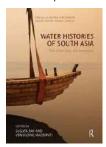
Chapter



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The case of Chandernagore

By Gopa Samanta (/search?contributorName=Gopa Samanta&contributorRole=author&redirectFromPDP=true&context=ubx), Malay Ganguli (/search?contributorName=Malay Ganguli&contributorRole=author&redirectFromPDP=true&context=ubx)

Book Water Histories of South Asia (https://www.taylorfrancis.com/books/mono/10.4324/9780429242694/water-histories-south-asia?refld=8d78f4ad-ed4b-4488-9421-81c4cc6312de&context=ubx).

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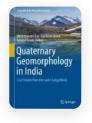
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Imprints of Neo-tectonism in the Evolutionary Record Along the Course of Khari River in Damodar Fan Delta of Lower Ganga Basin

| Chapter | First Online: 20 May 2018

pp 105–126 | Cite this chapter



Quaternary Geomorphology in India

Suman Deb Barman, Aznarul Islam ☑, Balai Chandra Das, Sunipa Mandal & Subodh Chandra
Pal

Part of the book series: Geography of the Physical Environment ((GEOPHY))

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Abstract

Neo-tectonism affected the evolution of landscape across the earth since post-Miocene. The Khari river in Lower Damodar fan delta in West Bengal similarly portrayed the imprints of

Stolum HH (2013) In: Richeson D (ed) The geometry of meandering rivers. Internet: www.divisbyzero.com-1490x718

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Department of Geological Sciences, Jadavpur University, Kolkata, India Sunipa Mandal

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Ecological and Socio-Economic Vulnerability to Climate Change in Some Selected *Mouzas* of Gosaba Block, the Sundarbans

| Chapter | First Online: 01 November 2020

| pp 105–129 | Cite this chapter



Global Geographical Heritage, Geoparks and Geotourism

Nabanita Mukherjee 🔀 & Giyasuddin Siddique

Part of the book series: Advances in Geographical and Environmental Sciences ((AGES))

6 62 Accesses **6 1** Citations

Abstract

This paper is an attempt to recognize ecological and socio-economic vulnerability to climate change in some selected *mouzas* of Gosaba Block, Indian Sundarbans. Ecological vulnerability has been identified by intensive studies on plant morphology (plant height,

Yuehong Z, Shaohong WU, Erfu DAI et al (2008) Identification and categorization of climate change risks. Chin Geogr Sci 18(3):268–275. https://doi.org/10.1007/s11769-008-0268-1

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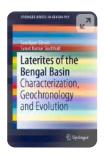
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Laterites of the Bengal Basin

Characterization, Geochronology and Evolution

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Overview

Authors: Sandipan Ghosh, Sanat Kumar Guchhait

Includes age determination and geo-chronology of laterites

Defines and classifies laterites according to many criteria with field litho-sections Includes a special chapter on the theories of lateritisation and laterite genesis with diagrams

Emphasizes the evolution of laterites in palaeography with maps

Part of the book series: SpringerBriefs in Geography (BRIEFSGEOGRAPHY)



About the authors

Sandipan Ghosh is an Applied Geographer with post–graduate, M.Phil. and Ph. D. degrees in Geography from The University of Burdwan. He has published more than 40 international and national research papers in various renowned geography and geoscience journals.

He has authored a book entitled *Flood Hydrology and Risk Assessment: Flood Study in a Dam-Controlled River of India*. He has co-edited two books, entitled as '*Neo-Thinking on Ganges-Brahmaputra Basin Geomorphology'* and '*Quaternary Geomorphology in India'* which are published in the Springer Geography book series.

In addition he has reviewed articles of many international geoscience journals published by Springer, Taylor & Francis, and the International Water Association (IWM). Mr. Ghosh is a lifetime member of The International Association of Hydrological Sciences (IAHS), Eastern Geographical Society (EGS), and Indian Geographical Foundation (IGF).

His principal research fields are various dimensions of fluvial geomorphology, flood geomorphology, Quaternary geology, and laterite study. Most recent he has worked on the gully geomorphology and soil erosion on the lateritic terrain of West Bengal and the Quaternary geology and active tectonics of the western Bengal Basin. At present he is working an Assistant Professor at the Department of Geography, Chandrapur College, Purba Barddhaman.

