly | 1832 | | 5868 | 23,472.00 |
| 8 | 51200130 | Registrar | 1877 | Monthly | | 22524 | 13585 | | 163,020.00 |
| 9 | 512000140 | V.C | 214 | Monthly | | 2568 | 5733 | | 68,796.00 |
| 10 | 512006267 | V.C Bnglow | 1144 | Quarterly | Quarterly | 4576 | | 10423 | 41,692.00 |
| 11 | 945100600 | Tarabagh Campus | 56425 | Monthly | | 677100 | 588262 | | 7,059,144.00 |
| | | Total | | | | 2194935 | | | 23,710,400.00 |

Annexure 3.1.15:

No. of computers and peripherals

Annexure: 3.1.15

**The University of Burdwan, Registrar's Department, Central Store
Report of Computer, Laptop, Printer and Photocopy Machine purchased during
2022-2023 & 2023-2024**

| Department | Computer | Laptop | Printer | Photocopy Machine | Date |
|--------------------------------------|----------|---------|---------|-------------------|------------|
| Geography | 04Nos. | | | | 11.04.2022 |
| Tourism Management | 01 Nos. | | | | |
| Economics | 01 Nos. | | | | |
| Physics | 01 Nos. | | 01 Nos. | | |
| Women's Studies | 01 Nos. | | 01 Nos. | | |
| Nutrition & Public Health | 01 Nos. | | 01 Nos. | | |
| Electronics & Communication | 01 Nos. | | 01 Nos. | | |
| Geospatial Science | 01 Nos. | | 01 Nos. | | |
| Psychology | 01 Nos. | | 01 Nos. | | |
| Physiology | 01 Nos. | | 01 Nos. | | |
| Molecular Biology & Human Genetics | 01 Nos. | | 01 Nos. | | |
| Chemistry | 01 Nos. | | | | 19.04.2022 |
| Placement and Students Welfare | 01 Nos. | | | | 02.05.2022 |
| Placement and Students Welfare | | | 01 Nos. | | 30.05.2022 |
| Estate | | | 01 Nos. | | 28.09.2022 |
| Secretary, Faculty Council (Science) | | | | 01 Nos. | 18.11.2022 |
| Controller of Examinations | | | | 02 Nos. | 03.01.2023 |
| Physics | | 01 Nos. | | | 30.01.2023 |
| Physics | 02 Nos. | 02 Nos. | 03 Nos. | | 07.09.2023 |
| Commerce | | 01 Nos. | | | 11.12.2023 |
| Pro-Vice-Chancellor | | | 01 Nos. | | |
| NAD Cell | | 01 Nos. | | | 02.01.2024 |
| CRSMF | | 01 Nos. | | | |
| Registrar Secretariat | 01 Nos. | | | | 17.01.2024 |
| Finance Secretariat | 02 Nos. | | | 01 Nos. | 06.02.2024 |
| Registrar Secretariat | 01 Nos. | | | | |
| Lifelong Learning | | | 01 Nos. | | 22.02.2024 |
| Election & Constitution Unit | 01 Nos. | | | | |
| Physics | 01 Nos. | | | | 13.03.2024 |
| Mathematics | | 01 Nos. | | | |
| Geospatial Science | | 01 Nos. | | | |
| Biotechnology | 05 Nos. | | | | 28.03.2024 |
| Microbiology | 03 Nos. | | | | |
| Economics | 01 Nos. | | | | |
| Zoology | 05 Nos. | | | | |
| Bengali | 01 Nos. | | | | |
| Environmental Science | 04 Nos. | | | | |
| Botany | 04 Nos. | | | | |
| Nutrition & Public Health | 01 Nos. | | | | |

| | | | | | |
|----------------------|---------|--|--|--|------------|
| Tourism Management | 01 Nos. | | | | 28.03.2024 |
| Statistics | 04 Nos. | | | | |
| Sanskrit | 01 Nos. | | | | |
| History | 03 Nos. | | | | |
| Lifelong Learning | 02 Nos. | | | | |
| Finance Secretariat | 01 Nos. | | | | |
| Computer Science | 15 Nos. | | | | |
| Dean, Science Office | 01 Nos. | | | | |

Submitted

Debaprasad Banerjee
Storekeeper
Central Store

Annexure 4.1.9:
Use of fertilizers and pesticides

Quantity of fertilizers and its application :**1. Chemical Fertilizers :**

The following chemical fertilizers were used in the field of P.N. Bhaduri Crop Research and Seed Multiplication Farm during April, 2023 to March, 2024 for producing quality seed of Foundation and certified types of several crops like Paddy, Potato, Mustard, Sesame, Green gram etc. :

- i. Urea – 142 kg per month
- ii. 10:26:26 – 200 kg per month
- iii. MOP – 42 kg per month

2. Organic Fertilizers : The given organic fertilizers were mainly used for Guarden maintenance

- i. Mustard cake- 17 kg per month
- ii. Bone dust- 9 kg per month
- iii. Neem cake – 9 kg per month

Quantity of pesticides and its application :

Following pesticides were used in the field of P.N. Bhaduri Crop Research and Seed Multiplication Farm during April, 2023 to March, 2024 for controlling insect pest, disease pest , weeds in field and adjacent areas of several crops like Paddy, Potato, Mustard, Sesame, Green gram etc. :

- a. **For insect pest**
Acephate 75 %, Fipronil , Dimethoate etc. -- **4.2 lit per month**
- b. **For disease pest**
Mancozeb, Blitox, Other fungicides etc. – **2.8 kg per month**
- c. **For weed control**
Selective and non selective herbicide etc. – **2 lit. Per month**

3. Provide workshop/seminar/training /demonstration/Social outreach programme during 2023-24 :

- i. Following Lectures were provided for farmers, students and agri-horti practitioners on Entrepreneurship and Farmers meet on 24th March, 2024 under 2nd Botanical Congress (2023-24) organized by P.N. Bhaduri Crop Research and Seed Multiplication Farm, Department of Botany, The University of Burdwan & IIAB (ICAR) in collaboration with Botanical Society of Bengal
 - a. **Tissue culture and others** By Dr. B.K. Dutta, Director, Vivekananda Institute of Biotechnology, Nimpith, W.B
 - b. **Smart and Precision farming** by Dr. Anindya Bose, Senior Sc. Officer, Dept. of Physics, The university of Burdwan., Founder Director of Navitro Consultancy and services (OPC) Pvt. Ltd.
 - c. **Mushroom entrepreneurship** by Mr. Suranjan Barat, Purba Bardhaman
 - d. **Quality rice business for consumption**, Partha Nandi CEO Lalbaba Rice

- ii. Event/lecture on Entrepreneurship development on 24th March, 2024 under 2nd Botanical Congress (2023-24) organized by P.N. Bhaduri Crop Research and Seed Multiplication Farm, Department of Botany, The University of Burdwan & IIAB (ICAR) in collaboration with Botanical Society of Bengal :**
- a. **Vermiculture** By Dr. Jagatpati Tah, Ex- Professor, Department of Botany, B.U
 - b. **Apiculture** by Mr. Swarnendu Sarkar
 - c. **Jute Enterprise** by Dr. Subhajit Dutta, CRIJAF (ICAR)
- iii. One-day Social outreach programme on "Seed Treatment campaign " on 8th February, 2024 at the village of Saraitikar under the district of Purba Bardhaman was organized by P.N. Bhaduri Crop Research and Seed Multiplication Farm, B.U**

পত্রিকার প্রকাশনা
কেন্দ্র
পত্রিকার প্রকাশনা
কেন্দ্র
পত্রিকার প্রকাশনা
কেন্দ্র

পত্রিকার প্রকাশনা
কেন্দ্র
পত্রিকার প্রকাশনা
কেন্দ্র
পত্রিকার প্রকাশনা
কেন্দ্র

Annexure 5.5:
E-waste management awareness
programme

o/c

Annexure: 5.5



**Department of Environmental Science
The University of Burdwan**

Golapbag, Burdwan-713104, West Bengal, India
Dpt. Ph. No. : (0342)-2559431, Mob: +919434545694

Date: 28.12.2023

From: Prof. Koushik Ghosh & Prof. Naba Kumar Mondal

Joint Organizing Secretary, E-waste Management Committee,

The University of Burdwan

To

The Managing Director, West Bengal Electronic Industry,
Development Corporation Ltd. A government of
West Bengal undertaking Webel Bhavan
Block: EP & GP, Sector V, Bidhannagar, Salk Lake, Kolkata: 700091

Respected Sir,

We are happy to inform you that the University of Burdwan is going to organize a one day workshop on the entitled "Management of solid waste and e-waste" on 11th January, 2024 at 11.00 am through offline mode at Kadambini Hall, The University of Burdwan, Golapbag, Burdwan 713104.

In this programme, organizing committee wish to get proper guidance from Mr. Anindya Banerji, SPOC, E-Waste Management, WEBEL as a resource person from your good office.

Kindly extend your kind cooperation so that we can organize the said workshop.