Sanat Kumar Guchhait is an Applied Geographer with post–graduate and Ph.D. degrees from The University of Burdwan, West Bengal, India. He has published three books and more than 30 research articles in various international and national journals of geography. His principal research field includes social

geography, environmental geography and applied geomorphology. Seven research scholars are completed their Ph.D. under his supervision. Currently,he is working as a Professor in the Department of Geography, The University of Burdwan (Barddhaman, West Bengal).

Bibliographic Information

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Decentralized Governance Versus State Dependence: Financial Challenges and Participatory Development in Small Cities of West Bengal

| Chapter | First Online: 11 February 2020

pp 321–336 | Cite this chapter



Urban and Regional Planning and Development

Gopa Samanta 🗹

Abstract

The urban planning regime in Independent India started with the Master plan and the Town and Country Planning Act (1947), and continued for decades with an overwhelming importance on large and metropolitan cities. In the 1980s, the emphasis on urban planning and development experienced a shift from large cities to small and medium cities following the Integrated Development of Small and Medium Towns (IDSMT) Program launched in

Sridhar KS (2007) Reforming delivery of urban services in developing countries. Economic and Political Weekly 42(33):3404–3413

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Negotiating Terrain in Local Governance

Freedom, Functioning and Barriers of Women Councillors in India

| Book | © 2020

Overview

Authors: Riya Banerjee, Gopa Samanta

Explores the complexity around women's position in politics and governance Based on empirical research in four cities in West Bengal, India Highlights stories of women who have risen to power

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Women and Men Councillors: Comparison of Functioning

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Citizens' Perceptions and Assessment: Gender Matters

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About the authors

Gopa Samanta works as Professor at the Department of Geography, The University of Burdwan. Currently she is also in additional charge of Director, UGC-HRDC, The University of Burdwan. Her research interests cut across the fields of Urban, Gender, and Water. She has carried out research in Eastern India with interdisciplinary methodologies and collaborative research team under the financial assistance from different national and international institutions such as the ICSSR, Ford Foundation, World Bank, Australia India Institute and INR-France, IRD-France. As a geographer, she has passion for undertaking in-depth and field-based empirical research. She acted as the 'Gender Chair' of the Paris Sorbonne University, France in 2016. She was visiting fellow at Paris Diderot University, France (May-June 2018), Australian National University, Australia (May 2018 and October-November-December 2004) and French Institute of Pondicherry (October 2005 and October 2006), India. Her co-authored bookDancing with the River: People and Life on the Chars of South Asia has been published from Yale University Press. She has contributed immensely through publishing journal articles and book chapters. She acts as peer reviewer of articles in academically acclaimed journals such as Community Development Journal, Development in Practice, ACME: An International E-Journal for Critical Geographies, Economic and Political Weekly, Contemporary South Asia, Local Environment, Built Environment etc. Her detailed profile on teaching and research are available at the Burdwan University website. She is dedicated to disseminate the knowledge of Social science in general and Geography in particular beyond the classroom and academic community. To reach the wider audience, she contributes highly to popular writing in provincial language through news articles and other popular magazine articles in Bengali. She is passionate in mentoring PhD students coming from peripheral locations. Riva Banerjee was a Research Fellow in the Department of Geography, The University of Burdwan for five years ending in 2018. Presently, she is posted as a Sub-Inspector of Schools under School Education Department, Government of West Bengal, India. Her research interests are in the fields of Gender studies, Urban and

Environmental studies. She has carried out her research on women in Local Governance for more than five years and recently has been awarded Ph.D. in 2019. She has presented research papers in different national and international seminars and conferences. She has publications in National and International Journals and in edited volumes as book chapters. Besides writing in English, she has also written in Bengali and in popular magazines to reach out common people outside academia.

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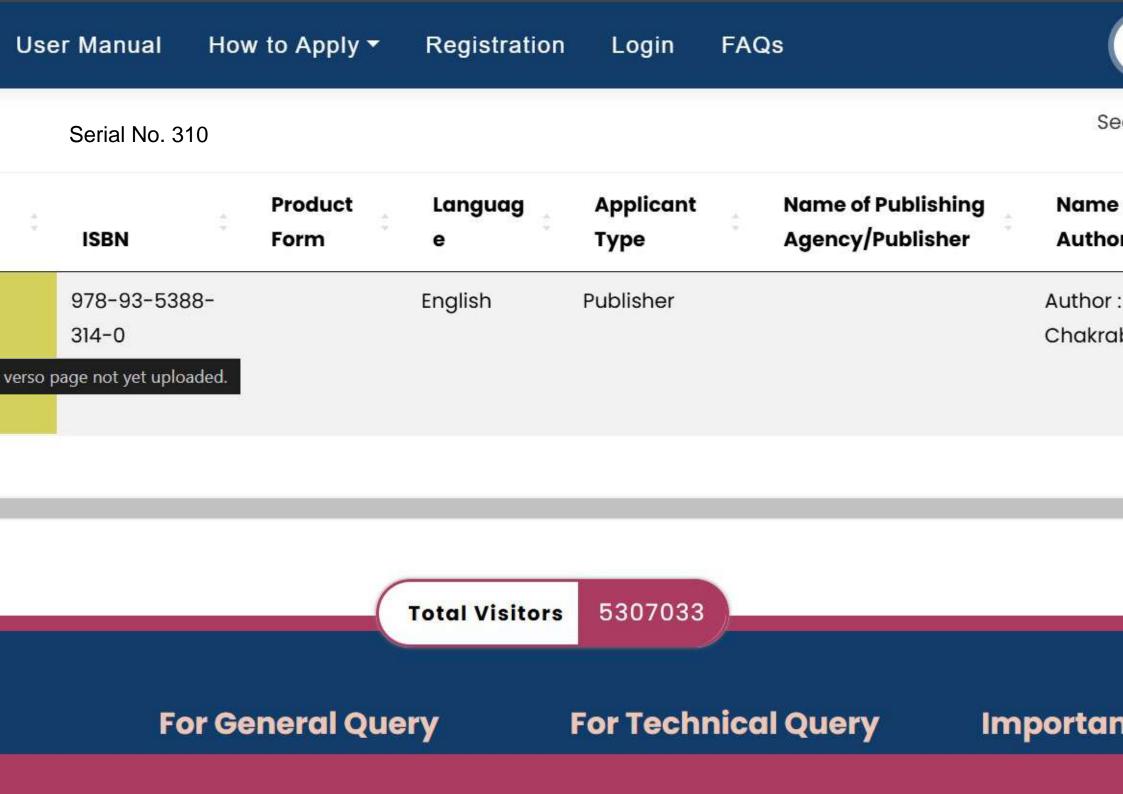
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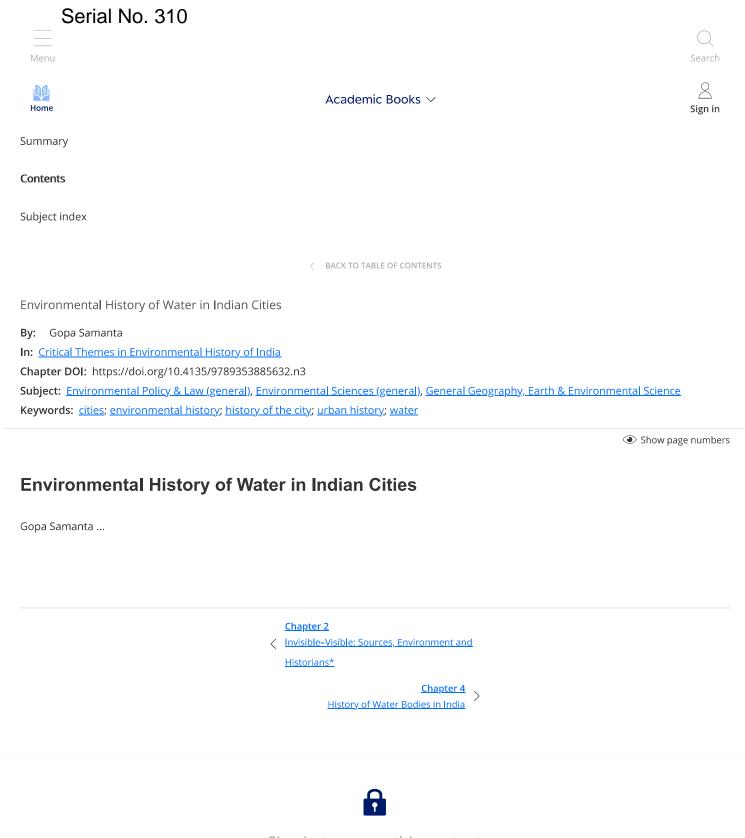
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The Experience of Suburban Rail Commuting