Thanking you.

With Regards,

(Prof. Koushik Ghosh & Prof. N.K. Mondal)

DIRECTOR (Ad-Il. Charge)
Benoy Krishna Choudhury
Rural Technology Centre
THE UNIVERSITY OF BURDWAN

Joint organizing secretary, E-waste Management Committee
Professor
Dept. of Environmental Sc.
The University of Burdwan

The University of Burdwan e-Waste management committee

December 26, 2023

This has a reference to the proposal received from the Centre for Innovation Entrepreneurship and Skill Development (CIESD) and Benoy Krishna Choudhury Rural Technology Centre (BKCRTC), The University of Burdwan regarding the awareness of solid waste and e-waste among our University community. The proposal was placed before the Hon'ble Vice Chancellor, The University of Burdwan (BU) for necessary approval and sanction of Rs 33000/- (Rupees Thirty three thousand only).

The tentative programme schedule and proposed budget of the above mentioned programme are detailed below:

Workshop on "Management of solid waste and e-waste" Jointly organized by

Target Participants: Faculty member (HoD / their representative)
Venue: CIESD (Alumni Hall) *OR*, Kadambini Hall, The University of Burdwan, Golapbag, Burdwan 713104
Tentative Schedule: January 11, 2024
Intake Capacity: 100 Participants

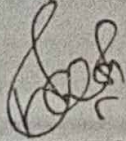
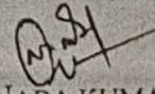
Tentative Course Schedule:

| Date and Time | Session/theme |
|--|---|
| 17 th January 2024, Wednesday | |
| 9.30 am-10.00 am | Registration |
| 10.00 am-10.30 am | Inaugural Session/Introduction |
| 11.00 am- 11.45 am | Prof. Sadhan Kumer Ghosh <i>Director General, Sustainable Development & Circular Economy Research Centre, ISWMAW & Founder and President, International Society of Waste Management, Air and Water (ISWMAW); Founder Coordinator, Centre for Sustainable Development & Resource Efficiency Management, Jadavpur University, India</i> <i>Formerly: Dean, Faculty of Engineering & Technology, Professor & Head, Department of Mechanical Engineering, Jadavpur University, India;</i> <i>Chairman, IconSWM-CE and Founder & President, ISWMAW</i> |
| 12.00 pm-12.30 pm | Mr Anindya Banerjee , SPOC, E-Waste Management, WBEIDC (WEBEL) |
| | Vote of thank |

Proposed Budget:

| Item(s) | Expenditure (Rs.) |
|--|-------------------|
| 1. Venue development (Publicity, photographs, banner etc.) | 2,000.00 |
| 2. Honorarium & T.A. to the resource persons | 15,000.00 |
| 3. Registration Kit (Rs. 50/ × 100) | 5,000.00 |
| 4. Refreshment/Tea etc. (Rs. 50 × 100) | 5,000.00 |
| 5. Decoration, Flower/Memento, Uttorio Misc. | 1000.00 |
| 6. Miscellaneous | |
| Total | 33,000/- |

A budgetary estimate of Rs. 33,000/- (Rupees Thirty three thousand only) has been prepared to organize one day workshop on "Management of solid waste and e-waste". Thus, the entire matter is now placed before the Hon'ble Vice Chancellor for necessary approval and sanction of Rs 33,000/- (Rupees Thirty three thousand only) under the budget provision of the BKCRTC, BU to organize the Workshop on "Management of solid waste and e-waste".

(PROF. KOUSHIK GHOSH AND PROF. NABA KUMAR MONDAL)

The University of Burdwan

January 19, 2024

Proposal for formulation of "e-Waste Disposal Committee"

A workshop on "*Management of Solid Waste & e-Waste*" was conducted by the *Binoy Krishna Choudhury Rural Technology Centre (BKCRTC)* and *Centre for Innovation Entrepreneurship & Skill Development (CIESD)* of The University of Burdwan on 11-01-2024 at the Kadambini Ganguli Hall, Golapbag. The workshop was attended by the faculty members, officers, staffs and research scholars of our university. Two eminent speakers, **Prof. Sadhan Kumar Ghosh**, Former Professor, Jadavpur University and **Mr. Anindya Banerji**, SPOC, e-Waste Management, WEBEL addressed the participants regarding the hazards associated with solid waste and e-waste along with their mitigation strategies. Leaching out of the toxic materials like lead, cadmium, or polychlorinated biphenyls (PCBs) from e-waste could be of serious health concerns, as warned by the World Health Organization (WHO). Thus, **Prof. Ghosh** emphasized the need for segregation of the solid wastes and e-wastes at source and their subsequent recycling. Unorganized collections by the wanderers and unmethodical metal extractions result in inhalation of the toxic fumes and accumulation of chemicals in soil, water or food chain causing environmental as well as human health hazards. In this backdrop, **Mr. Banerji** enlightened the participants about the methodologies to recycle the e-wastes.

It may be noted that our university is a huge user of computers and other electronic gadgets. Both the resource persons strongly recommended that the university must play a responsible role concerning disposal of wastes arising out from electronic appliances. Therefore, an "*e-Waste Disposal Committee*" should be formed keeping in view of the following objectives:

1. To coordinate the disposal of various e-waste generated from different academic as well as administrative departments of the university
2. To organize awareness meetings/workshops emphasizing 3 'R's, i.e., reduce, reuse and recycling of the e-waste
3. To minimize the generation of e-waste and to provide guidelines for e-waste management
4. To handle and treat e-waste in a safe and sustainable way maintaining safety of the human and environmental health
5. To keep records and data in order to disposal of e-waste effectively and efficiently

As recommended by the expert members, the e-waste disposal committee should consist of the following members (*not less than four in number*):

- i) Chairperson: Hon'ble Vice Chancellor / Registrar
- ii) Finance Officer or Nominee (*not below the rank of Accounts Officer*)
- iii) Two faculty members from Computer / Electronics / Instrumentation departments
- iv) Others

MANAGEMENT OF SOLID WASTE AND E-WASTE

THE UNIVERSITY OF BURDWAN

A list of organising committee (proposed) is placed before Hon'ble Vice Chancellor, The University of Burdwan for conducting a one day workshop on "Management of solid and e-waste". The said proposal was initiated by the Centre for Innovation Entrepreneurship and skill development (CIESD) and Benoy Krishna Choudhury Rural Technology Centre (BKRTC), The University of Burdwan.

Organising committee:

1. Prof. Goutam Chandra, Hon'ble Vice Chancellor, BU (chief patron)
2. Prof. Ashis Kumar Panigrahi, Hon'ble Pro Vice Chancellor, BU
3. Dr. Sujit Kumar Choudhury, Registrar, BU
4. Prof. Apurba Ratan Ghosh, Dept. of Environmental Science, BU
5. Prof. Koushik Ghosh, Dept. of Zoology, BU
6. Prof. Sunil Karforma, Dean of Science, BU
7. Prof. Pradip Chattopadhyay, Dean of Arts, BU
8. Prof. Tanmoy Banarjee, Dept. of Physics, BU
9. Prof. Naba Kumar Mondal, Environmental Science, BU

10. Dr. A. Choudhury, Director
This matter is placed before Hon'ble Vice Chancellor for necessary approval.

Hon'ble VC Sir
The whole proposal
is very much needed
for N.A.A.C visit
andly approve & sanction
of such workshop on
management of solid & e-waste
33000
12-13

January 19, 2024

18.06.24

Proposal for "Solid Waste Management Committee"

A workshop on "Management of Solid Waste & e-Waste" was conducted by the Binoy Krishna Choudhury Rural Technology Centre (BKCRTC) and Centre for Innovation Entrepreneurship & Skill Development (CIESD) of The University of Burdwan on 11-01-2024 at the Kadambini Ganguli Hall, Golapbag. The workshop was attended by the faculty members, officers, staffs and research scholars of our university. Two eminent speakers, **Prof. Sadhan Kumar Ghosh**, Former Professor, Jadavpur University and **Mr. Anindya Banerji**, SPOC, e-Waste Management, WEBEL. addressed the participants regarding the hazards associated with solid waste and e-waste along with their mitigation strategies.

From the discussions of the workshop it was realized that apart from the "e-Waste Disposal Committee", a "Solid Waste Management Committee" also needs to be formed to look after overall solid waste disposal of the university.