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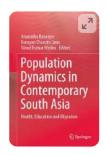
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Population Dynamics in Contemporary South Asia

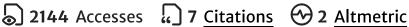
Health, Education and Migration

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Overview

Editors: Anuradha Banerjee, Narayan Chandra Jana, Vinod Kumar Mishra

Provides a comprehensive review of population research in South Asia Discusses demographic and economic changes in India, Nepal and Bangladesh Promotes a fresh understanding of contemporary population issues Explains the prospective impacts of demographic changes





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Indian Institute of Dalit Studies, New Delhi, India
Vinod Kumar Mishra

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Dr. Vinod Kumar Mishra is an Assistant Professor, IIDS, New Delhi. He has a Ph.D. from Jawaharlal Nehru University, New Delhi, with specialization in population geography. He has published numerous journal articles and book chapters. His main research areas are urbanization, poverty, health, social exclusion, and social protection programmes. He is the managing editor of the *Journal of Social Inclusion Studies*.

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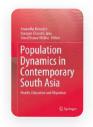
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Trend and Pattern of Infant Mortality in West Bengal, India: A Critical Appraisal

| Chapter | First Online: 17 March 2020

pp 111–131 | Cite this chapter



<u>Population Dynamics in</u> Contemporary South Asia

Narayan Chandra Jana & Syfujjaman Tarafder

118 Accesses 11 Citations

Abstract

Infant mortality is defined as the number of infant deaths (one year of age or younger) per 1000 live births. It is a widely used indicator of the total health condition of a community and its general living standard because the causes for infant mortality lie in the stage of social and cultural development of the community.

Serial No. 313 Department of Geography, The University of Burdwan, Purba Bardhaman, West Bengal, India Narayan Chandra Jana Gour Mahavidyalaya, Malda, West Bengal, India Syfujjaman Tarafder **Editor information Editors and Affiliations** School of Social Sciences, Jawaharlal Nehru University, New Delhi, Delhi, India Anuradha Banerjee Department of Geography, The University of Burdwan, Barddhaman, West Bengal, India Narayan Chandra Jana Indian Institute of Dalit Studies, New Delhi, Delhi, India Vinod Kumar Mishra **Appendix** See Tables 1, 2, 3 and 4. Table 1 IMR by states including India, 2009

Table 2 IMR, West Bengal, 1992-2009

Table 3 Demographic and health indicators by districts, West Bengal, 2002–2004

Table 4 Infant mortality by background characteristics, West Bengal 2005-06

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| Chapter | First Online: 22 October 2020

pp 293–307 | Cite this chapter



Habitat, Ecology and Ekistics

N. C. Jana & Manas Pal

Part of the book series: Advances in Asian Human-Environmental Research ((AAHER))

236 Accesses

Abstract

The ever-increasing population pressure on land is raising the issue of management and development of degraded wastelands and the optimal utilization of land potentiality. The

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Transformation of Forested Landscape in Bengal Duars: A Geospatial Approach

| Chapter | First Online: 09 October 2020

pp 553-566 | Cite this chapter



<u>Spatial Modeling in Forest</u> <u>Resources Management</u>

Koyel Sam 🔀 & Namita Chakma

Part of the book series: Environmental Science and Engineering ((ESE))

695 Accesses 11 Citations

Abstract

The Bengal Duars, a landscape of foothill ecology in Eastern Himalaya asherb of rich biodiversity with unique physiography and climate. This landscape is now tremendously under threat disrupting by natural as well as anthropogenic activities. The recent phase of transformation of forest cover caused by illegal felling, encroachment, mining, quarrying

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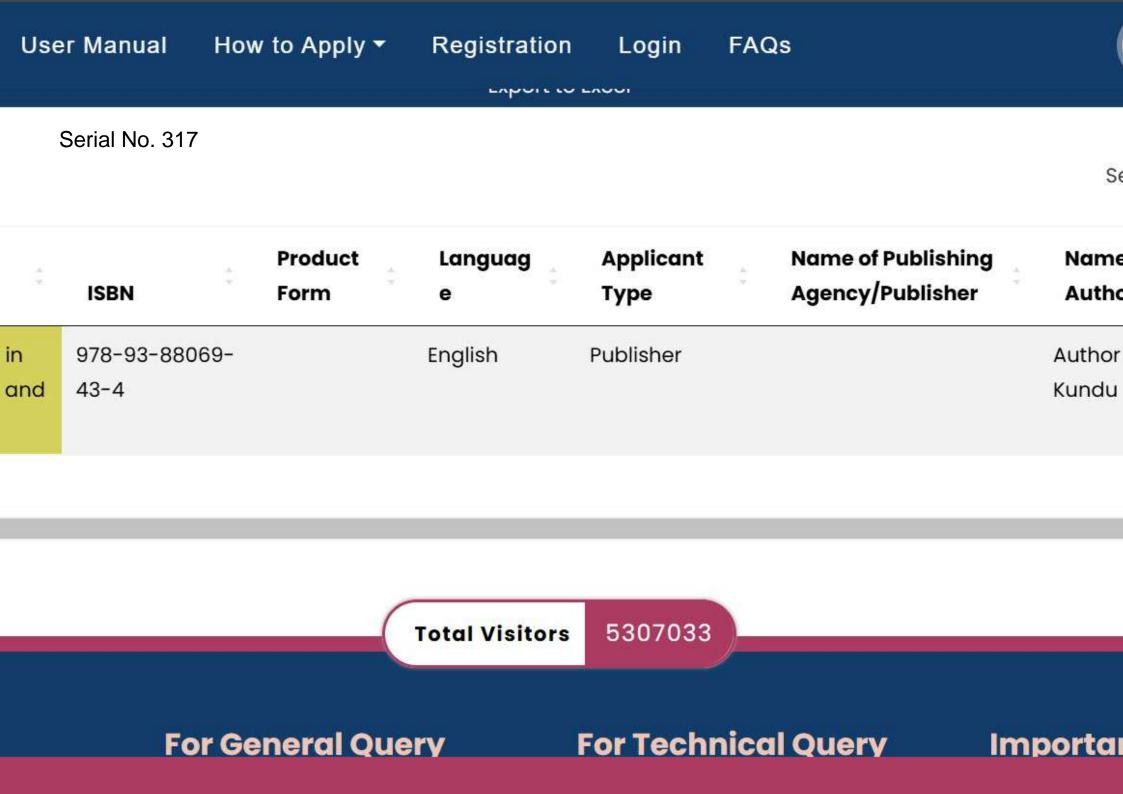
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Non-Timber Forest Products Based Household Industries and Rural Economy—A Case Study of Jaypur Block in Bankura District, West Bengal (India)

| Chapter | First Online: 09 October 2020

| pp 505–528 | Cite this chapter



Spatial Modeling in Forest

Resources Management

Debmita Nandi 🖸 & Sumana Sarkar

Part of the book series: Environmental Science and Engineering ((ESE))

685 Accesses 2 Citations

Abstract

Among the 22 blocks of the Bankura district, the Jaypur block occupies first position (5.81%, 2011) in the household industry sector which is also higher than district average (4.18%,

Tewari DD, Campbell JY (1995) Developing and sustaining non-timber forest products: some policy issues and concerns, India. J Sustain Forest 3(1):53–79

Article Google Scholar

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| Chapter | First Online: 20 November 2019

pp 147–161 | Cite this chapter



<u>Gully Erosion Studies from India</u> and Surrounding Regions

Asish Saha, Manoranjan Ghosh & Subodh Chandra Pal

Part of the book series: Advances in Science, Technology & Innovation ((ASTI))

639 Accesses 20 Citations

Abstract

The lateritic region of the Birbhum District of West Bengal is part of the low-level unconsolidated erosional deposits from the eastern Chotanagpur plateau. Topographically, the region is the part of the 'Rarh Plain' of western West Bengal. A localized badland, namely

Walling DE (1983) The sediment delivery problem. J Hydrol 65:209–237

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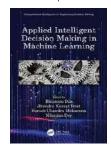
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Chapter



Development of Hybrid Computational Approaches for Landslide Susceptibility Mapping Using Remotely Sensed Data in East Sikkim, India