Thus, a "Solid Waste Management Committee" has been proposed here under:

1. Chairperson: Hon'ble Vice Chancellor/Registrar
2. Prof. Sunil Karforma, Dean (Sc), BU
3. Prof. Pradip Chottopadhyay, Dean (Arts, Commerce, Humanities etc.), BU
4. Dr. Sougata Chakrabarti, Finance Officer, BU/Nominee
5. Prof. Naba Kumar Mondal, Department of Environmental Science, BU (Jt Coordinator)
6. Dr. Arijit Chatterjee, Joint Director, LLL, BU (Jt Coordinator)
7. Dr. Dipendra Nath De, Estate Officer, BU
8. Mr. Nirmal Kumar Pal, Assistant Engineer (Civil), BU
9. Mr. Shyamapada Bannerjee, Superintendent, BU
10. Dr. Sumit Kr Hira, Dept. of Zoology, BU
11. Dr. Moni Baskey Sen, Dept. of Chemistry, BU
12. Prof. Abhigyan Dutta, Dept. of Physics, BU
13. Dr. Sujit Roy, Dept. of Botany, BU
14. Dr. Somasri Dam, Dept. of Microbiology, BU
15. Dr. Indrani Chandra, Dept. of Biotechnology, BU
16. Mr. K. Sarkar, Dept. of Biotechnolay, BU
17. A PG Student Representative (Amarjit Ghosh)

In addition, a waste monitoring team with the representatives from faculty/staff/students may also be constructed to monitor/watch the waste disposal activities at the university campus.

The matter is hereby placed before the Hon'ble Vice Chancellor, The University of Burdwan for necessary approval and also to instruct future course of action.

Hon'ble VC Sir
may be approved
SAZ
18/01/24

Meeting of NAAC sub-committee for Waste Disposal and management committee on 19.06.2024 at IQAC chamber.

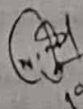
Members present:

1. Prof. Apurba Ratan Ghosh, NAAC Coordinator, BU
2. Chairperson: Hon'ble Vice Chancellor/Registrar
3. Prof. Sunil Karforma, Dean (Sc), BU
4. Prof. Pradip Chottopadhyay, Dean (Arts, Commerce, Humanities etc.), BU
5. Dr. Sougata Chakrabarti, Finance Officer, BU/Nominee *S. Chakrabarti 19/06/24*
6. Prof. Naba Kumar Mondal, Department of Environmental Science, BU (Jt Coordinator) *N. K. Mondal 19/06/24*
7. Dr. Arijit Chatterjee, Joint Director, LLL, BU (Jt Coordinator) *A. Chatterjee 19/6/2024*
8. Dr. Dipendra Nath De, Estate Officer, BU
9. Mr. Nirmal Kumar Pal, Assistant Engineer (Civil), BU *N. K. Pal 19/6/24*
10. Mr. Shyamapada Bannerjee, Superintendent, BU
11. Dr. Sumit Kr Hira, Dept. of Zoology, BU *Sumit K Hira 19/6/24*
12. Dr. Moni Baskey Sen, Dept. of Chemistry, BU *Moni Baskey Sen 19/6/24*
Done 19-06-2024
13. Prof. Abhigyan Dutta, Dept. of Physics, BU
14. Dr. Sujit Roy, Dept. of Botany, BU *Sujit Roy 19.06.2024*
15. Dr. Somasri Dam, Dept. of Microbiology, BU *S. Dam 19/06/2024*
16. Dr. Indrani Chandra, Dept. of Biotechnology, BU *I. Chandra 19/6/2024*
17. Mr. K. Sarkar, Dept. of Biotechnolay, BU *Kaushek Sarkar 13.06.2024*
18. Amarjit Ghosh, PG Student Representative, BU *Amarjit Ghosh 19.06.2024*
- 19.

A NAAC Subcommittee (Solid Waste Disposal and Management (SWDM)) meeting was held at IQAC, B.U. on 19/06/2024 at 3.30 PM. The following items were discussed and resolutions were adopted:

Resolution:

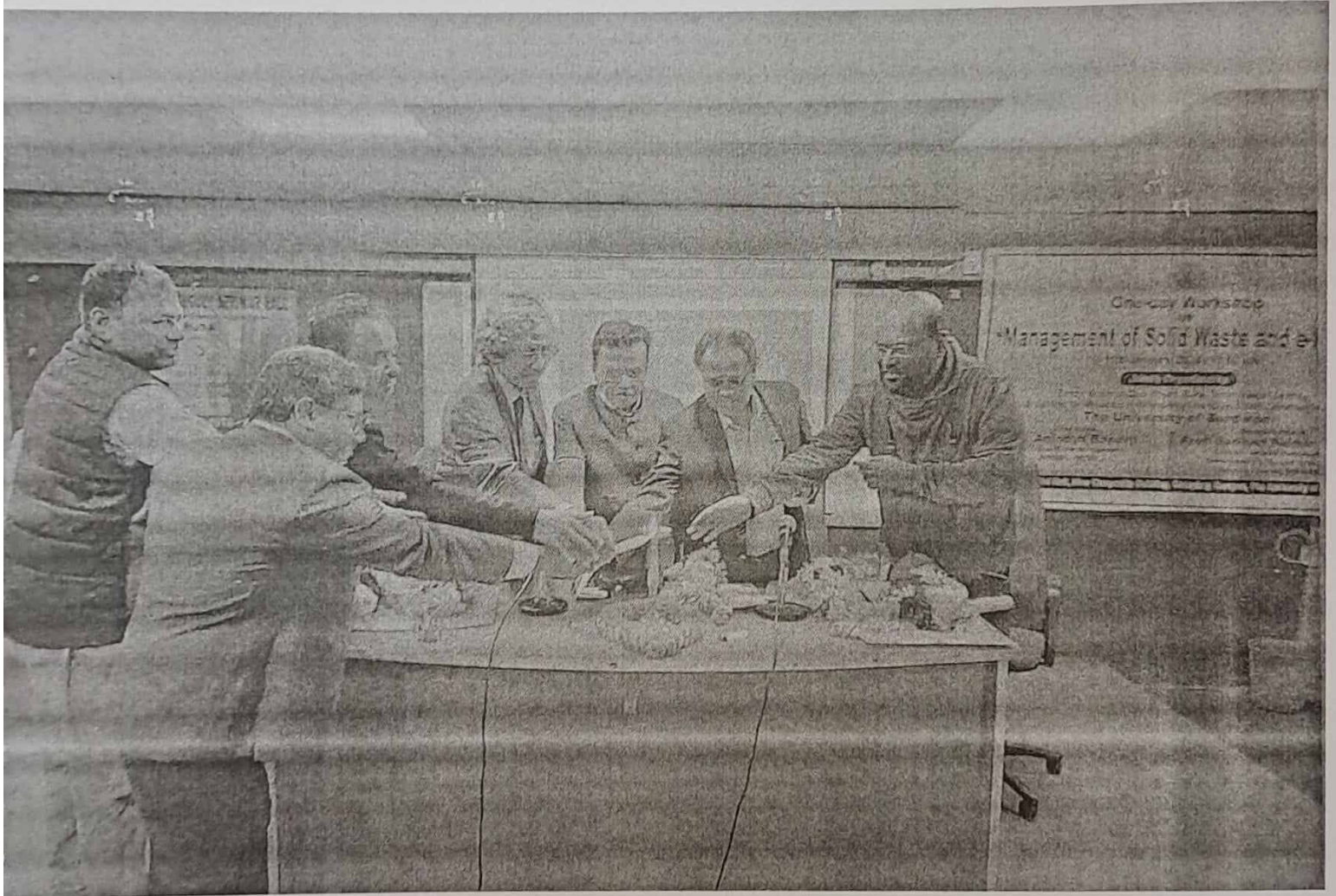
1. At the outset Prof. A. R. Ghosh, NAAC Coordinator, BU discussed a few important issues related to solid waste generation and its current condition and disposal practices, etc., and also addressed few important and valuable suggestions. All the suggestions were considered for future course of action.
2. A detailed discussion was held on biomedical wastes and their current disposal techniques. All the members unanimously accepted the seriousness and agreed to take special care on it. Finally, it was decided that every department should dispose their wastes in four distinct and specific vat e.g., solid biodegradable, non-biodegradable, biomedical infectious and non-infectious, and chemical/hazardous wastes.
3. It was also resolved that three separate vats (two inside the Golapbag academic area and one at common accessible area nearer to Composite Building (Golapbag More) and Microbiology department.
4. Members also agreed to proceed with outsourcing for the collection and disposal of both solid and biomedical wastes.
5. A sensitization programme based on the segregation, collection, and storing of both solid and biomedical wastes will be organised very shortly.
6. A tender will be floated/called for solid and biomedical wastes collection and disposal.
7. Solid waste disposal and management committee will frame a standard operating procedure (SOP) related to SWDM.
8. Members also suggested for regular involvement ization of NSS Group of our University in this activity.
9. A few Flex containing mandates on handling and disposal of wastes like single use plastic bottles, tea cups, plastic packets, plates or cups of thermocols be installed.
10. A hoarding naming "Plastic-free Zone" will be installed in the Golapbag academic campus/Tarabag, etc.
11. The meeting ended with thanks.