By Indrajit Chowdhuri (/search?contributorName=Indrajit Chowdhuri&contributorRole=author&redirectFromPDP=true&context=ubx), Paramita Roy (/search?contributorName=Paramita Roy&contributorRole=author&redirectFromPDP=true&context=ubx), Rabin Chakrabortty (/search?contributorName=Rabin Chakrabortty&contributorRole=author&redirectFromPDP=true&context=ubx), Subodh Chandra Pal (/search?contributorName=Subodh Chandra Pal&contributorRole=author&redirectFromPDP=true&context=ubx), Biswajit Das (/search?contributorName=Biswajit Das&contributorRole=author&redirectFromPDP=true&context=ubx), Sadhan Malik (/search?contributorName=Sadhan Malik&contributorRole=author&redirectFromPDP=true&context=ubx)

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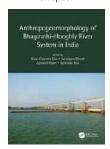


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Anthropogenic Impact on Channel and Extra-Channel Geomorphology of the Dwarkeswar River Basin

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Machine Learning for Intelligent Decision Science

Paramita Roy, Rabin Chakrabortty, Indrajit Chowdhuri, Sadhan Malik, Biswajit Das & Subodh

<u>Chandra Pal</u> <u></u>

Part of the book series: Algorithms for Intelligent Systems ((AIS))

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Abstract

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Assessment of Forest Cover Dynamics using Forest Canopy Density Model in Sali River Basin: A Spill Channel of Damodar River

| Chapter | First Online: 09 October 2020

pp 365–384 | Cite this chapter



Spatial Modeling in Forest Resources Management

<u>Asish Saha, Manoranjan Ghosh, Subodh Chandra Pal</u> <u></u>, <u>Indrajit Chowdhuri, Rabin</u> Chakrabortty, Paramita Roy, Biswajit Das & Sadhan Malik

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Abstract

In a spatio-temporal scale, changing conditions of forest land cover and its detection study is an important concern for sustainable forest management. Nowadays, the forest canopy Zhang X, Friedl MA, Schaaf CB, Strahler AH, Hodges JCF, Gao F, Huete A (2003) Monitoring vegetation phenology using MODIS. Remote Sens Environ 84:471–475

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Mathematical modelling of long profiles in a tectonically active area: Observations from the DEM-based geomorphometry of the Rangit River, India

Sayantan Das^{§1}, Lopamudra Roy¹, Arindam Sarkar², Somasis Sengupta³

- ¹ Department of Geography, Dum Dum Motijheel College, Kolkata
- ² Department of Geography, P.K.H.N. Mahavidyalaya, Howrah
- ³ Department of Geography, The University of Burdwan
 § savantdas@gmail.com

Abstract—The longitudinal profile of a river is one of the most popular indicators for assessing the degree of tectonic and structural control in a fluvial system. Sensitive to long-term tectonic, structural and climatic regimes, long profiles have been employed all over the globe and the anomalies in the long profiles are often been interpreted as evidence of active tectonic deformation. With the advent of high-resolution DEM datasets such as, SRTM, ASTER, etc. many large rivers of the world have been studied and analysed with respect to structure and tectonics. The present study is one such attempt for the Himalayan Rangit River in Eastern India. Physiographically located in the Eastern Himalayan Division of the Himalayas, this river is a small, steep-gradient tributary of the Tista River, debouching its waters into the Tista River near Melli (27°04'47"N, 88°25'56"E). SRTM DEM (30 m) was procured for the study area and the drainage network and the watersheds of the major tributaries as well as the trunk stream were extracted using the D8 routine in ArcGIS environment. The long profiles were smoothened by the 11-point Moving Average method so as to remove all the major artefacts and spikes that may have arisen due to the inherent limitations in the SRTM dataset. This was followed by mathematical modelling of long profiles and estimation of the SL Index. Steep segments in the rivers were identified by normalizing the SL Indices and comparing with the average SL index. Finally, the shape of the long profiles was quantified from the power law regression equation between basin area and channel slope.

Analysis of the long profiles of the Rangit River and its major tributaries reveals elevated magnitudes of most of the long profile parameters suggesting intense erosional regimes in the rivers. It is a well-known fact that the Himalayas are under active tectonic movement due to continuous collision of the Indian plate with the Eurasian landmass. Therefore, it may be concluded that the anomalous characteristics of the long profiles in the Rangit River and its tributaries may be ascribed to active tectonic deformation.

I. Introduction

Fluvial systems are characterized by extreme sensitivity of landscape. Any change in the prevailing climatic and tectonic conditions is invariably reflected by the changes in the river morphology and form. These changes are often difficult to comprehend at shorter spatial and temporal scales. Therefore, longitudinal profiles which take into consideration a river from its source to the mouth, is often used as proxies for ascertaining the degree of lithological, structural and tectonic control on the rivers [1,3,7,8,11,13,19]. The shape and form of the longitudinal profile of a river is result of the complex interplay between lithology, structure, tectonics, climate and catchment hydrology [11,14].

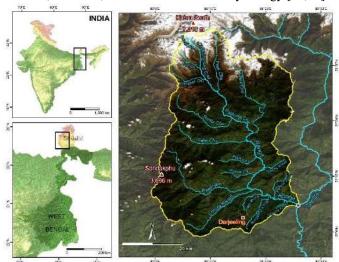


Figure 1. The Rangit Basin (delineated by yellow) along with its principal stream and tributary. The asymmetric basin is characterized by greater number of tributaries on the western side (right bank of the main channel).

Sayantan Das, Lopamudra Roy, Arindam Sarkar and Somasis Sengupta (2020)

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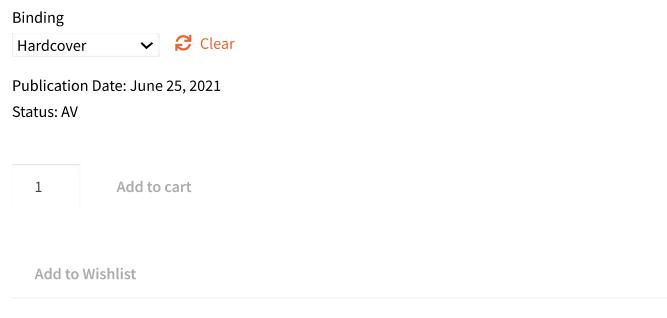






with the launch of imaging satellites in the 1970s. However, few studies have been reported to understand the core science and research basics, as there are larger issues of capacity building to use geo-information technology in sustainable development and management of earth resources. There is also a fundamental gap between the theoretical concepts and the operational use of these advanced tools. This could be resolved by providing a broad range of applications of this technology to the scientific and research community in the field of geospatial technologies and allied subjects.

This book, entitled "Geo-Information Technology in Earth Resources Monitoring and Management," deals with the challenges for sustainable management and development of earth resources with a focus on India and other countries around the world. The chapters are written by prominent academicians, researchers, and experts in the field of geo-information technology and related subjects. This book is a collection of chapters providing a multi-disciplinary overview for academicians, researchers, scientists, administrators, policymakers, social scientists, and professionals involved in the various aspects of earth resources development, planning, and management. The aim of this book is to replenish the gap in the available literature on the subject by bringing together the concepts, theories, and experiences of specialists and professionals in this field.



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| Chapter | First Online: 11 April 2021

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Water Science and Sustainability

N. C. Jana 🔀 & Soumen Mand	lal
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Part of the book series: Sustainable Development Goals Series ((SDGS))

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Abstract

Flood is one of the most dreadful natural disasters in the humid tropics especially in India. It appears from the research studies and government reports that the Mundeswari (the main distributary of River Damodar) and Lower Darakeswar are the endemic flood-prone tropical

Chandra S (2003) India: flood management-Damodar river basin. In: WMO/GWP associated programme on flood management symposium

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Mukhopadhyay S (2010) A Geo-environmental assessment of flood dynamics in lower Ajoy River including sand-splay problem in Eastern India. Ethiopean J Environ Stud Manag 3(2):96–110

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Changing Rainfall Patterns and Their Linkage to Floods in Bhagirathi-Hooghly Basin, India: Implications for Water Resource Management

| Chapter | First Online: 11 April 2021

pp 169–181 | Cite this chapter



Water Science and Sustainability

N. C. Jana , Sujay Bandyopadhyay, Prasanta Kumar Ghosh & Ritendu Mukhopadhyay

Part of the book series: Sustainable Development Goals Series ((SDGS))

347 Accesses 1 1 Citations

Abstract

The present study provides a synoptic view of recent changes in the patterns of rainfall and their linkages to extreme floods in Bhagirathi-Hooghly Basin (BHB). The objectives are: (a) to obtain a better understanding of long-term and short-term trends and variations in

Department of Geography, The University of Burdwan, Golapbag, Barddhaman, 713 104, West Bengal, India

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