19/06/24

বর্জ্য ব্যবস্থাপনার কার্যশীলতা

সফিকুন্না হৈগভায়া (মৃত্যাবলি),
বর্ধমানাঃ কঠিনা বর্জ্য এবং হু-বর্জ্য
ব্যবস্থাপনা। শীর্ষক একদিনের
ব্যবস্থাপনা অনুষ্ঠিত হলে বর্ধমান
বিশ্ববিদ্যালয়ে। বিশ্ববিশ্ববিদ্যালয়ের
বিশ্ববিদ্যালয় কৌশলী ছাত্রীণ অধ্যক্ষি
কেন্দ্র ও উদ্ভাবন, উদ্ভাবনা এবং
দক্ষতা উন্নয়ন কেন্দ্র যোগতাবে

এই কর্মশীলটির আয়োজন
কেন্দ্রে। উপস্থিত ছিলেন
অধ্যাপক আশিষ কুমার পাণ্ডেয়ায়ী,
অধ্যাপক মুনীম কুমার কান্তরনী,
অধ্যাপক অমীণ কুমার
চট্টোপাধ্যায়, অধ্যাপক কোশিক
শ্যাম, অধ্যাপক নবকুমার মণ্ডল,
ড. অমিত্রিৎ ডাঙালি।



Annexure 6.3:
Monitoring of tree species

6.3 Biodiversity monitoring and fostering

The biodiversity of the Golapbag campus is carefully monitored and assessed by the university experts along with the experts from outside the university on regular basis. The revisions of the components are reflected in different previous publications. Namhata and Mukherjee (1990) enumerated ca 300 species under ca 88 families of angiosperms from the University Campus. Subsequently, Ganguly et al. (2018) have reported ca 120 tree species from this region and some of the species are even absent in the revised list of the tree species. *Carex indica* L. is one of such species under Cyperaceae, which was enumerated in 1990 from the campus now no longer exists when we enumerated in last few years indicates that some of the species are shifted its habitat from the Campus to other nearby places due to some unknown reasons. In contrary, species like *Aleurites moluccanus* (L.) Willd, a tree member of Euphorbiaceae, *Erioglossum edule* Blume, *Naringi crenulata* (Roxb.) D.H. Nicolson, *Prosopis juliflora* (Sw.) DC, *Citharexylum subserratum* Sw., *Berrya cordifolia* (Willd.) Burret, *Brownea coccinea* Jacq., *Cassia fistula* Linn., *Cyperus cyperoides* (L.) Kunze, *Corypha utan* Lam. (near relative of century palm, *Corypha taliera* Roxb.) were not recorded previously from the university campus and probably due to later plantation or invaders or were not diagnosed properly. But, in our very recent investigation (unpublished data) we have found several individuals of the species in naturalized condition which is the direct indication of changing floristic composition of the naturalized species. A group of faculty members of the department of Botany along with other experts are taking care of the floristic composition of the campus. Even, recently in searching of the reproductive morphological variation of *Markhamia stipulata* (Wall.) Seem. ex K.Schum., one of the associated halophytic species shows huge variation in terms of number of stamens in flowers even in single individual. On the other hand places opened due the fall down of the old tree individuals, new seedling and saplings are introduced as species turn over. In the last year several individuals of *Polyalthia longifolia* (Sonn.) Thwaites, *Brownea coccinea* etc. were planted, nurtured and monitored on regular basis. Couple of years back, one of the charismatic species *Victoria cruziana* A.D. Orb., Nymphaeaceae along with other important species was introduced in the Lahar/ Lake in front of the Department of Botany of the University along with other species like *Oroxylum indicum* (L.) Kurz., One of the most slow growing species, *Jacquinia ruscifolia* Jacq. of Primulaceae (previously in Theophrastaceae, named after Father of Botany-Theophrastus) represented by only two individuals along with glory of Burma, *Amherstia nobilis* Wall., which is represented by only one individual tree are under the very close observation of the experts, though they are not producing viable offspring due to unknown reason. Thus, in depth research on the reproductive morphology and reproductive biology of the species is needed. Otherwise, most of the species are in good health and experts from the department of Botany and others are always monitoring both the health of the individual species as well as the green patches of the campus to make the

overall environment of the campus pollution free, ambient for study, health and research. Thus it will not be over stated to comment that The University of Burdwan is monitoring and maintaining its biodiversity well without hampering other components of the institution.

Annexure 6.5:
**Biodiversity mapping (flora and
fauna)**

6.5 Biodiversity mapping:

Annexure: 6.5

| Sl No. | Name of the place | Area | Type of plantation | | | | Species name & quantity (Number of the individuals given in parenthesis) | Name of the Family | Total no. of species | | | |
|---|-------------------|------|--------------------|------------------|-------------------|---------------|--|--------------------|----------------------|---|---------------|--|
| | | | Indigenous plants | Medicinal plants | Ornamental plants | Exotic plants | | | | | | |
| GOLAP BAG CAMPUS | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | 1. <i>Alangium sabitfolium</i> (L.f.) Wangerin syn. <i>Alangium lamarkii</i> Thwaites (1) | Alangiaceae | |
| | | | | | | | | | | 2. <i>Mangifera indica</i> L. (22) | Anacardiaceae | |
| | | | | | | | | | | 3. <i>Spondias dulcis</i> L. (2) | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | 4. <i>Spondias pinnata</i> (L. f.) Kurz (1) | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | 5. <i>Polyalthia suberosa</i> (Roxburgh) Thwaites (1) | Annonaceae | |
| | | | | | | | | | | 6. <i>Polyalthia longifolia</i> (Sonn.) Thwaites (387) | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | 7. <i>Uvaria</i> sp. (1) | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | 8. <i>Alstonia scholaris</i> (L.) R. Br. (2) | Apocynaceae | |
| | | | | | | | | | | 9. <i>Amphinenrion marginatum</i> (Roxb.) D.J.Middleton syn. <i>Aganosma marginata</i> (Roxb.) G. Don (many) | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | 10. <i>Holarrhena pubescens</i> Wall. ex G. Don syn. <i>Holarrhena antidysenterica</i> (Roth) Wall. ex A. DC. (6) | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | 11. <i>Plumeria obtusa</i> L. (3) | | |
| 12. <i>Wrightia arborea</i> (Dennst.) Mabb. Syn. <i>Wrightia tomentosa</i> Roem. & Schult (3) | | | | | | | | | | | | |

| Sl No. | Name of the place | Area | Type of plantation | | | Species name & quantity (Number of the individuals given in parenthesis) | Name of the Family | Total no. of species |
|--------|-------------------|------|--------------------|------------------|-------------------|--|--------------------------------------|----------------------|
| | | | Indigenous plants | Medicinal plants | Ornamental plants | | | |
| | | | | | | 13. <i>Areca catechu</i> L. (3) 14. <i>Borassus flabellifer</i> L. (2) 15. <i>Corypha utan</i> Lam. Syn. <i>Corypha elata</i> Roxb. (4) 16. <i>Livistona chinensis</i> (Jacq.) R.Br. ex Mart. (1) 17. <i>Phoenix rupicola</i> T. Anderson (1) 18. <i>Phoenix sylvestris</i> (L.) Roxb. 19. <i>Roystonea regia</i> (Kunth) O.F. Cook (15) | Areaceae/ Palmae | |
| | | | | | | 20. <i>Dolichandrone stipulata</i> (Wall.) Benth. et Hook. f. (32) 21. <i>Heterophragma</i> sp./ <i>H. adenophyllum</i> (1) 22. <i>Parmentiera cereifera</i> Seem. (1) 23. <i>Roseodendron donnell-smithii</i> (Rose) Miranda syn. <i>Tabebuia donnell-smithii</i> Rose Or <i>Tabebuia aurea</i> (Manso) Benth. & Hook. fil. ex S. Moore (1) 24. <i>Stereospermum</i> sp. (1) 25. <i>Tabebuia heterophylla</i> (DC.) Britt. Syn. <i>Tabebuia pentaphylla</i> Hemsl. (1) | Bignoniaceae | |
| | | | | | | 26. <i>Bixa orellana</i> L. (1) | Bixaceae | |
| | | | | | | 27. <i>Cordia myxa</i> L. Syn. <i>Ehretia glabra</i> Roth ex Roem. & Schult. (3) 28. <i>Ehretia laevis</i> Roxb. (1) | Boraginaceae | |
| | | | | | | 29. <i>Amherstia nobilis</i> Wall. (1) 30. <i>Brownea coccinea</i> Jacq. (1) 31. <i>Peltophorum pterocarpum</i> (DC.) | Leguminosae (Caesalpinoidea e) | |

| Sl No. | Name of the place | Area | Type of plantation | | | | | Species name& quantity (Number of the individuals given in parenthesis) | Name of the Family | Total no. of species |
|--------|-------------------|------|--------------------|------------------|-------------------|---------------|--|--|--------------------|----------------------|
| | | | Indigenous plants | Medicinal plants | Ornamental plants | Exotic plants | | | | |
| | | | | | | | <p>K.Heyne (2)</p> <p>32. <i>Senna multijuga</i> (Rich.) H.S.Irwin & Barneby syn. <i>Cassia multijuga</i> Rich. 33. <i>Senna siamea</i> (Lam.) Irwin et Barneby syn. <i>Cassia siamea</i> 34. <i>Senna spectabilis</i> (DC.) H.S.Irwin & Barneby syn. <i>Cassia spectabilis</i> DC./ <i>Chamaecrista paniculata</i> (Benth.) H.S.Irwin & Barneby Syn. <i>Cassia paniculata</i> Benth.</p> | | | |
| | | | | | | | 35. <i>Mesua ferrea</i> L. | Calophyllaceae | | |
| | | | | | | | 36. <i>Trema orientalis</i> (L.) Blume | Cannabaceae | | |
| | | | | | | | 37. <i>Casuarina equisetifolia</i> L. | Casuarinaceae | | |
| | | | | | | | 38. <i>Garcinia</i> sp. | Clusiaceae | | |
| | | | | | | | 39. <i>Terminalia bellirica</i> (Gaertn.) Roxb. Syn. <i>Terminalia belirica</i> (Gaertn.) Wall. | Combretaceae | | |
| | | | | | | | 40. <i>Mitragyna parvifolia</i> (Roxb.) Korth. | Rubiaceae | | |
| | | | | | | | 41. <i>Diospyros montana</i> Roxb./ <i>Diospyros chloroxylon</i> Roxb. Syn. <i>Diospyros tomentosa</i> Poir. | Ebenaceae | | |
| | | | | | | | 42. <i>Diospyros</i> sp. | | | |
| | | | | | | | 43. <i>Diospyros discolor</i> Willd. | | | |
| | | | | | | | 44. <i>Aleurites</i> sp./ <i>Aleurites moluccanus</i> (L.) Willd. | Euphorbiaceae | | |
| | | | | | | | 45. <i>Mallotus nudiflorus</i> (L.) Kulju & | | | |

| Sl No. | Name of the place | Area | Type of plantation | | | | Species name & quantity (Number of the individuals given in parenthesis) | Name of the Family | Total no. of species |
|--------|-------------------|------|--------------------|------------------|--|---|---|--------------------|----------------------|
| | | | Indigenous plants | Medicinal plants | Ornamental plants | Exotic plants | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | Welzen Syn. <i>Trewia nudiflora</i> L. <i>Mallotus</i> sp. | | | |
| | | | | | | 46. <i>Putranjiva roxburghii</i> Wall. | | | |
| | | | | | | 47. <i>Suregada multiflora</i> (A.Juss.) Baill. Syn. <i>Gelonium multiflorum</i> A. Juss. <i>Suregada multiflora</i> (A.Juss.) Baill. Male plant | | | |
| | | | | | | 48. <i>Pterocarpus marsupium</i> Roxb. Syn. <i>Pterocarpus marsupium</i> subsp. acuminatus (Prain) Thoth. | Fabaceae/Leguminosae | | |
| | | | | | | 49. <i>Litsea glutinosa</i> (Lour.) C. B. Rob. | Lauraceae | | |
| | | | | | | 50. <i>Barringtonia acutangula</i> (L.) Gaertn. | Lecythidaceae | | |
| | | | | | 51. <i>Couroupita guianensis</i> Aubl. | | | | |
| | | | | | | 52. <i>Acacia auriculiformis</i> Benth. Syn. <i>Racosperma auriculiforme</i> (Benth.) Pedley | Leguminosae | | |
| | | | | | 53. <i>Butea monosperma</i> (Lam.) Taub. | | | | |
| | | | | | 54. <i>Cassia fistula</i> L. | | | | |
| | | | | | 55. <i>Dalbergia lanceolaria</i> L.f. | | | | |
| | | | | | 56. <i>Gliricidia maculata</i> (Humb., Bonpl. & Kunth) Steud. / <i>Gliricidia sepium</i> (Jacq.) Walp. | | | | |
| | | | | | 57. <i>Pongamia pinnata</i> (L.) Pierre | | | | |
| | | | | | 58. <i>Prosopis juliflora</i> (Sw.) DC. | | | | |
| | | | | | 59. <i>Saraca asoca</i> (Roxb.) Willd. | | | | |
| | | | | | 60. <i>Tamarindus indica</i> L. | | | | |

| Sl No. | Name of the place | Area | Type of plantation | | | | Species name & quantity (Number of the individuals given in parenthesis) | Name of the Family | Total no. of species |
|--------|-------------------|------|--------------------|------------------|-------------------|--|---|--------------------|----------------------|
| | | | Indigenous plants | Medicinal plants | Ornamental plants | Exotic plants | | | |
| | | | | | | 61. <i>Lagerstroemia speciosa</i> (L.) Pers. | Lythraceae | | |
| | | | | | | 62. <i>Magnolia hodgsonii</i> (Hook.f. & Thomson) H.Keng syn. <i>Talauma hodgsonii</i> Hook.f. & Thomson | Magnoliaceae | | |
| | | | | | | 63. <i>Michelia champaca</i> L. syn. <i>Magnolia champaca</i> (L.) Baill. ex Pierre | | | |
| | | | | | | 64. <i>Berrya cordifolia</i> (Willd.) Burret Syn. <i>Berrya ammonilla</i> Roxb. | Malvaceae/ Tiliaceae | | |
| | | | | | | 65. <i>Grewia asiatica</i> L. | Malvaceae | | |
| | | | | | | 66. <i>Sterculia foetida</i> L | Malvaceae/ Sterculiaceae | | |
| | | | | | | 67. <i>Mameydon umbellatum</i> Brum. f. | Melastomaceae | | |
| | | | | | | 68. <i>Aphananixis polystachya</i> (Wall.) R.Parker | Meliaceae | | |
| | | | | | | 69. <i>Aphananixis polystachya</i> (Wall.) R.Parker | | | |
| | | | | | | 70. <i>Melia azedarach</i> L. | | | |
| | | | | | | 71. <i>Swietenia macrophylla</i> King. | | | |
| | | | | | | 72. <i>Swietenia mahagoni</i> (L.) Jacq. | | | |
| | | | | | | 73. <i>Albizia lebeck</i> (L.) Benth. | Mimosoidae/ Leguminosae | | |
| | | | | | | 74. <i>Albizia saman</i> (Jacq.) Merr. Syn. <i>Samanea saman</i> (Jacq.) Merr. | | | |
| | | | | | | 75. <i>Artocarpus heterophyllus</i> Lam. | Moraceae | | |
| | | | | | | 76. <i>Artocarpus lacucha</i> Buchanan-Hamilton ex D. Don Syn. <i>Artocarpus lakoocha</i> Roxb. | | | |
| | | | | | | 77. <i>Ficus benghalensis</i> L. | | | |
| | | | | | | 78. <i>Ficus bengalensis</i> , <i>Minisops elengi</i> , | | | |

| Sl No. | Name of the place | Area | Type of plantation | | | | Species name & quantity (Number of the individuals given in parenthesis) | Name of the Family | Total no. of species |
|--------|-------------------|------|--------------------|------------------|-------------------|---|--|--------------------|----------------------|
| | | | Indigenous plants | Medicinal plants | Ornamental plants | Exotic plants | | | |
| | | | | | | | (Moraceae, Sapotaceae, Euphorbiaceae, Lauraceae, Euphorbiaceae) | | |
| | | | | | | <p><i>Gelonium Sp.</i>, and <i>Lisea Glutinosa</i>, <i>Putranjiva roxverjii</i> Wall. 79. <i>Ficus racemosa</i> L. syn. <i>Ficus glomerata</i> Roxb. 80. <i>Ficus religiosa</i>/ <i>F. benghalensis</i> 81. <i>Streblus asper</i> Lour.</p> | | | |
| | | | | | | <p>82. <i>Eucalyptus globulus</i> Labill. 83. <i>Syzygium aqueum</i> (Burm.f.) Alston 84. <i>Syzygium cumini</i> (L.) Skeels. 85. <i>Syzygium jambos</i> (L.) Alston</p> | Myrtaceae | | |
| | | | | | | 86. <i>Ochna squarrosa</i> L./ <i>Ochna jabotapita</i> L. | Ochnaceae | | |
| | | | | | | 87. <i>Averrhoa carambola</i> L. Syn. <i>Averrhoa acutangula</i> Stokes | Oxalidaceae | | |
| | | | | | | 88. <i>Erythrina variegata</i> L. syn. <i>Erythrina indica</i> Lam. | Papilionoideae/ Leguminosae | | |
| | | | | | | 89. <i>Bridelia retusa</i> (L.) A. Juss. | Phyllanthaceae | | |
| | | | | | | 90. <i>Ziziphus jujuba</i> Mill. Syn. <i>Ziziphus mauritiana</i> Lam. | Rhamnaceae | | |
| | | | | | | 91. <i>Carallia brachiata</i> (Lour.) Merr. | Rhizophoraceae | | |
| | | | | | | 92. <i>Ixora pavetta</i> Andr. Syn. <i>Ixora arborea</i> Roxb. ex Sm. | Rubiaceae | | |
| | | | | | | 93. <i>Mitragyna parvifolia</i> (Roxb.) Korth. | | | |
| | | | | | | 94. <i>Morinda tomentosa</i> B. Heyne ex Roth 95. <i>Neolamarckia cadamba</i> (Roxb.) | | | |

| SI No. | Name of the place | Area | Type of plantation | | | | Species name & quantity (Number of the individuals given in parenthesis) | Name of the Family | Total no. of species |
|--------|-------------------|------|--------------------|------------------|-------------------|---|--|--------------------|----------------------|
| | | | Indigenous plants | Medicinal plants | Ornamental plants | Exotic plants | | | |
| | | | | | | <p>Bosser</p> <p>96. <i>Aegle mernelos</i> (L.) Correa 97. <i>Citrus maxina</i> (Burm. f.) Osbeck 98. <i>Murraya paniculata</i> (L.) Jacq. Syn. <i>Murraya exotica</i> L.</p> | Rutaceae | | |
| | | | | | | <p>99. <i>Erioglossum edule</i> Blume syn. <i>Sapindus edulis</i> Aiton <i>Erioglossum edule</i> Blume 100. <i>Filicium decipiens</i> (Wight & Arn.) Thwaites 101. <i>Litchi chinensis</i> Sonn. 102. <i>Schleichera oleosa</i> (Lour.) Merr. 103. <i>Sapindus mukorossi</i> Gaertn.</p> | Sapindaceae | | |
| | | | | | | <p>104. <i>Minusops elengi</i> L. 105. <i>Manilkara zapota</i> (L.) P. Royen syn. <i>Manilkara achras</i> (Mill.) Fosberg syn. <i>Sapota achras</i> Mill. 106. <i>Malinkara hexandra</i> (Roxb.) Dubard 107. <i>Madhuca longifolia</i> var. <i>latifolia</i> (Roxb.) A. Chev. Syn. <i>Madhuca indica</i> J.F. Gmel</p> | Sapotaceae | | |
| | | | | | | <p>108. <i>Ailanthus excelsa</i> Roxb. 109. <i>Kleinhovia hospita</i> L. Syn. <i>Catimarus hospitus</i> (L.) Kuntze 110. <i>Pterospermum acerifolium</i> (L.) Willd. 111. <i>Pterospermum acerifolium</i> (L.) Willd.,</p> | Simaroubaceae Sterculiaceae | | |

| Sl No. | Name of the place | Area | Type of plantation | | | | Species name & quantity (Number of the individuals given in parenthesis) | Name of the Family | Total no. of species |
|--------|-------------------|------|--------------------|------------------|-------------------|---|---|--------------------|----------------------|
| | | | Indigenous plants | Medicinal plants | Ornamental plants | Exotic plants | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | 112. <i>Pterospermum xylocarpum</i> (Gaertn.) Oken syn. <i>Pterospermum xylocarpum</i> (Gaertn.) Santapau & Wagh 113. <i>Pterygota alata</i> (Roxb.) R.Br. Syn. <i>Sterculia alata</i> Roxb. 114. <i>Sterculia foetida</i> L. 115. <i>Symplocos racemosa</i> Roxb./ <i>Elaeocarpus floribundus</i> Blume 116. <i>Trema orientalis</i> (L.) Bl. 117. <i>Holoptelea integrifolia</i> Planch. Syn. <i>Ulmus integrifolia</i> Roxb. 118. <i>Citharexylum spinosum</i> L. Syn. <i>Citharexylum subserratum</i> Sw. 119. <i>Tectona grandis</i> L.f. | Symplococaceae Elaeocarpaceae Ulmaceae/ Cannabaceae Ulmaceae Verbanaceae | | |

6.6 Records of Plantation programmes (work in progress):

| Sl No. | Programme conducted | Date of functioning | No. of tree planted | Present status of the species | Documentation (if any) | No. of beneficiaries |
|--------|---|---------------------|---------------------|-------------------------------|------------------------|----------------------|
| | One Student one Plant' Programme every year | | | | | |

| | | | | |
|------|-----------------------------------|---|---|---|
| | Planted on Biodiversity day, 2016 | | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. <i>Couroupita guianensis</i> Aubl. 2. <i>Theobroma heterophylla</i> (DC.) Britton 3. <i>Theobroma cacao</i> L. 4. <i>Syzygium aromaticum</i> (L.) Merrill & Perry 5. <i>Pimenta dioica</i> (L.) Meer. 6. <i>Minusops elengi</i> L. 7. <i>Mesua ferrea</i> L. 8. <i>Aleurites moluccanus</i> (L.) Willd. 9. <i>Brownea coccinea</i> Jacq. 10. <i>Putranjiva roxburghii</i> Wall. 11. <i>Beninckia nicobarica</i> (Kurz) Becc. 12. <i>Roystonea regia</i> (Kunth) O.F.Cook] 13. <i>Caryota urens</i> L. 14. <i>Ixora coccinea</i> L 15. <i>Cycas circinalis</i> L. | |
| | (Planted in 2017) | <p>Lemon, Guava pear, jackfruits, jamun, coco, Kaju, Golapjam, Falsa, Safeda, Kamranga, Karamcha, Naspati, Bedana, Plum (Kul), Banana, Tamarind</p> | | Our students are getting the benefits of fruits trees |
| 2019 | Krishnasayar Eco-Garden | 05.06.2019 | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. <i>Citronella</i> 2. Palms [Foxtail palm (<i>Wodyetia bifurcata</i>), 3. Fishtail palm (<i>Caryota urens</i>) & 4. Royal palm (<i>Roystonea regia</i>)] were | |

| | | | | | |
|-----------------|------------|--|--|--|--|
| | | | <p>planted in avenues of the park.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 5. Flowering trees like <i>Spathodea campanulata</i>, 6. <i>Cassia nodosa</i>, 7. <i>Cassia javanica</i>, 8. <i>Cassia renigera</i>, 9. <i>Tabebuia chrysantha etc.</i>, 10. Betel nut (<i>Areca catechu</i>), 11. Coconut (<i>Cocos nucifera</i>), 12. Mango (<i>Mangifera indica</i>) (over varieties), 13. Amlaki (<i>Phyllanthus emblica</i>), 14. Several timber plants like Mahogini (<i>Swietenia mahogany</i>), 15. West Indian mahogany (<i>Swietenia macrophylla</i>), 16. Gamar (<i>Gmelina arborea</i>), 17. Sal (<i>Shorea robusta</i>), 18. Siris (<i>Albizia lebbek</i>), 19. Kalo Siris (<i>Albizia saman</i>) 20. Rudraksha (<i>Elaeocarpus ganitrus</i>), 21. Naglingam (<i>Couroupita guianensis</i>) 22. Nagkeshar (<i>Mesua ferrea</i>) | | |
| Golapbag Campus | 05.06.2019 | | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. <i>Polyalthia longifolia</i> were newly planted in the main avenue of Golapbag. 2. New <i>Swietenia mahogany</i> plants were planted in the gaps of Mahogany Avenue. 3. 3. Flowering plants like <i>Spathodea campanulata</i>, 4. <i>Jacaranda mimosifolia</i>, 5. <i>Oroxylum indicum</i>, 6. <i>Mesua ferrea</i>, 7. <i>Couroupita guianensis</i>, 8. <i>Nyctanthes arbour-tristis</i>, 9. <i>Grevillea robusta</i>, 10. <i>Cassia nodosa</i>, etc., were planted for beautification and diversity as well. 11. Fruit plants like <i>Psidium guajava</i>, | | |

| | | | | | | |
|--|----------------|------------|--|--|--|--|
| | | | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 12. <i>Mangifera indica</i>, 13. <i>Syzygium jambos</i>, 14. The banks of moat were covered with patches of <i>Citronella</i> grass. 15. Inside avenues were redesigned with Foxtail palm (<i>Wolffia bifurcata</i>), 16. <i>Tabebuia argentea</i>, 17. Over 500 mango plants belonging to 50 varieties and 18. 120 timber plants like <i>Tectona grandis</i>, 19. <i>Shorea robusta</i>, 20. <i>Gmelina arborea</i>, 21. <i>Swietenia macrophylla</i> 22. , <i>Swietenia malogany</i>, 23. <i>Jacaranda minosifolia</i>, 24. | | | |
| | Tarabag Campus | 05.06.2019 | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. <i>Delonix regia</i>, 2. <i>Peltophorum</i> sp., 3. <i>Brownea coecinea</i>, 4. <i>Jacaranda minosifolia</i>, 5. <i>Cassia javanica</i>, 6. <i>Cassia notosa</i>, 7. <i>Cassia renigera</i>, 8. <i>Lagerstroemia flos-reginae</i>, 9. <i>Lagerstroemia speciosa</i>, 10. <i>Minisops elengi</i>, 11. <i>Bauhinia variegata</i>, 12. <i>Plumeria</i> sp., 13. Different type of fruit plants like <i>Mangifera indica</i>, 14. <i>Psidium guajava</i>, 15. <i>Syzygium jambos</i>, 16. <i>Litchi chinensis</i>, 17. <i>Dillenia indica</i> | | | |
| | Anand bag | 05.06.2019 | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. <i>Cocos nucifera</i>, 2. <i>Areca</i> sp., 3. <i>Averrhoa carambola</i>, 4. <i>Musa</i> sp. (several varieties), 5. <i>Citrus</i> fruits (several varieties) | | | |

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|--|---------------------|--|--|--|---|--|--|---|
| | | | | | | | | |
| Abhay Kanan | 05.06.2019 | Including avenue trees. Besides avenue trees we have plants many fruit trees as mentioned above | | | | | | |
| World Environment Day, 2020 | 05.06.2020 | 1. Debdaru (<i>Polyalthia longifolia</i>) 2. Drooping Debdaru (<i>Polyalthia pedunculifolia</i>), 3. Coconut (<i>Cocos nucifera</i>), 4. Mango (<i>Mangifera indica</i>), 5. Kathal (<i>Artocarpus heterophyllus</i>), 6. Lichi (<i>Litchi chinensis</i>), 7. Amlaki (<i>Phyllanthus emblica</i>), 8. Mahogini (<i>Swietenia mahogany</i>), 9. West Indian mahogany (<i>Swietenia macrophylla</i>), 10. Gamar (<i>Gmelina arborea</i>), 11. Sal (<i>Shorea robusta</i>), 12. Siris (<i>Albizia lebeck</i>), 13. Kalo Siris (<i>Albizia saman</i>), 14. Naglingam (<i>Couroupita guianensis</i>) | | | 1. Mango, moringa, papaya, and banana trees that are producing food and fruit within 8-10 months of planting. 2. Lemon, guava, pear, jackfruits, jamun, coco, Kaju, Golapjam, Falsa, Safeda, Kamranga, Karamcha, Naspatti, Bedana, Plum (Kul), Banana, Tamarind (Planted in 20217) | | | Our students are getting the benefits of fruits trees |
| 05.06.2021..... | | | | | | | | |
| 05.06.2022..... | | | | | | | | |
| 05.06.2023..... | | | | | | | | |
| 23.03.204 (On the eve of 2 nd Botanical Congress and National Seminar in Botany | | 1. Xylocarpus granatum.. 2. Xylocarpus mekongensis... 3. Heritiera fomes... 4. Bruguiera gymnorrhiza; 5. | | | | | | |
| 05.06.2024 | | | | | | | | |
| Seed Research Farm [(CRSMF(2016-2021)] | Throughout the year | Other germplasm introduced and maintained in the Seed Research Farm (CRSMF), The University of Burdwan from 2016-2021 | | | | | | |
| | | 1. Paddy germplasm Varieties from different sources* A. Traditional Rice varieties: Adansilpa, Asinlaya, Badsha, Bahurupi, Banskati, Bharati, Bhimsal, Bhudeb, Black-rice, | | | | | | Local people, farmers of Burdwan District and surrounding |

| | | | | | | | | |
|--|--|--|---|--|--|--|--|-------|
| | | | | | | | | areas |
| | | | <p>Champakhusi, Chandrakanta, Chandrakanti, Chaturmukhi, Dadkhani, Dadsal, Danaguri, Dangapatani, Dharansal, Dudhkalam, Dudheswar, Fulpagri, Gandheswari, Gangajali, Gokulsal, Jaladhi, Jhulur, Kabirajsal, Kartksal, Kalma, Kalamkati, Kalobhat, Kalobora, Kalo Gandheswari, Kalobyar, Kalonunia, Kalma, Kanakchur, Katksal, Katarihog, Lal Dudheswar, Langalmuthi, Lal kauka, Lokdisal, Lakhindar, Mashuri, Medhi, Mugisal, Murkimala, Nikunja, Nugem, Nugenbaro, Nc-kalma, Pankhiraj, Panati, Patnai-23, Purnendu, Raghusal, Rupsal, Sabtiri, Sankarsal, Satia, Sindurmukhi, Sitasal, Sonalu, Sorunagra, Sukhsal, Talmugur, Tusli mukul, Valki, and Vadisal etc. (71 varieties).</p> <p>B. Traditional Aromatic Rice Varieties: Badsabhog, Gandheswari, Gopalbhog, Gobindobhog, Jamainadu, Krishnabhog, Maliaphulo, Radhatilak, Randhunipegol, Sitabhog, Tulaiparaji, and Tulsihbog etc. (12 varieties).</p> | | | | | |
| | | | <p>2. High Yielding Rice varieties: GB-1, GB-3, IET 4094 (Khitish), IET 4786 (Satabdi), IET-9947 (Lalat), IET-22066 (Ajit), IR-36, MTU 1001(Vijeta), MTU 1010 (Kortondora Sannulu), MTU 1121 (Sri Dhruvi), MTU- 1153 (Chandra), MTU-1194, MTU-1210, MTU-1229, MTU 7029 (Lal Swarna), Pratiksha, Rajendra Masuri, Rani, Sahabagi, and Swarna Sub-1, etc. (20varieties).</p> | | | | | |
| | | | <p>3. Pulses and oil seeds: Mustard : B-9 (Binoy), B-54 (Agrani) Lenti-Asha, Maitree Moong- Bireswar</p> | | | | | |
| | | | <p>4. Potato: Kufi Jyoti, Kufi Chandramukhi, Kufi Himalini</p> | | | | | |

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|--|--|--|---|--|--|
| | | | <p>5. Mango germplasm: We have established a germplasm conservatory of "Mango". In the mango conservatory (Amra Kanan) we already have introduced following 60 varieties of Mango: Albina, Alfanso, Alfanso (Ratnagiri variety), Aman Dasehri, Amrapali, Anaras, Banana Mango, Blue mango, Bhastara, Bira, Baisakhi, Bimli, Biswanath, Black Mango, Bombai, Cartimon, Champa, Chandan Khosa, Chatterjee, Chausa, Dasehri, Dhubani, Fazli, Golapkhos, Hapus, Himsagar, Jambo, Jardalu, Jharhari, Kalapahar, Katamisti, Kesar, Kg Mango, Kishenbhog, Kohitoor, Kuija, Langra, Madhugulguli, Maharaj, Mallika, Megh Lonthon, Michirdana, Mohanbhog, Molamjam, Motichur, Neelam, Palmar, Piyarafuli, Pusa-Surya, Pusa-Arunima, Rajbhog, Rani, Ratna, Red Mango, Sadulla, Safeda, Sarenga, Sarikhas, Sweet Mango, Thai-Dwarf, Thai-Long, and Subamarehka, etc.</p> <p>Over 400 plants planted in CRSMF & different Locations of The University of Burdwan in last five years)</p> | | |
| | | | <p>6. Coconut germplasm: Varieties: Chinnangi, West Indian Tall, Ganga Bandham, Hazari. Over 400 plants planted in different location of the university</p> | | |
| | | | <p>7. Banana Germplasm: Varieties: Champa, Kathali, Singapuri, G-9, Red Banana (Two varieties). Maintained at CRSMF</p> | | |
| | | | <p>8. Other fruit plants: Amloki, Haritoki, Bahera, Passion fruit, Pesta, Jackfruit, Sabeda, Mahua, Jamrul, Jam, Phalsa, Guava, Plum, Litchi (Five varieties), Golapjam, Dragon fruit, Ata, Nona, Apple, Musambi, Chalta, Bedana, Papaya, Kamranga, Jalpai, Anspal, Karamcha, Cherry, Avocado, Pear;</p> | | |

5 varieties of lemon, Grape.

Annexure 6.6:
Records of plantation programmes

6.6 Records of Plantation programmes

Annexure: 6.6

| Sl No. | Programme conducted | Date of functioning | No. of tree planted | Present status of the species | Documentation (if any) | No. of beneficiaries |
|--------|---|---------------------|--|-------------------------------|------------------------|---|
| | One Student one Plant' Programme every year | | | | | |
| | Planted on Biodiversity day, 2016 | | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. <i>Couroupia guianensis</i> Aubl. 2. <i>Tabebuia heterophylla</i> (DC.) Britton 3. <i>Theobroma cacao</i> L. 4. <i>Syzygium aromaticum</i> (L.) Merrill & Perry 5. <i>Pimenta dioica</i> (L.) Meer. 6. <i>Mimusops elengi</i> L. 7. <i>Mesua ferrea</i> L. 8. <i>Aleurites moluccanus</i> (L.) Willd. 9. <i>Brownea cocquina</i> Jacq. 10. <i>Putranjiva roxburghii</i> Wall. 11. <i>Benthinckia nicobarica</i> (Kurz) Becc. 12. <i>Roystonea regia</i> (Kunth) O.F.Cook 13. <i>Caryota urens</i> L. 14. <i>Ixora cocquina</i> L 15. <i>Cycas circinalis</i> L. | | | |
| | | (Planted in 2017) | <p>Lenon, Guava pear, jackfruits, jamun, coco, Kaju, Golapjam, Falsa, Safeda, Kamranga,</p> | | | Our students are getting the benefits of fruits trees |

| | | | | | | |
|------|-------------------------|------------|--|--|--|--|
| 2019 | Krishnasayar Eco-Garden | 05.06.2019 | <p>Karamcha, Naspati, Bedana, Plum (Kul), Banana, Tamarind</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Citronella 2. Palms [Fishtail palm (<i>Wodyetia bifurcata</i>), 3. Fishtail palm (<i>Caryota urens</i>) & 4. Royal palm (<i>Roystonea regia</i>)] were planted in avenues of the park. 5. Flowering trees like <i>Spathodea campanulata</i>, 6. <i>Cassia nodosa</i>, 7. <i>Cassia javanica</i>, 8. <i>Cassia renigera</i>, 9. <i>Tabebuia chrysantha etc.</i>, 10. Betel nut (<i>Areca catechu</i>), 11. Coconut (<i>Cocos nucifera</i>), 12. Mango (<i>Mangifera indica</i>) (over varieties), 13. Amlaki (<i>Phyllanthus emblica</i>), 14. Several timber plants like Mahogani (<i>Swietenia mahogany</i>), 15. West Indian mahogany (<i>Swietenia macrophylla</i>), 16. Gamar (<i>Gmelina arborea</i>), 17. Sal (<i>Shorea robusta</i>), 18. Siris (<i>Albizia lebbek</i>), 19. Kalo Siris (<i>Albizia saman</i>) 20. Rudraksha (<i>Elaeocarpus ganitrus</i>), 21. Naglingam (<i>Couroupita guianensis</i>) 22. Nagkeshar (<i>Mesua ferrea</i>) | | | |
| | Golapbag Campus | 05.06.2019 | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. <i>Polyalthia longifolia</i> were newly planted in the main avenue of Golapbag. | | | |

| | | | | | | |
|----------------|------------|---|---|--|--|--|
| | | | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 2. New <i>Swietenia mahogany</i> plants were planted in the gaps of Mahogany Avenue. 3. Flowering plants like <i>Spathodea campanulata</i>, 4. <i>Jacaranda mimosifolia</i>, 5. <i>Oroxylum indicum</i>, 6. <i>Mesua ferrea</i>, 7. <i>Couroupia guianensis</i>, 8. <i>Nyctanthes arbour-tristis</i>, 9. <i>Grewillea robusta</i>, 10. <i>Cassia nodosa</i>, etc., were planted for beautification and diversity as well. 11. Fruit plants like <i>Psidium guajava</i>, 12. <i>Mangifera indica</i>, 13. <i>Syzygium jambos</i>, 14. The banks of moat were covered with patches of <i>Cironella</i> grass. 15. Inside avenues were redesigned with Foxtail palm (<i>Wodyetia bifurcata</i>), 16. <i>Tabebuia argentea</i>, 17. Over 500 mango plants belonging to 50 varieties and 18. 120 timber plants like <i>Tectona grandis</i>, 19. <i>Shorea robusta</i>, 20. <i>Gmelina arborea</i>, 21. <i>Swietenia macrophylla</i> 22. , <i>Swietenia mahogany</i>, 23. <i>Jacaranda mimosifolia</i>, 24. | | | |
| Tarabag Campus | 05.06.2019 | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. <i>Delonix regia</i>, 2. <i>Petalophorum</i> sp., 3. <i>Brownea coccinea</i>, 4. <i>Jacaranda mimosifolia</i>, 5. <i>Cassia javanica</i>, 6. <i>Cassia nodosa</i>, 7. <i>Cassia renigera</i>, 8. <i>Lagerstroemia flos-reginae</i>, | | | | |

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|-----------------------------|-----------------|--|---|--|---|--|---|
| | | | | <p>9. <i>Lagerstroemia speciosa</i>, 10. <i>Mimusops elengi</i>, 11. <i>Bauhinia variegata</i>, 12. <i>Plumeria</i> sp., 13. Different type of fruit plants like <i>Mangifera indica</i>, 14. <i>Psidium guajava</i>, 15. <i>Syzygium jambos</i>, 16. <i>Litchi chinensis</i>, 17. <i>Dillenia indica</i></p> | | | |
| Anand bag | 05.06.2019 | | <p>1. <i>Cocos nucifera</i>, 2. <i>Areca</i> sp., 3. <i>Averrhoa carambola</i>, 4. <i>Musa</i> sp. (several varieties), 5. <i>Citrus</i> fruits (several varieties) Including avenue trees.</p> | | | | |
| Abhay Kaian | 05.06.2019 | | Besides avenue trees we have plants many fruit trees as mentioned above | | | | |
| World Environment Day, 2020 | 05.06.2020 | | <p>1. Debdaru (<i>Polyalthia longifolia</i>) 2. Drooping Debdaru (<i>Polyalthia pedunculifolia</i>), 3. Coconut (<i>Cocos nucifera</i>), 4. Mango (<i>Mangifera indica</i>), 5. Kathal (<i>Artocarpus heterophyllus</i>), 6. Lichi (<i>Litchi chinensis</i>), 7. Amlaki (<i>Phyllanthus emblica</i>), 8. Mahogini (<i>Swietenia mahogany</i>), 9. West Indian mahogany (<i>Swietenia macrophylla</i>), 10. Gamar (<i>Gmelina arborea</i>), 11. Sal (<i>Shorea robusta</i>), 12. Siris (<i>Albizia lebeck</i>), 13. Kalo Siris (<i>Albizia saman</i>), 14. Naglingam (<i>Couroupita guianensis</i>)</p> | | <p>1. Mango, moringa, papaya, and banana trees that are producing food and fruit within 8-10 months of planting. 2. Lemon, guava, pear, jackfruits, jamun, coco, Kaju, Golapjam, Falsa, Safeda, Kamranga, Karamcha, Naspoti, Bedana, Plum (Kul), Banana, Tamarind (Planted in 20217)</p> | | Our students are getting the benefits of fruits trees |
| | 05.06.2021..... | | | | | | |
| | 05.06.2022..... | | | | | | |

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| | 05.06.2023..... | | | | |
| | 23.03.2024 (On the eve of 2 nd Botanical Congress and National Seminar in Botany | | | | |
| | 05.06.2024 | | | | |
| | Seed Research Farm [(CRSMF(2016-2021))] | Throughout the year | Other germplasm introduced and maintained in the Seed Research Farm (CRSMF), The University of Burdwan from 2016-2021 | | |
| | | | <p>1. Paddy germplasm Varieties from different sources*</p> <p>A. Traditional Rice varieties: Adansilpa, Asinlaya, Badsha, Bahurupi, Banskati, Bharati, Bhimsal, Bhudeb, Black-rice, Champakhusi, Chandrakanta, Chandrakanti, Chatuimukhi, Dadkhani, Dadsal, Danaguri, Dangapatani, Dharansal, Dudhkalam, Dudheswar, Fulpagri, Gandheswari, Gangajali, Gokulsal, Jaladhi, Jhulur, Kabirajsai, Kariksal, Kalma, Kalamkati, Kalobhat, Kalobora, Kalo Gandheswari, Kalobyar, Kalounia, Kalma, Kanakchur, Kaiksal, Kararibhog, Lal Dudheswar, Langalmuthi, Lal kauka, Lokdisal, Lakhindar, Mashuri, Medhi, Mugisai, Murkimala, Nikunja, Nugem, Nugenbaro, Ne-kalma, Pankhiraj, Panati, Patnai-23, Purnendu, Raghusal, Rupsal, Sabitri, Sankarsal, Satia, Sindurmukhi, Sitasal, Sonalu, Sorunagra, Sukhsal, Talmugur, Tusli mukul, Valki, and Vadisal etc. (71 varieties).</p> <p>B. Traditional Aromatic Rice Varieties:</p> | | |
| | | | | | Local people, farmers of Burdwan District and surrounding areas |

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| | | | | <p>Pusa-Arunima, Rajbhog, Rani, Ratna, Red Mango, Sadulla, Safeda, Sarenga, Sarikhas, Sweet Mango, Thai-Dwarf, Thai-Long, and Subarnachka, etc. Over 400 plants planted in CRSMF & different Locations of The University of Burdwan in last five years)</p> | | | |
| | | | | <p>6. Coconut germplasm: Varieties: Chinnangi, West Indian Tall, Ganga Bandham, Hazari. Over 400 plants planted in different location of the university</p> | | | |
| | | | | <p>7. Banana Germplasm: Varieties: Champa, Kathali, Singapuri, G-9, Red Banana (Two varieties). Maintained at CRSMF</p> | | | |
| | | | | <p>8. Other fruit plants: Amloki, Harioki, Bahera, Passion fruit, Pesta, Jackfruit, Sabeda, Mahua, Jamrul, Jam, Phalsa, Guava, Plum, Litchi (Five varieties), Golajiam, Dragon fruit, Ata, Nona, Apple, Musambi, Chalta, Bedana, Papaya, Kamranga, Jalpai, Anspahal, Karamcha, Cherry, Avocado, Pear, 5 varieties of lemon, Grape.</p> | | | |

